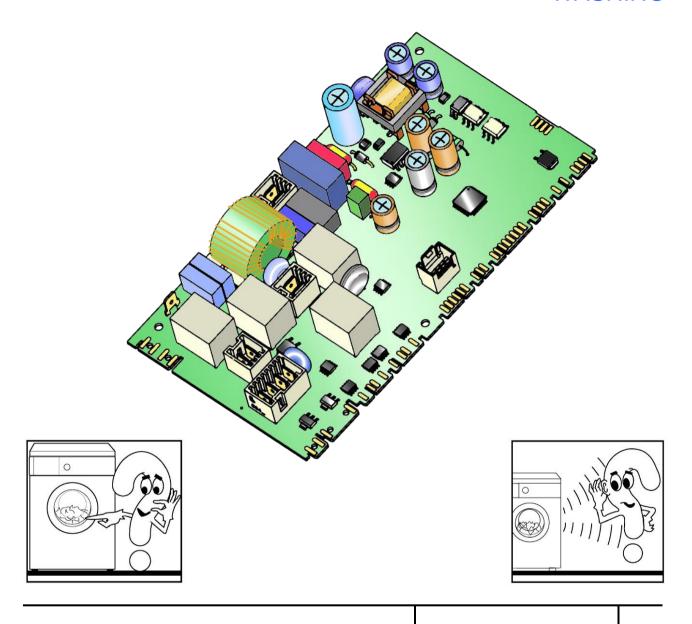


## **SERVICE MANUAL**

## **WASHING**



© ELECTROLUX HOME PRODUCTS Customer Care - EMEA Training and Operations Support Technical Support

Publication number

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ΕN

guide to diagnostics of electronic controls

**Washing machines** 

EWM10931

THE INSPIRATION RANGE

**TC4 / TC3** 

G50XXL

Edition: 05-2012

Guide to diagnostics of electronic controls EWM10931

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#### 1 INTRODUCTION

#### 1.1 Purpose of this manual

The purpose of this manual is to explain, simply and schematically, the steps a Technician must take when faced with the problems indicated by the various alarm codes on appliances with electronic control in the EWM10931 series.

Depending on the appliance configuration, the alarms may be entirely or partially displayed to the user: the latter solution is usually adopted.

The diagnostics system is used by Service Technicians to:

- Read alarms
- delete the alarm stored,
- Test the appliance operation.

#### 1.2 Cautions

- Any work on electrical appliances must only be carried out by qualified personnel.
- Before servicing an appliance, check the efficiency of the electrical system in the home using appropriate instruments. For example: refer to the indications provided/illustrated in the <<metratester>> course at the address (<a href="http://electrolux.edvantage.net">http://electrolux.edvantage.net</a>) on the Electrolux Learning Gateway portal.

When the work is finished check that the equipment's safety conditions have been reinstated, as though it were straight off the assembly line.

- If the circuit board has to be handled/replaced, use the ESD kit (Cod. 405 50 63-95/4) to avoid static electricity from damaging the circuit board, see S.B. No. 599 72 08-09 or consult the course "Electrostatic charges" at the address (http://electrolux.edvantage.net) on the Electrolux Learning Gateway portal.
- This platform is not fitted with an ON/OFF switch. Before you access internal components, take the plug out of the socket to cut the power supply.



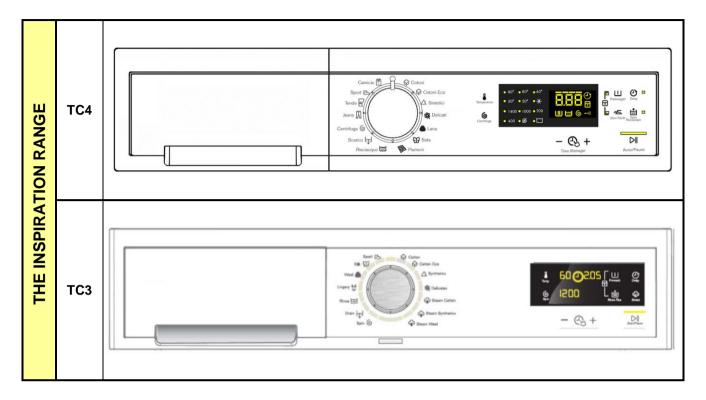
- Make resistance measurements, rather than direct voltage and current measurements
- Warning the sensors located on the display board could be at a potential of 220 Volts.
- When replacing the heating element, replace it with one that has the same characteristics (2 thermal fuses) in order not to compromise the safety of the appliance. Do not remove/switch the NTC sensors between heating elements.
- Always empty the appliance of all the water before laying it on its side.
- Never place the appliance on its right side (electronic control system side): some
  of the water in the detergent dispenser could leak onto the electrical/electronic
  components and cause these to burn.
- When replacing components, please refer to the code shown in the list of spare parts relating to the appliance.
- The resistance values of the components shown in this S.M. are purely indicative (relating to a sample appliance with new components).
  For the actual value of the component, please refer:
  to S.B. 599706597 for motors, and for the other components, please consult S.M.
  599728903 "Component Characteristics".

## 1.3 How to proceed

- 1. Identify the type of control in question (pag 7) and access the diagnostic cycle (see page 8)
- 2. Read the alarm stored (page 13) and consult the instructions regarding the "alarm codes", page 14÷18
- 3. Delete the alarms stored (page 13)
- **4.** If you are unable to access the diagnostic mode, consult the chapter entitled "The diagnostics system cannot be accessed". **(page 19)**
- 5. Should the main electronic circuit board need to be replaced, make sure there are no burns. (See page 72)
- **6.** After all intervention, check the appliance is operating correctly using the diagnostic cycle **(pag.9)**
- 7. Delete any alarm that may have been stored during the diagnostics operations (pag.13)

## 2 WM APPLIANCE CONTROL PANELS

These are the stylings available at the time of printing of this Service Manual. Others may be developed in future.



## 3 PROGRAMMING/UPDATING THE MAIN CIRCUIT BOARD

In the Service Notes the main circuit board (587) is identified with two spare parts codes:



- ♥ Code 973 914... identifies the pre-programmed board.
- ♦ Code 132... identifies the unprogrammed board.

The circuit board can be programmed/updated using the **Sidekick** application.

For further information, please refer to the instructions provided/illustrated in the course entitled << **Guide to Sidekick** >> at the address (<a href="http://electrolux.edvantage.net">http://electrolux.edvantage.net</a>) on the Electrolux Learning Gateway portal.

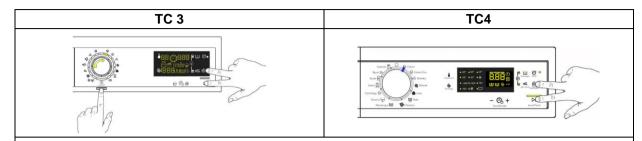
To update/program the main board, insert the **Sidekick** connector in the position shown by the red arrow:



#### 4 DIAGNOSTICS SYSTEM

#### 4.1 Accessing diagnostics

The operations listed below must be carried out within 7 seconds.



#### Do not start the procedure with your fingers over the combination sensors

- Switch on the appliance using the ON/OFF button. The first LED lights up.
- 2. Simultaneously press the **START/PAUSE** button and the nearest **option sensor** (as shown in the diagram).
- 3. Hold your fingers over the sensors until the LEDs and symbols begin to flash in sequence (approximately 3 seconds).

In the first position, the operation of the sensors, the LEDs and the groups of symbols shown on the LCD display is checked;

When the programme selector is turned in a **clockwise direction**, the operation of the various components is diagnosed and the alarms are read (see diagnostic test on the next page).

- 1. Set the selector dial to position 0 (zero).
- 2. Rotate the programme selector by **one position clockwise.**
- 3. Simultaneously press the **START/PAUSE** button and the nearest **option sensor** (as shown in the diagram).
- 4. Keep your fingers above the sensors until the LEDs and display symbols start flashing.

In the first position, the operation of the buttons and the related LEDs is checked; turning the programme selector dial **clockwise** runs the diagnostic cycle for the operation of the various components and reads any alarms.

#### 4.2 Quitting the diagnostics system

- → **TC4 Styling**: Exit the diagnostic system by turning the knob to 0 (zero).
- → TC3 Styling: Exit the diagnostic system by turning the appliance off using the ON/OFF push button.

If "ELE" (electricity trials) appears on the screen when you turn the appliance on, repeat the operation of turning it off and on.

## 4.3 Phases of the diagnostics test

Irrespective of the type of PCB and the configuration of the programme selector, after entering the diagnostic mode, turn the programme selector dial **clockwise** to perform the diagnostic cycle for the operation of the various components and to read any alarms.

Concurrently, a selector control code is shown on the LCD display, which indicates for **two** seconds the description in the last column of the table below. (all alarms are enabled in the diagnostic cycle).

Selector position		Components activated	Working conditions	Function tested	LCD display
1	TC 3  13 14 12 3 11 10 9 8 7  TC 4 13 11 12 3 11 14 10 9 8 7  TC 4 13 11 10 9 8 7	<ul> <li>The LEDs, groups of symbols in the LCD screen and the backlight of the display are turned on in sequence.</li> <li>Touch a sensor to turn on the group of icons in the LCD screen or the corresponding LED and the buzzer sounds at the same time.</li> </ul>	Always active	User interface functioning	
2	TC 3  13 14 1 2  12 10 0 4  10 0 6  TC 4  13 14 1 2  15 9 8 7 6	<ul><li>Door safety interlock</li><li>Wash solenoid valve</li></ul>	Door closed Water level below anti-flooding level Maximum time 5 mins.	Water fill to wash compartment	Water level in the tub (mm)
3	TC 3  13 14 12 12 13 14 10 15 9 8 7  TC 4 13 14 10 9 8 7  TC 4 13 14 10 9 8 7	<ul><li>Door safety interlock</li><li>Pre-wash solenoid valve</li></ul>	Door closed Water level below anti-flooding level Maximum time 5 mins.	Water fill to pre-wash compartment	Water level in the tub (mm)
4	TC 3  13,14 12 3,14 10 9,8 7,6  TC 4 13,14 10 9,8 7,6	<ul> <li>Door safety interlock</li> <li>Solenoid valve</li> <li>pre-wash and wash</li> </ul>	Door closed Water level below anti-flooding level Maximum time 5 mins.	Water fill to conditioner compartment	Water level in the tub (mm)

	Selector position	Components activated	Working conditions	Function tested	LCD display
5	TC 3  13 14 1 2 12 3 11 0 4 10 9 8 7  TC 4 13 14 1 2 12 3 3 11 1 4 1 10 9 8 7	<ul><li>Door safety interlock</li><li>Third solenoid valve</li></ul>	Door closed Water level below anti-flooding level Maximum time 5 mins.	Water fill to third solenoid valve compartment	Water level in the tub is displayed (mm)
6	TC 3  13 14 1 2  12 0 4  10 0 5  9 8 7 6  TC 4  13 14 1 2  14 10 4  15 9 8 7 6	<ul> <li>Door safety interlock</li> <li>Fourth solenoid valve (hot water where featured)</li> </ul>	Door closed Water level below anti-flooding level Maximum time 5 mins.	Water fill to fourth solenoid valve compartment	Water level in the tub is displayed (mm)
7	TC 3  13 14 1 2  12 3 11 0 4  10 9 8 76  TC 4  13 14 1 2  14 10 9 8 76	<ul> <li>Door safety interlock</li> <li>Wash solenoid valve, if the water in the tub is not enough to cover the heating element</li> <li>Heating element</li> <li>Weight sensor (if there is one, an extra litre of water is loaded)</li> <li>Circulation pump</li> </ul>	Door closed Water level above the heating element. Maximum time 10 mins up to 90°C. (*)	Reheating Circulation	Temperature in °C measured using the NTC probe.
8	TC 3  13 14 1 2  12 3 11 0 4  10 0 5 9  8 7  TC 4  13 14 1 2  14 10 4  15 9 8 7	<ul> <li>Door safety interlock</li> <li>Wash solenoid valve, if the water in the tub is not enough to cover the heating element</li> <li>Motor (55 rpm clockwise, 55 rpm anti-clockwise, 250 rpm pulse)</li> </ul>	Door closed Water level above the heating element	Check for leaks from the tub.	Drum speed in rpm/10
9	TC 3  13 14 12 3 11 10 14 10 15 9 8 7 17 17 18 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	<ul> <li>Door safety interlock</li> <li>Drain pump</li> <li>Motor up to 650 rpm then at maximum spin speed (**)</li> </ul>	Door closed Water level lower than anti-boiling level for spinning.	Drain, calibration of analogue pressure switch and spin.	Drum speed in rpm/10

Selector position		Components activated		Function tested	LCD display
10					
11	TC 3  13 14 1 2 12 13 14 10 5 9 8 7  TC 4 11 12 12 12 12 11 10 9 8 7	- Reading/Deleting the last alarm			
12 ÷ 14	- Touch a sensor to turn on the		Always active	User interface functioning	

<sup>(\*)</sup> In most cases, this time is sufficient to check the heating. However, the time can be increased by repeating the phase without draining the water: pass for a moment to a different phase of the diagnostic cycle and then back to the heating control phase (if the temperature is higher than 80°C, heating does not take place).

<sup>(\*\*)</sup> The check at the maximum speed occurs without control of the A.G.S. and no garments must be inside the appliance.

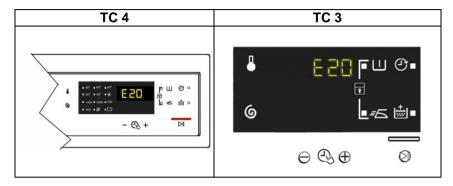
#### 4.4 ALARMS

#### 4.4.1 Displaying the alarms to the user

When a problem arises with the appliance, "WARNING" appears on the LCD screen, represented by a code (three digits, indicating the time required for the cycle to end). At the same time the buzzer gives off three short "beeps" every 20" for a period of 5 minutes.

Once the fault has been repaired the buzzer does not give off any "beeps" and the selected programme appears on the LCD screen.

This does not occur for EH0 alarm.



The alarms displayed to the user are listed below and can also be eliminated by the user:

TC4 / TC3
E10 - Water fill difficulty (tap closed)
E20 - Drain difficulty (filter dirty)
E40 - Door open
EF0 – Excessive detergent
EH0 – Voltage or frequency outside normal values

#### While the alarm listed below:

The intervention of a service engineer is required

The other alarms are displayed by a code

The alarms are enabled during the execution of the washing programme. With the exception of alarms associated with the configuration and the power supply voltage/frequency, which are also displayed during the programme selection phase.

The door can normally be opened (except where specified) when an alarm condition has occurred, on condition that:

- The level of the water in the tub is below a certain level.
- The water temperature is lower than 55°°C.
- The motor has stopped.

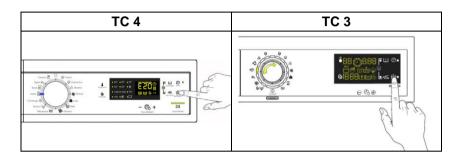
Certain alarm conditions require a drain phase to be performed before the door can be opened for safety reasons:

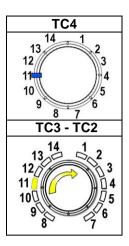
- Cooling water fill if the temperature is greater than 65°°C.
- Drain until the analogue pressure switch is on empty, during a max. 3 minute interval.

#### 4.4.2 Reading the alarms

The last three alarms stored in the FLASH memory of the PCB can be displayed:

- enter the diagnostic mode (para. 4.1)
- Irrespective of the type of PCB and configuration, turn the programme selector knob **clockwise** to the **eleventh position** and the last alarm is displayed.
- to display previous alarms, touch the sensor closest to the START/PAUSE sensor in sequence (as shown in the figure)
- To return to the last alarm, touch the START/PAUSE sensor.





#### 4.4.3 Rapid reading of alarms

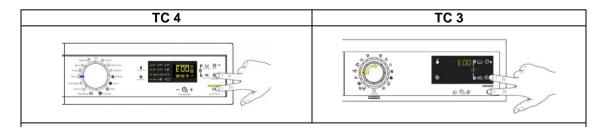
The last alarm can be displayed even if the programme selector is not in the eleventh position (diagnostics) or if the appliance is in normal operating mode (e.g. during the execution of the washing programme):

- → Touch the **START/PAUSE** sensor and the nearest **option sensor** simultaneously (as if you were entering DIAGNOSTIC mode) and hold for at least 2 seconds: the LCD display shows the last alarm.
- → The alarm will continue to be displayed until a sensor is touched.
- → While the alarm is being displayed, the appliance continues to perform the cycle or, if in the programme selection phase, it stores the previously selected options.

#### 4.4.4 Deleting the last alarm

It is good practice to cancel the alarms stored:

- after reading the alarm codes, to check whether the alarm re-occurs during the diagnostic cycle
- after repairing the appliance, to check whether it re-occurs during testing



- 1. enter the diagnostic mode (para. 4.1)
- 2. Turn the selector clockwise until the **eleventh** LED lights up.
- 3. Simultaneously press the **START/PAUSE** sensor and the nearest **option sensor** (as shown in the diagram).
- 4. Keep your fingers over the sensors until the LCD display shows "E00" (at least 5 seconds).

N.B. With this operation all the alarms stored are deleted.

## 4.5 ALARM SUMMARY TABLE

alarm	Description	Possible fault	Machine status/action	Reset	<b>Page</b>
E00					
E11	Water fill difficulty during washing	Tap closed or water pressure too low; drain pipe improperly positioned; water fill solenoid valve faulty; leaks from water circuit on pressure switch; pressure switch faulty; wiring faulty; main PCB faulty.	Cycle is paused with door locked	START/RESET	20
E13	Water leaks	Drain pipe improperly positioned; water pressure too low Water fill solenoid valve faulty; water circuit on pressure switch is leaking/clogged; pressure switch faulty.	Cycle is paused with door locked	START/RESET	22
E21	Drain difficulty during washing	Drain pipe kinked/clogged/improperly positioned; drain filter clogged/dirty; wiring faulty; pressure switch faulty; drain pump rotor blocked; drain pump faulty; main PCB faulty.	Cycle is paused (after 2 attempts)	START ON/OFF RESET	24
E23	Faulty triac for drain pump	wining faulty, drain pump faulty, main PCB faulty.	Safety drain cycle - Cycle stops with door open.	RESET	26
E24	Drain pump triac "sensing" circuit faulty.		Safety drain cycle - Cycle stops with door unlocked	RESET	28
E31	Malfunction in electronic pressure switch circuit	Wiring; Electronic pressure switch; Main PCB;	Cycle stops with door locked	RESET	28
E32	Calibration error of the electronic pressure switch	Drain pipe kinked/clogged/improperly positioned; solenoid valve faulty; drain filter clogged/dirty; drain pump faulty; leaks from pressure switch hydraulic circuit; pressure switch faulty; Wiring; main PCB;	Cycle is paused	START/RESET	29
E35	Overflow	pressure switch; wiring faulty; pressure switch faulty; main	Cycle interrupted. Safety drain cycle. Drain pump continues to operate (5 min. on, then 5 min. off. etc.)	RESET	30
E38	Internal pressure chamber is clogged (water level does not change for at least 30 sec. of drum rotation)	Motor belt broken; water circuit on pressure switch clogged.	Heating phase is skipped	RESET	31
E41	Door open	Check whether the door is closed properly; Wiring faulty; door safety interlock faulty; Main circuit board faulty.	Cycle is paused	START/RESET	32
E42	Problems with door lock	Wiring faulty; door safety interlock faulty; Electrical current leak between heating element and ground; main PCB faulty.	Cycle is paused	START/RESET	34
E43	Faulty triac supplying power to door delay system	Wiring faulty; door safety interlock faulty; Main circuit board faulty.	(Safety drain cycle) Cycle blocked	RESET	36
E44	Faulty sensing by door delay system	Main circuit board faulty.	(Safety drain cycle) Cycle blocked	RESET	37
E45	Faulty sensing by door delay system triac	Main circuit board faulty.	(Safety drain cycle) Cycle blocked	E45	31

alarm	Description	Possible fault	Machine status/action	Reset	Page
E52	No signal from motor tachometric generator	Wiring faulty; Motor faulty; Inverter board faulty;	Cycle stops with door locked (after 5 attempts)	ON/OFF RESET	38/40
E57	Inverter is drawing too much current (>15A)	Wiring faulty on inverter for motor; inverter PCB faulty; motor faulty.	Cycle stops with door locked (after 5 attempts)	ON/OFF RESET	42
E58	Inverter is drawing too much current (>4.5A)	Motor malfunction (overload); Wiring faulty on inverter faulty; motor faulty; inverter PCB faulty	Cycle stops with door locked (after 5 attempts)	ON/OFF RESET	44
E59	No signal from tachometric generator for 3 seconds	Wiring faulty on inverter for motor; inverter PCB faulty; motor faulty;	Cycle stops with door locked (after 5 attempts)	ON/OFF RESET	46
E5A	Overheating on heat dissipator for Inverter	Overheating caused by continuous operation or ambient conditions (let appliance cool down); Inverter PCB faulty. NTC open (on the Inverter PCB)	Cycle stops with door locked (after 5 attempts)	ON/OFF RESET	48
E5C	Input voltage is too high	Input voltage is too high (measure the grid voltage); inverter PCB faulty	Cycle stops with door locked (after 5 attempts)	ON/OFF RESET	49
E5d	Data transfer error between Inverter and main PCB	Line interference; wiring faulty; faulty main PCB or inverter PCB.		ON/OFF RESET	50
E5E	Communication error between Inverter and main PCB	Faulty wiring between main PCB and inverter PCB; Inverter PCB faulty; Main PCB faulty;	Cycle blocked (after 5 attempts)	ON/OFF RESET	- 51
E5F	Inverter PCB fails to start the motor	Wiring faulty; Inverter PCB faulty; Main PCB faulty;	Cycle stops with door open (after 5 attempts)	ON/OFF RESET	31
E5H	Input voltage is lower than 175V	Wiring faulty; Inverter PCB faulty;	Cycle stops with door locked (after 5 attempts)	ON/OFF RESET	52
E62	Overheating during washing (temperature higher than 88°C for more than 5 min.)	Wiring faulty; NTC probe for wash cycle faulty; Heating element faulty; Main PCB faulty.	Safety drain cycle Cycle stops with door open	RESET	53
E66	Heating element power relay faulty (inconsistency between sensing and K2 relay status)	Current leakage between heating element and ground. Main PCB faulty;	Safety water fill Cycle stops with door closed.	ON/OFF RESET	54
E68	Current leak to the ground	Current leakage between heating element and ground.	The heating phase is skipped	START/RESET	55
E69	Heating element interrupted	Wiring faulty; Heating element for washing interrupted (thermal fuse open); Main PCB faulty.		START ON/OFF RESET	56
E6A	Heating relay sensing faulty	Main circuit board faulty.	Cycle stops with door locked	RESET	
E6H	Heating element power relay faulty (inconsistency between sensing and K1 relay status)	Wiring faulty; Earth-leakage between heating element and earth; Main PCB faulty.	Safety water fill Cycle stops with door closed.	ON/OFF RESET	57
E71	NTC probe for wash cycle faulty (short-circuited or open)	Wiring faulty; NTC probe for wash cycle faulty Main circuit board faulty.	The heating phase is skipped	START/RESET	58
E74	NTC probe for wash cycle improperly positioned	Wiring faulty; NTC probe for wash cycle improperly positioned; NTC probe faulty; Main PCB faulty.	The heating phase is skipped	RESET	59
E83	Error in reading selector	Main PCB faulty (Incorrect configuration data).	Cycle cancelled	START/RESET	
E86	Selector configuration error	Display board		START ON/OFF RESET	60

alarm	Description	Possible fault	Machine status/action	Reset	Page
E87		If this continues, replace the display board	No action to be taken	START ON/OFF RESET	
E91	Communication error between main PCB and display	Wiring faulty; control/display circuit board faulty, Inverter Board faulty, Main circuit board faulty.		RESET	61/62
E92	Communication inconsistency between main PCB and display (incompatible versions)	Incorrect control/display PCB Incorrect PCB (does not correspond to the model).	Cycle blocked	ON/OFF	
E93	Appliance configuration error	Main PCB faulty (incorrect configuration data)	Cycle blocked	ON/OFF	
E94	Incorrect configuration of washing cycle	Main PCB faulty (incorrect configuration data)	Cycle blocked	ON/OFF	63
E97	Inconsistency between programme selector and cycle configuration	Main PCB faulty (incorrect configuration data).	Cycle blocked	RESET	
E98	Communication error between main PCB - Inverter	Incompatibility between main PCB and Inverter	Cycle blocked	ON/OFF	
E9C	Display board configuration error	Display board faulty		START ON/OFF RESET	64
E9E	Display board sensor/touch key faulty	Display board faulty		ON/OFF	
EC1	Electronically controlled valve blocked with operating flowmeter	Faulty wiring; Faulty/blocked solenoid, PCB faulty,	Cycle stops with door locked Drain pump continues to operate (5 mins. on, then 5 mins. off, and so on)	RESET	65
EF1	Drain filter clogged (drain phase too long)	Drain filter clogged/dirty. Drain hose blocked/kinked/too high.	Warning displayed at the end of cycle.	START/RESET	
EF2	Overdosing of detergent (too much foam during drain phases)	Excessive detergent dosing; Drain hose kinked/blocked; Drain filter clogged/dirty.	Warning displayed after 5 attempts or by the specific LED.	RESET	66
EF3	Aqua control system intervention	Water leaks onto base frame; Aqua control system faulty; Drain pump winding interruption/overheating.	Appliance drains	ON/OFF RESET	-
EF4	Water fill pressure too low, no signal from flowmeter and electronically controlled valve is open	Tap closed, water fill pressure too low		RESET	66
EF5	Unbalanced load	Final spin phases skipped.		START/RESET	
EF6	Reset	If it continues, replace the main board.	No action to be taken		67
EH1	Supply frequency of appliance outside the limits	Problem with the power supply network (incorrect/disturbed); Main PCB faulty.	Wait for nominal frequency conditions	ON/OFF	- 67
EH2	Supply voltage too high	Problem with the power supply network (incorrect/disturbed); Main PCB faulty.	Wait for nominal voltage conditions.	ON/OFF	07
EH3	Supply voltage too low	Problem with the power supply network (incorrect/disturbed); Main PCB faulty.	Wait for nominal voltage conditions.	ON/OFF	68
EH4	0Watt relay malfunction	Main circuit board faulty.		ON/OFF RESET	00

## Guide to diagnostics of electronic controls EWM10931

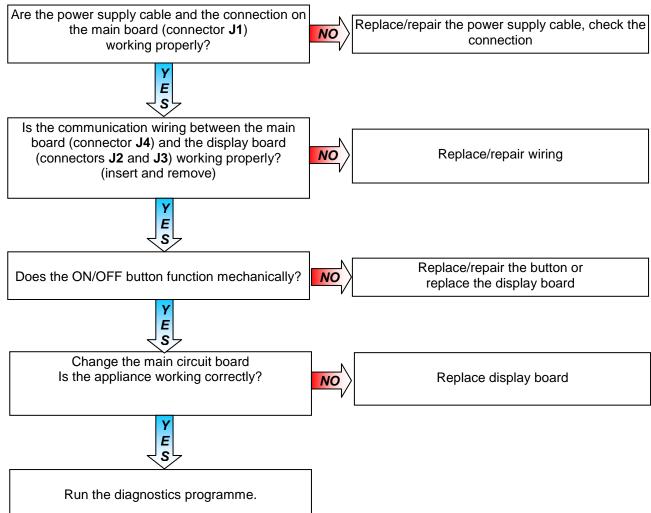
alarm	Description	Possible fault	Machine status/action	Reset	Page
	Inconsistency between FCV relay (in the main board) and safety "sensing" circuit	Faulty wiring; Main circuit board faulty	Safety drain cycle Cycle stops with door open	RESET	
I ENE	Safety sensing circuit faulty (wrong input voltage to microprocessor)	Main circuit board faulty.	Safety drain cycle Cycle stops with door open	RESET	

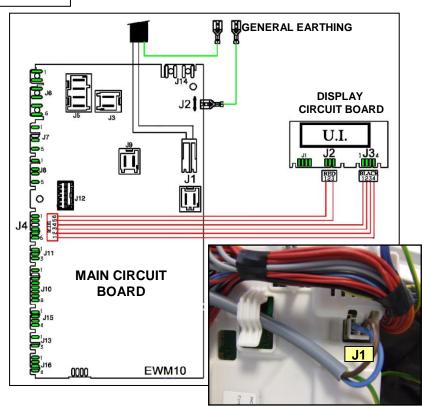
#### 4.6 Notes on the behaviour of certain alarms

- Configuration alarm E93: when this alarm rings (when turned on) the machine blocks and the alarm code appears on the display provided the relevant configuration part is intact.
  - It will not be possible to access diagnostics mode and the only available option is to turn the appliance off.
- Configuration alarm E94: The code can be viewed from the display.
   The diagnostics mode cannot be accessed and the "quick alarm viewing" mode cannot be used.
- Alarms EH1-EH2-EH3: in the event of problems with the supply voltage, the appliance remains in alarm status until the mains frequency or voltage returns to acceptable values or the appliance is switched off. The display shows the "H". alarm family.
- Alarms E51- E52: all the alarms are displayed during diagnostic testing: normally, when shifting from one control phase to another, the appliance quits the alarm mode and executes the selected phase. This is not the case for alarms E51 (motor power supply TRIAC short-circuiting) and E52 (no signal from motor tachometric generator): the only possibility to get out of the alarm situation is to turn off the appliance then turn it on again with the ON/OFF button or disconnect the plug from the socket.

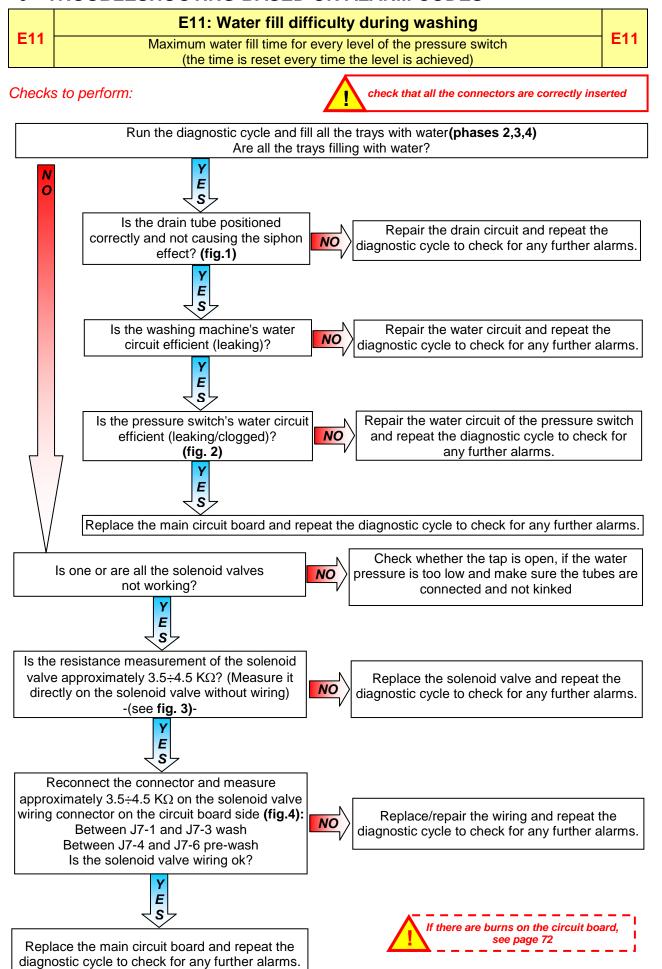
## 5 CANNOT ACCESS THE DIAGNOSTICS PROGRAMME

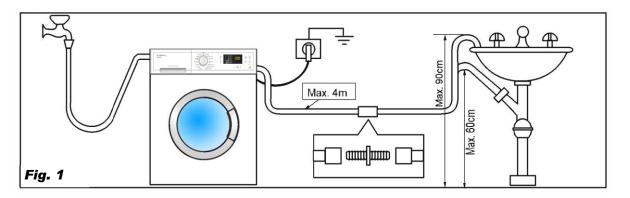
## 5.1 None of the LEDs on the circuit board light up

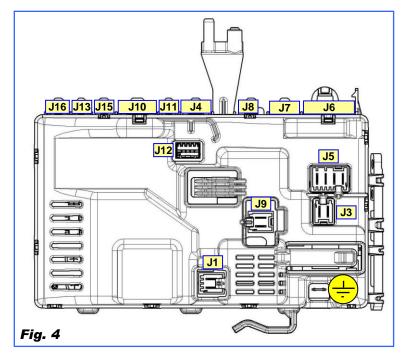




#### 6 TROUBLESHOOTING BASED ON ALARM CODES

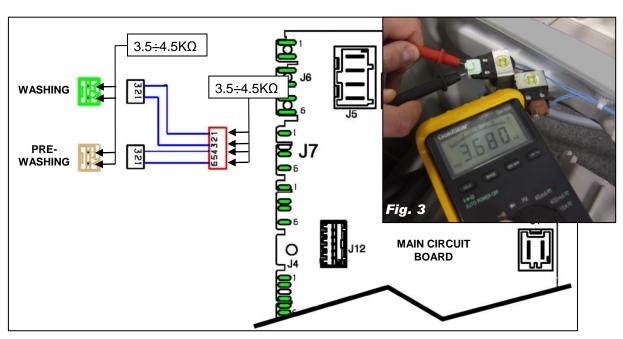










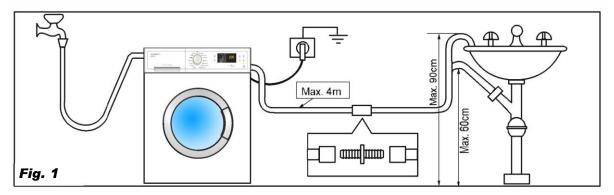


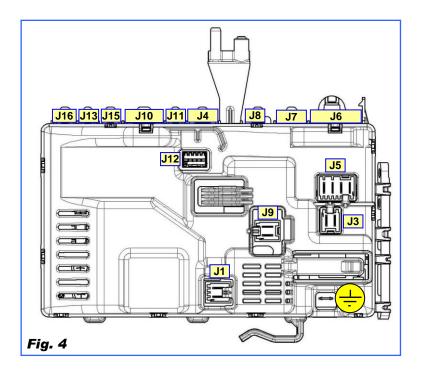
E13: Water leaks E13 E13 Maximum overall water fill time exceeded (sum of all water fills between one drain phase and the next to avoid exceeding the maximum volume) Checks to perform: check that all the connectors are correctly inserted Run the diagnostic cycle and fill all the trays with water(phases 2,3,4) Are all the trays filling with water? Ε 0 Is the drain tube positioned Repair the drain circuit and repeat the correctly and not causing the siphon NO diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms. effect? (fig.1) Ε Is the washing machine's water Repair the water circuit and repeat the NO circuit efficient (leaking)? diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms. Is the pressure switch's water circuit Repair the water circuit of the pressure switch NO and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for efficient (leaking/clogged)? any further alarms. (fig. 2) Y Ε Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms. Check whether the tap is open, if the water Is one or are all the solenoid valves pressure is too low and make sure the tubes are not working? connected and not kinked Ε Is the resistance measurement of the solenoid Replace the solenoid valve and repeat the valve approximately  $3.5 \div 4.5 \text{ K}\Omega$ ? (Measure it NO diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms. directly on the solenoid valve without wiring) -(see fig. 3)-Reconnect the connector and measure approximately 3.5 $\div$ 4.5 K $\Omega$  on the solenoid valve Replace/repair the wiring and repeat the wiring connector on the circuit board side (fig.4): NO diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms. Between J7-1 and J7-3 wash Between J7-4 and J7-6 pre-wash Is the solenoid valve wiring ok?

Ε

Replace the main circuit board and repeat the

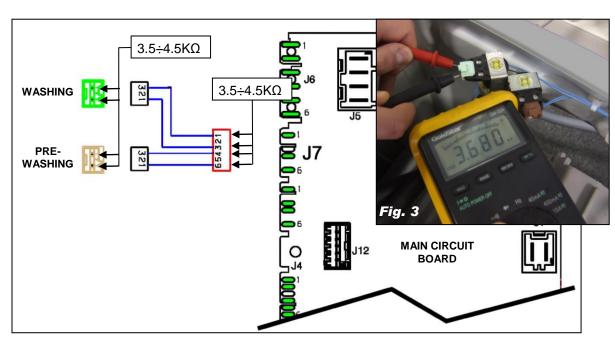
diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

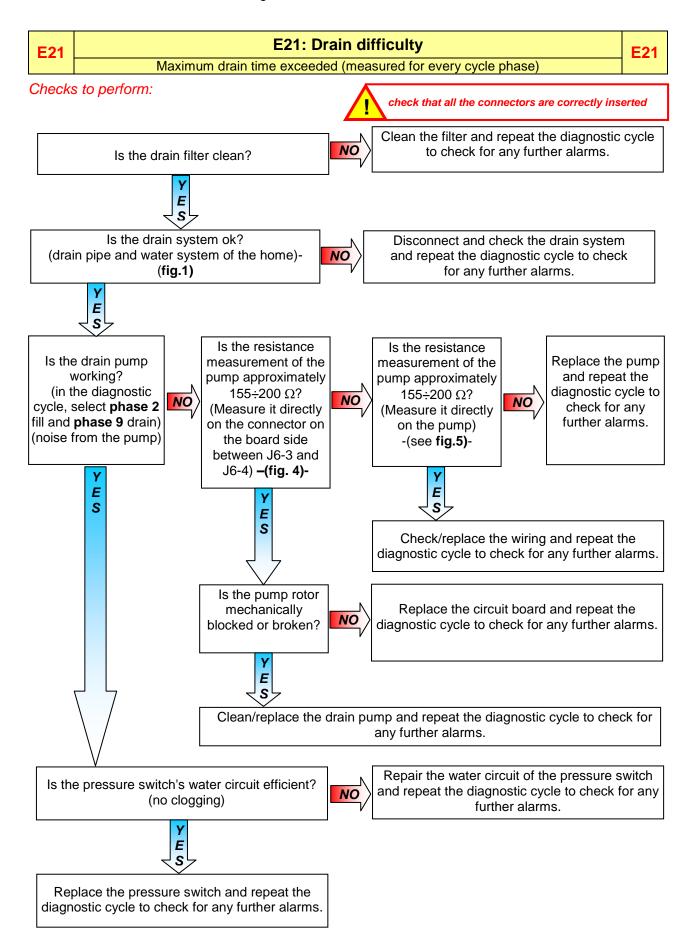




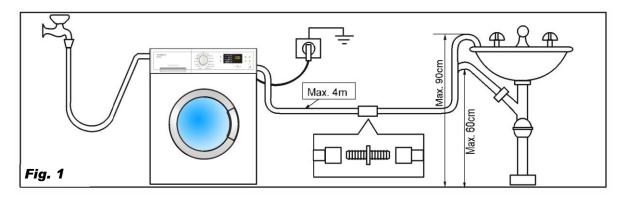


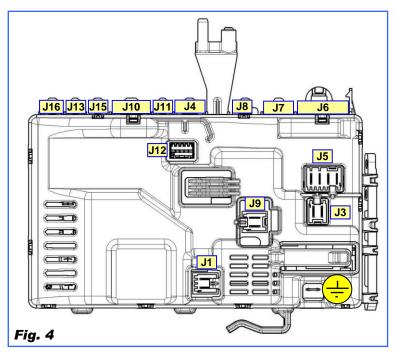




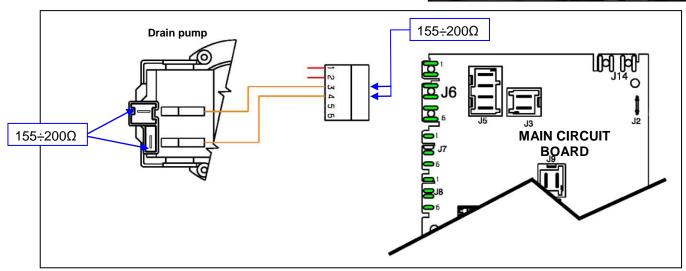


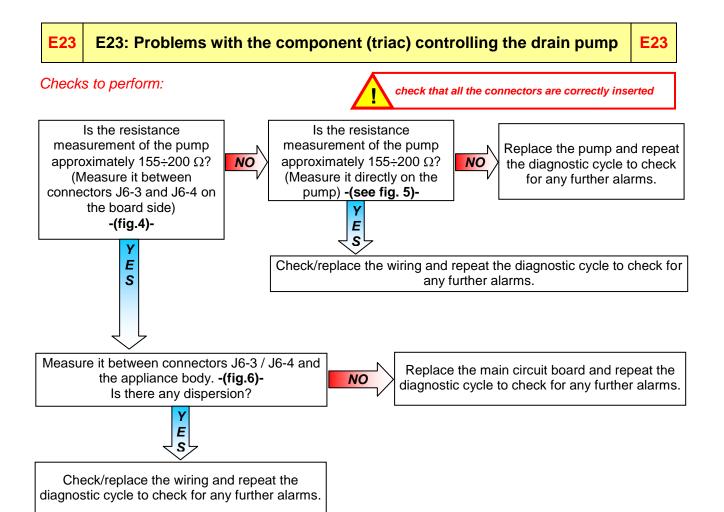


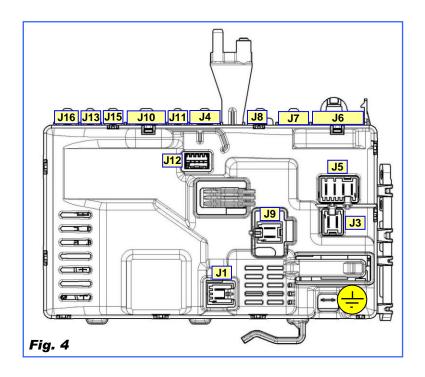


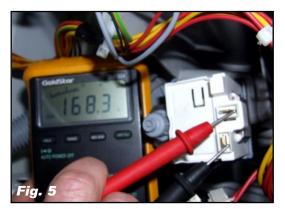


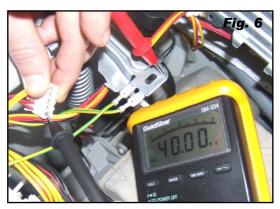


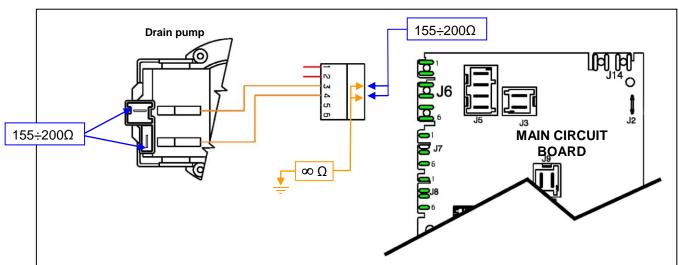












# E24: Sensing circuit of the component (triac) controlling the drain pump faulty

**E24** 

Checks to perform:



Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



E31

# E31: The analogue pressure switch provides the main circuit board with a signal outside the limits

E31

#### Checks to perform:

Measure that the circuit is closed between J10-1, J10-2, J10-3 and the connector of the analogue pressure switch (they are three independent wires)

- (see fig. 7) -.

is the wiring between the main circuit board and the analogue pressure switch ok and is it connected correctly on both sides?



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

NO

Reconnect and/or replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

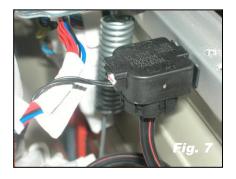


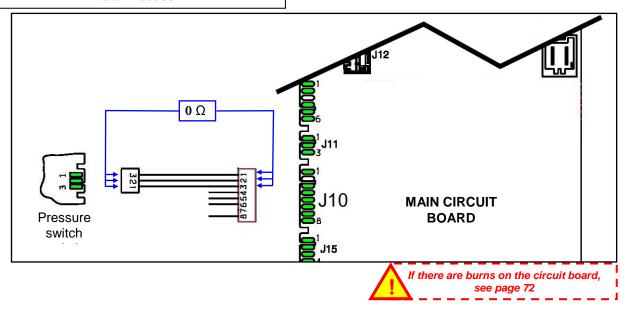
Replace the analogue pressure switch and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarm codes.

Is the appliance displaying the same alarm code again?



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarm codes.





## E32: The analogue pressure switch causes an error during calibration

(At the start of every cycle, the appliance drains to empty the tub and creates a level 0 to check the calibration of the analogue pressure switch

**E32** 





Drain the water from the tub.

Are the pressure switch tube and pressure chamber unobstructed?

(disconnect the tube and blow into it to make sure the system is unobstructed)- (fig. 2 and 8) -



Clean/replace the tube and/or the pressure chamber and repeat the diagnostic cycle completely to check for any further alarms.



Check the drain system (filter, drain pump, drain tube). Is the appliance draining correctly?



Repair the drain circuit.



Select a washing cycle. After a few minutes, has the appliance filled with water and is the motor running?

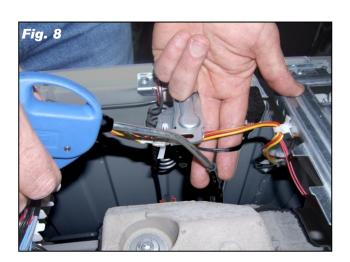


Replace the analogue pressure switch and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Appliance ok





## E35: Water level too high

The main circuit board measures a water level, using the electronic pressure switch, of more than 300 mm for longer than 15 secs.

E35

## Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Drain the water from the tub.
Are the pressure switch tube and pressure chamber unobstructed?
(disconnect the tubes and blow into them to make sure the system is unobstructed)

—(see fig.2 and 8)-



NO

Clean/change the tube and/or the pressure chamber and repeat the diagnostic cycle completely to check for any further alarms.



Does the appliance continue to fill with water even when it is switched off?

Ε

S

Replace

the water fill

solenoid valve

and repeat the

diagnostic cycle

to check for any

further alarms.



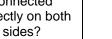
Run the diagnostic cycle at **phase 9**. Once the door has locked, does the appliance start to fill with water?



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

between the main circuit board and the analogue pressure switch connected correctly on both

Is the wiring

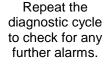


NO

Reconnect and/or replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Replace the analogue pressure switch. Run a rinse cycle. Is alarm E35 shown again?





Replace the solenoid valve.

Repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

NO







## E38: Internal pressure chamber is clogged

The analogue pressure switch is not able to measure any variation in the water level for at least 30 secs during drum rotation.

**E38** 

#### Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

NO

Run the diagnostic cycle and set phase 8.
Is the motor running and the drum not moving?

NO



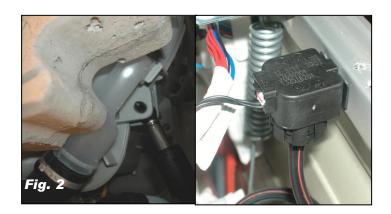
Replace/reposition the belt and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms. Drain the water from the tub and check the internal pressure chamber and the pressure switch tube. Is the system unobstructed?-

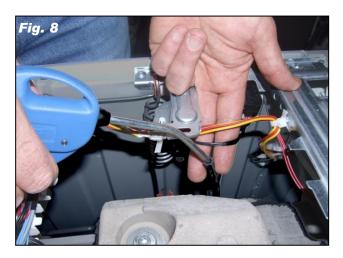


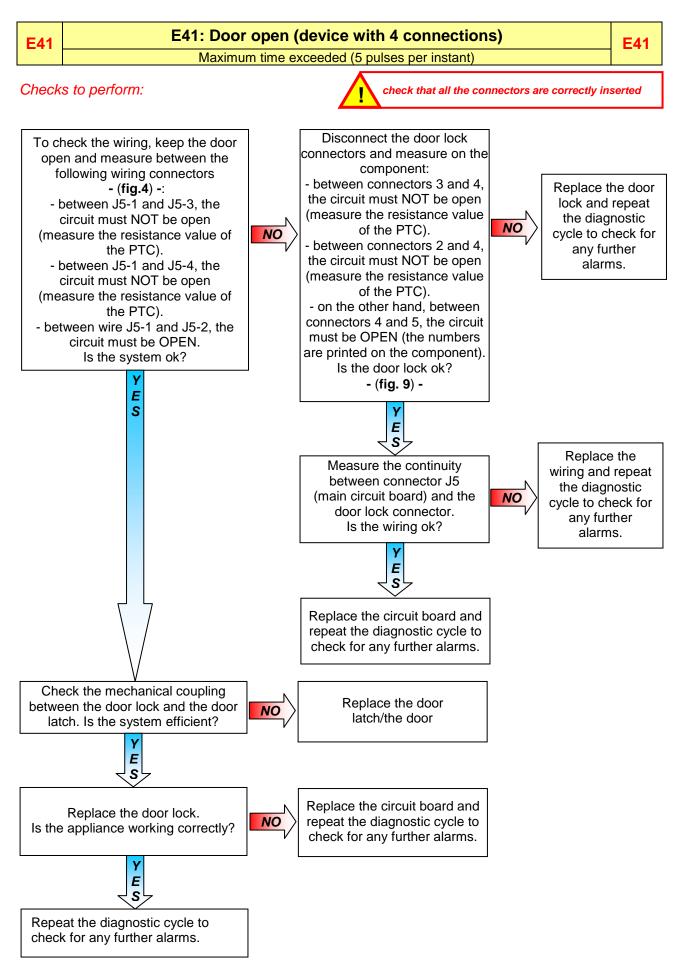
Replace the analogue pressure switch and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Clean the internal pressure chamber and/or the pressure switch tube (disconnect the tube and blow into it to make sure the system is unobstructed).

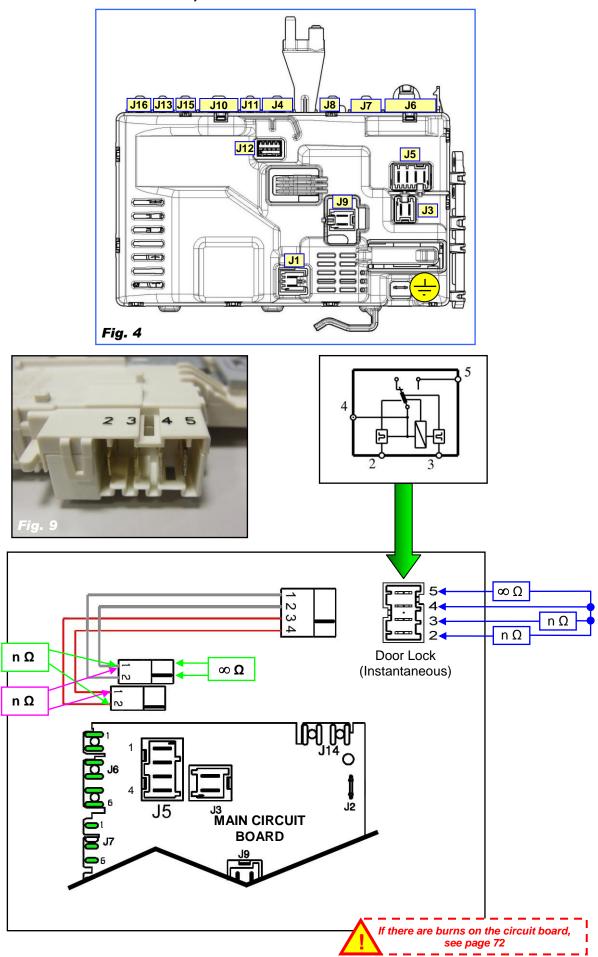
- (see fig. 8)Repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.







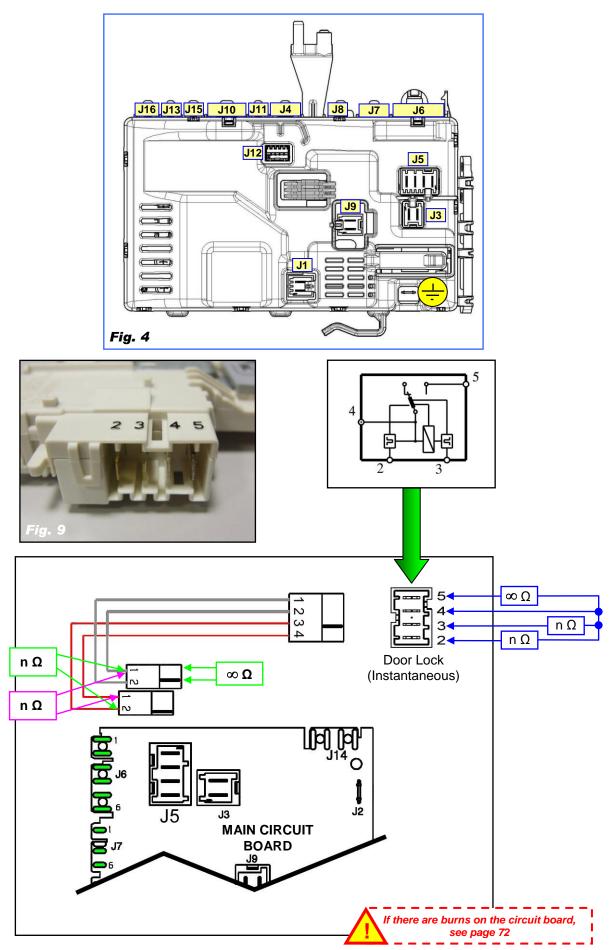
## E41 (device with 4 connections)



E42: Problems opening door (device with 4 connections) **E42** Maximum time exceeded (5 pulses per instant) Checks to perform: check that all the connectors are correctly inserted Disconnect the door lock To check the wiring, keep the door connectors and measure on the open and measure between the component: following wiring connectors - between connectors 3 and 4, - (fig.4) -: Replace the door the circuit must NOT be open - between J5-1 and J5-3, the lock and repeat (measure the resistance value circuit must NOT be open the diagnostic NO of the PTC). NO cycle to check for (measure the resistance value of - between connectors 2 and 4, any further the PTC). the circuit must NOT be open - between J5-1 and J5-4, the alarms. (measure the resistance value circuit must NOT be open of the PTC). (measure the resistance value of - on the other hand, between the PTC). connectors 4 and 5, the circuit - between wire J5-1 and J5-2, the must be OPEN (the numbers circuit must be OPEN. are printed on the component). Is the system ok? Is the door lock ok? - (fig. 9-) Ε S Ε S Replace the Measure the continuity wiring and repeat between connector J5 the diagnostic (main circuit board) and the NO cycle to check for door lock connector. any further Is the wiring ok? alarms. Ε S Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms. Check the mechanical coupling between the door lock and the door Replace the door NO latch. Is the system efficient? latch/the door Ε S Replace the circuit board and Replace the door lock. repeat the diagnostic cycle to NO Is the appliance working correctly? check for any further alarms. Ε S Repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

If there are burns on the circuit board
see page 72

## E42 (device with 4 connections)



## E43: Problems with the component (triac) controlling the door delay system (device with 4 connections)

NO

E43

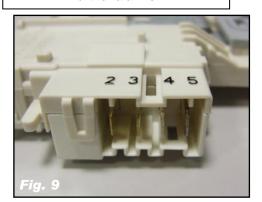
## Checks to perform:

To check the wiring, keep the door open and measure between the following wiring connectors

- (fig.4) -:
- between J5-1 and J5-3, the circuit must NOT be open (measure the resistance value of the PTC).
- between J5-1 and J5-4, the circuit must NOT be open (measure the resistance value of the PTC).
  - between wire J5-1 and J5-2, the circuit must be OPEN. Is the system ok?



Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.





check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

NO

Disconnect the door lock connectors and measure on the component:

- between connectors 3 and 4, the circuit must NOT be open (measure the resistance value of the PTC).
- between connectors 2 and 4. the circuit must NOT be open (measure the resistance value of the PTC).
- on the other hand, between connectors 4 and 5, the circuit must be OPEN (the numbers are printed on the component). Is the door lock ok?

- (fig. 9) -

Replace the door lock and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further

alarms.



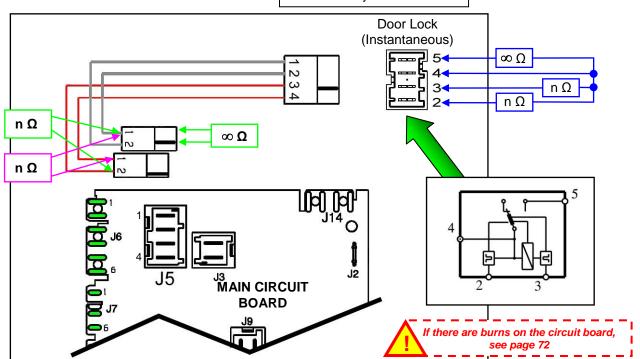
Measure the continuity between connector J5 (main circuit board) and the door lock connector. Is the wiring ok?



Replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



## E44: Door closed "sensing" circuit faulty

**E44** 

Checks to perform:



Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E45

E45: Problems with the "sensing" circuit of the component (triac) controlling the door delay system

E45

Checks to perform:



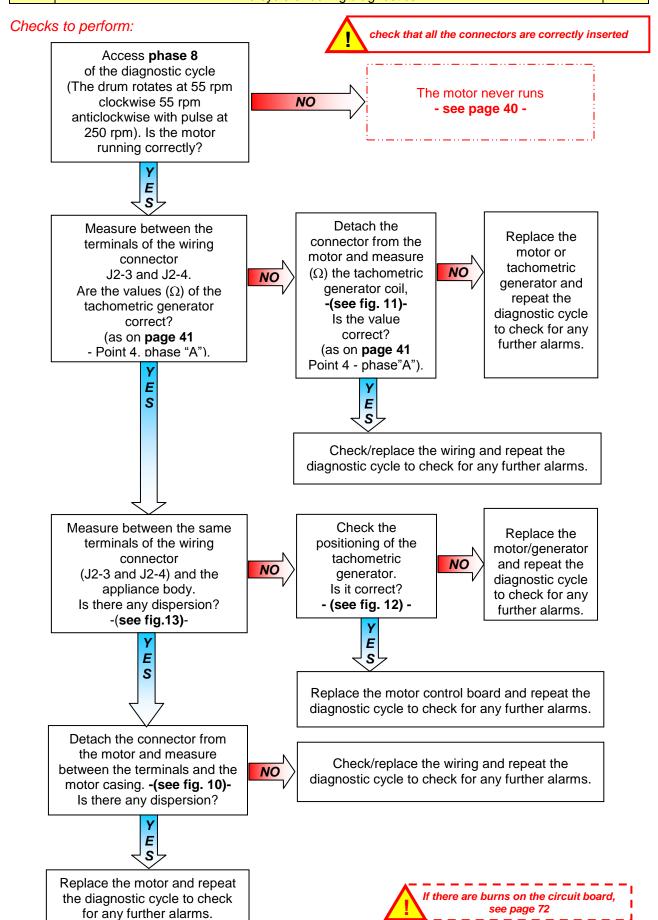
Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

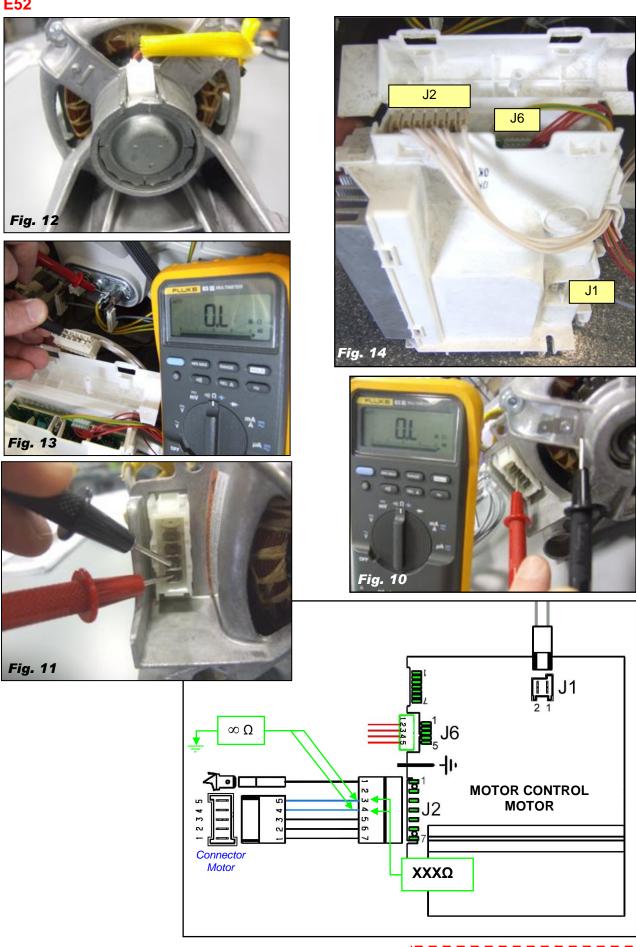


## E52: No signal from motor tachometric generator (1st part)

Cycle interrupted after 5 attempts during the cycle, immediately if recognised at the start of the cycle or during diagnostics.

E52





If there are burns on the circuit board,

## E52: No signal from motor tachometric generator (2<sup>st</sup>part)

Cycle interrupted after 5 attempts during the cycle, immediately if recognised at the start of the cycle or during diagnostics.

E52

#### Checks to perform:

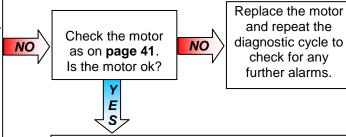


#### The motor never runs

To check the wiring, measure  $(\Omega)$  between the following wiring connectors of the motor control board **(fig.14)** and compare the values with the correct values

(see page 41: point 4 - motor parameters)

- between J2-6 and J2-7, a value as in point 4 **B** (Stator) must be found
- between J2-5 and J2-6, a value as in point 4 - C (Stator) must be found
- between J2-5 and J2-7, a value as in point 4 - D (Stator) must be found Are the values correct?

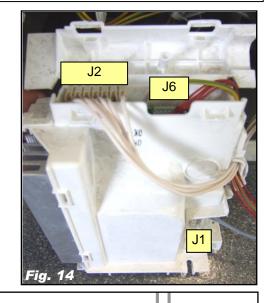


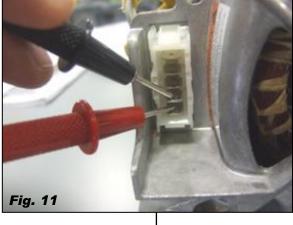
Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

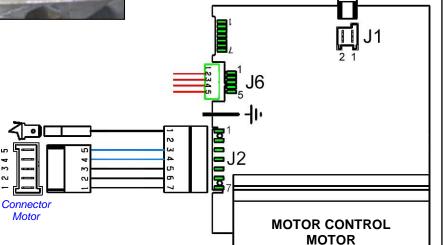
check that all the connectors are correctly inserted



Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

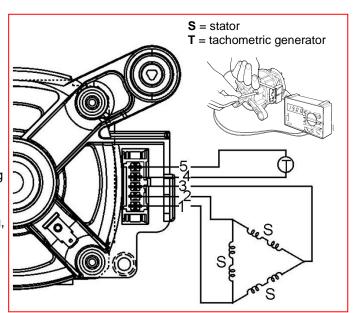






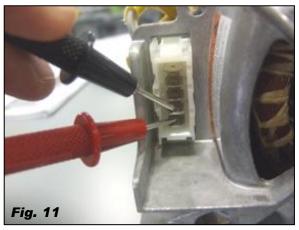
#### How to check three-phase motors

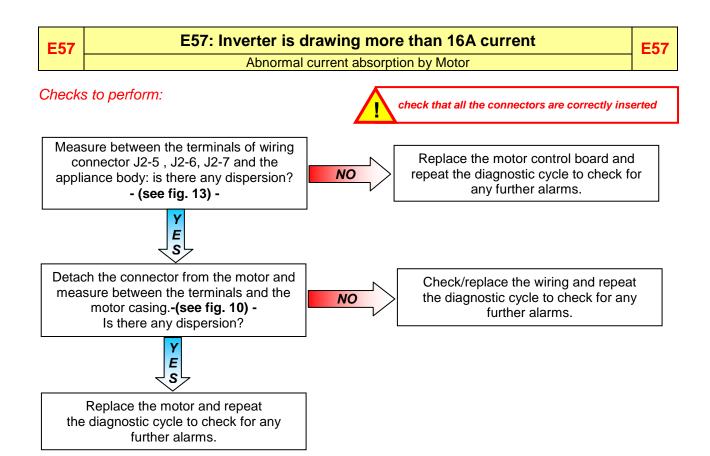
- Check the connection blocks (wiring) and for the presence of any protruding/kinked terminals.
- Check for the presence of any marks / residue / water or detergent deposits on the motor an where these come from.
- 3) Proceed by checking for any windings / earthed parts or parts with poor earthing insulation. Use a tester with a minimum capacity of 40 MΩ: between each individual terminal and the motor casing, read ∞ (fig. 10)
- Proceed by checking each individual winding according to the following table (fig. 11).

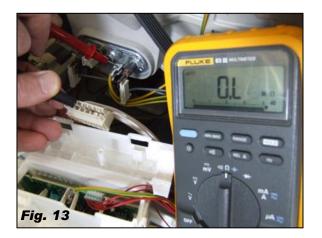


			MOTORI		
	TERMINALI MORSETTIERA MOTORE	CONTROLLO DI:	C.E.SET.	ACC (SOLE) NIDEC	ECM
A	4-5	Awolgimento generatore tachimetrico	108÷133	169÷207	85÷98
В	1-2	Awolgimento statore	5.0÷5.8	5.0÷5.8	5.0÷5.8
С	2-3	Awolgimento statore	5.0÷5.8	5.0÷5.8	5.0÷5.8
D	3-1	Awolgimento statore	5.0÷5.8	5.0÷5.8	5.0÷5.8

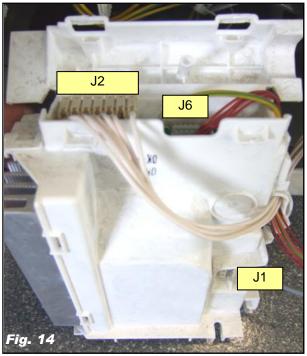


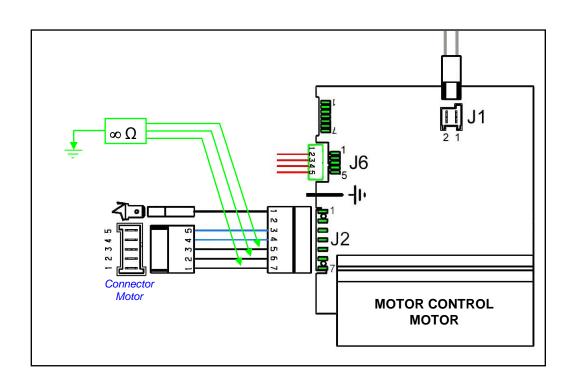












#### E58: Inverter is drawing more than 4A current

Abnormal current absorption by Motor

**E58** 

#### Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

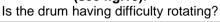
Was the wash cycle performed with too large a laundry load?

0



Reduce the laundry load in the drum and restart the wash cycle.

Check whether the drum turns freely without posing any resistance (see fig.15).





Check whether the friction is caused by the motor (fig.17) or by the tub bearings (fig.16). Replace the defective component. Repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Measure between all the terminals of wiring connector J2-5, J2-6, J2-7 and the appliance body: is there any dispersion?

- (see fig. 13) -



Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



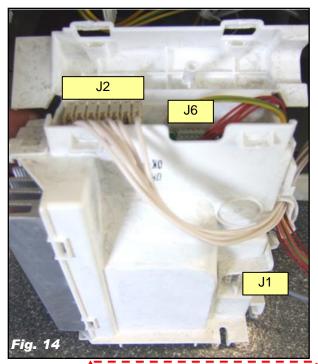
Detach the connector from the motor and measure between the terminals and the motor casing.-(see fig. 10) - Is there any dispersion?

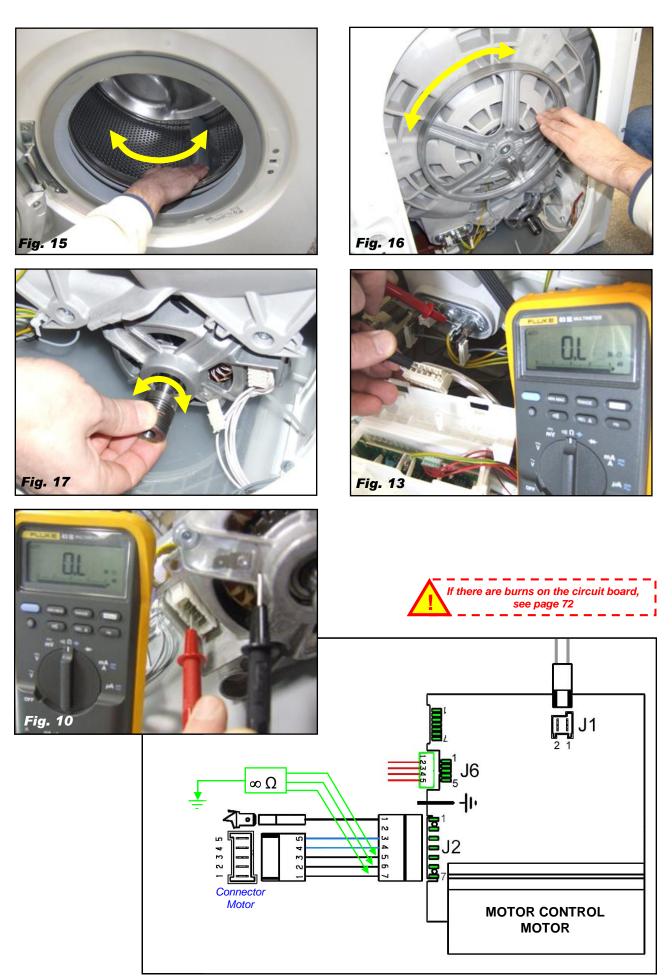


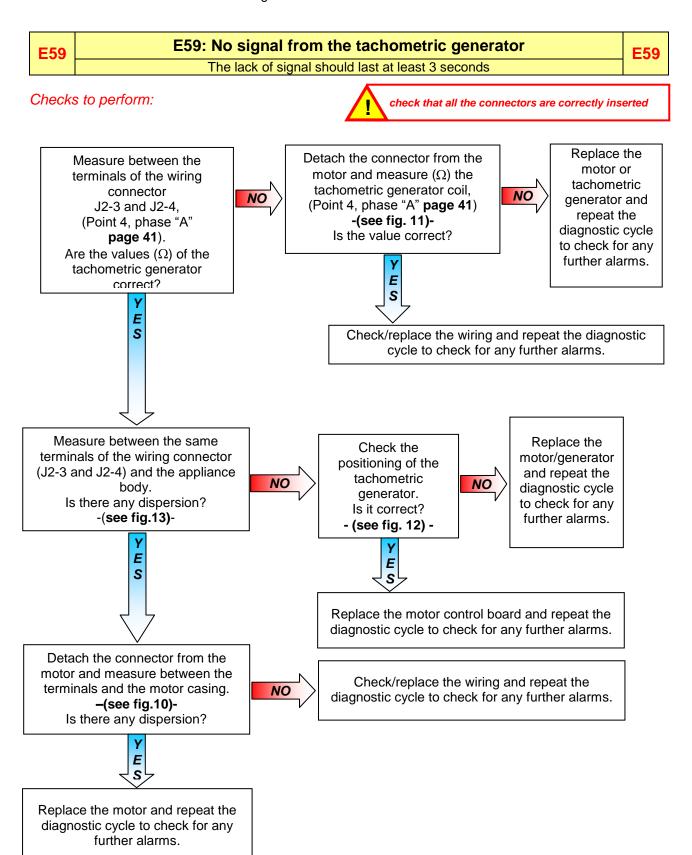
Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



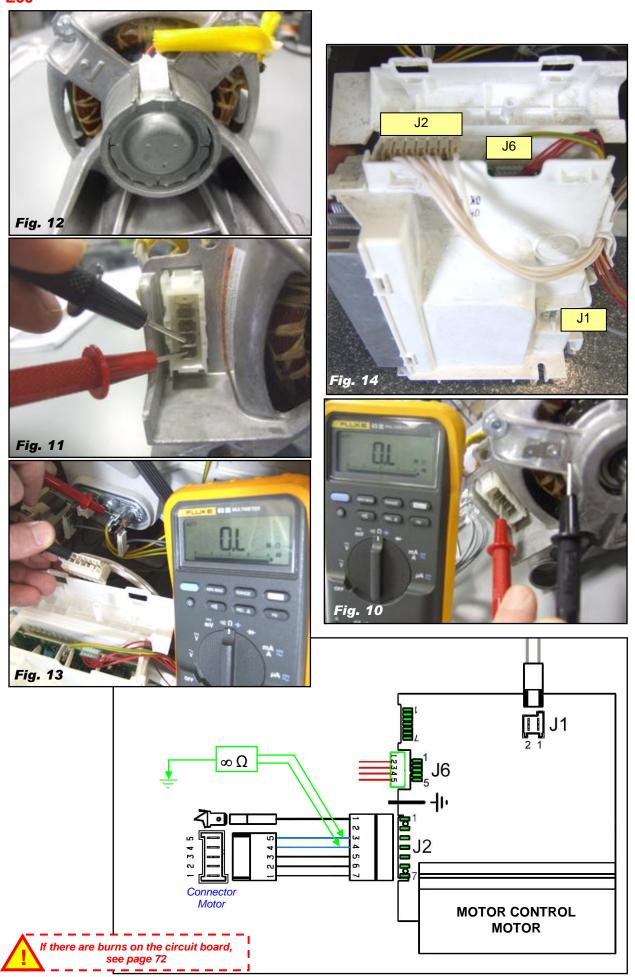
Replace the motor and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.











F54

#### E5A: Overheating on Inverter board heat dissipator

The dissipator exceeds a temperature of 88°C

E<sub>5</sub>A

Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Have continuous wash cycles been performed, or has the wash cycle been performed with too heavy a laundry load?



Leave pauses between one cycle and the next or reduce the laundry load inside the drum.



Check whether the drum turns freely without posing any resistance (see fig.15).

Is the drum having difficulty rotating?

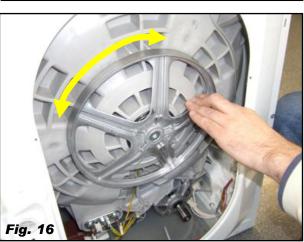


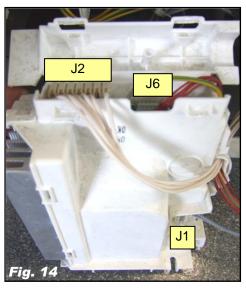
Check whether the friction is caused by the motor (fig.17) or by the tub bearings (fig.16). Replace the defective component. Repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.









E5C

## E5C: The Inverter board input voltage is too high (beyond 430V)

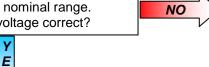
The voltage should stay above 430V for at least 5 seconds

E<sub>5</sub>C

Checks to perform:



Measure the mains voltage and make sure it is within the nominal range.
Is the mains voltage correct?



Wait for the mains voltage to return to nominal conditions and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

S

E5d

#### E5d: Data transfer error between Inverter board and main circuit board

E<sub>5</sub>d

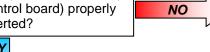
The lack of communication must last at least 2 sec.





Are connectors J16 (main circuit board) and J6 (motor control board) properly inserted?

E S



Repair the connectors and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Measure the continuity between connector J16-1, J16-4 (main circuit board) and connector J6-2, J6-5 (motor control board).

Is the wiring ok?



Replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

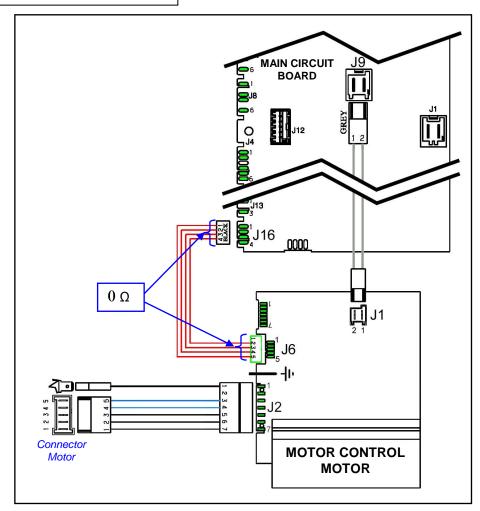


Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Is the appliance working?



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



E5E

## E5E: Communication error between Inverter board and main circuit board

E<sub>5</sub>E

Communication protocol between the two boards not aligned

Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E5F

E5F: Inverter board fails to start the motor

E5F

Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E5H

#### E5H: The Inverter board input voltage is too low (less than 175V)

The voltage should stay below 175V for at least 5 seconds

E<sub>5</sub>H

Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Are connectors J9 (main circuit board) and J1 (motor control board) properly inserted?

Ε



Repair the connectors and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Measure the continuity between connectors J9-1, J9-2 (main circuit board) and J1-1, J1-2 (motor control board).

Is the wiring ok?

Ε



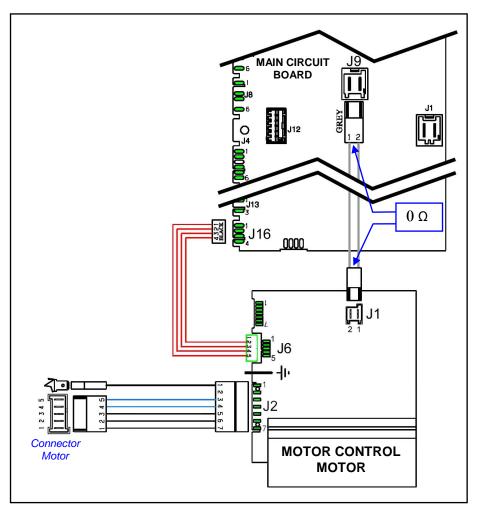
Replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

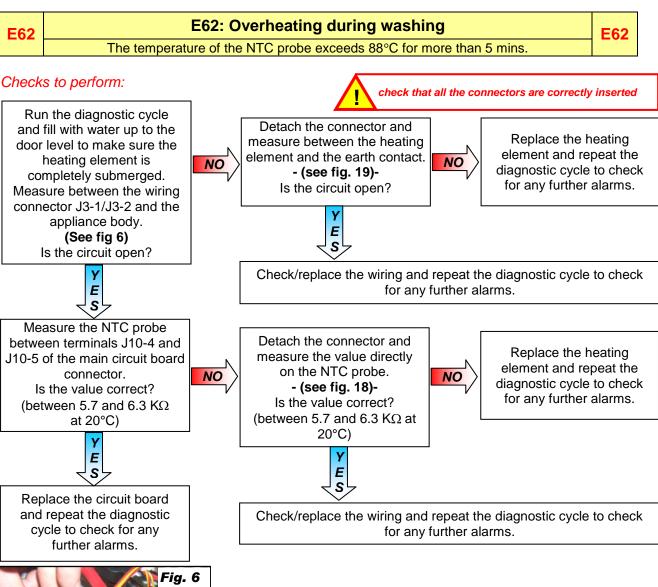
Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

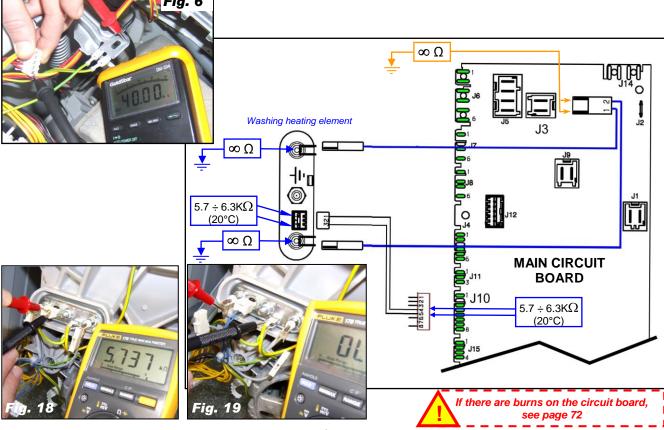
Is the appliance working?



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.







E66: Heating element power supply relay faulty E66 (inconsistency between the sensing and the status of the K2 Relay)

#### Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Measure between the connector J3-1/J3-2 of the main circuit board and the appliance body. - (Fig. 6) - Are there any dispersions?



Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

**E66** 



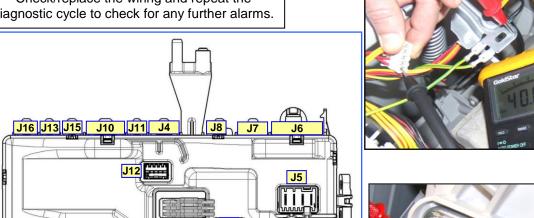
Detach the connectors and measure between the heating element and the earth contact. - (fig. 19) - Is the circuit open?



Replace the heating element and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

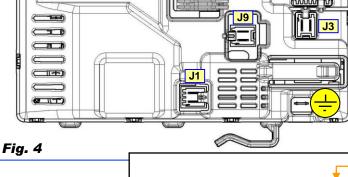


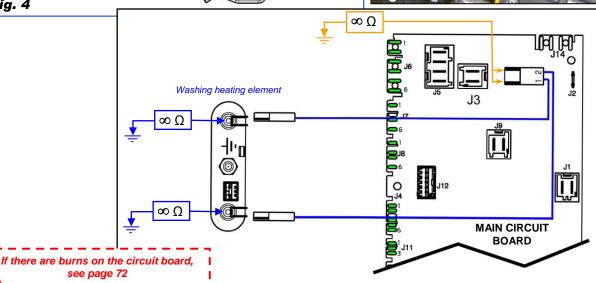
Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.





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#### E68: Washing heating element leakage

**E68** 

#### Checks to perform:

check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Run the diagnostic cycle and fill with water up to the door level to make sure the heating element is completely submerged. Measure between the wiring connector J3-1/J3-2 and the appliance body. -(see fig. 6)-Is the circuit open?

Detach the connectors and measure between the heating element NO and the earth contact. - (see fig. 19)-

Is the circuit open?

diagnostic cycle, drain water from the tub. Replace the heating element and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Run phase 9 of the



Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

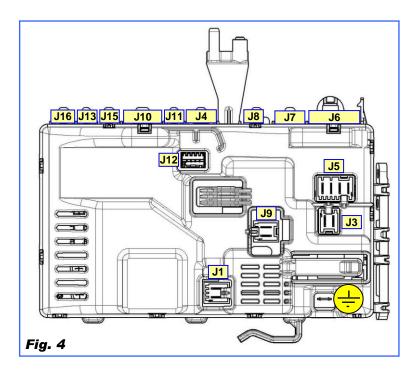
NO

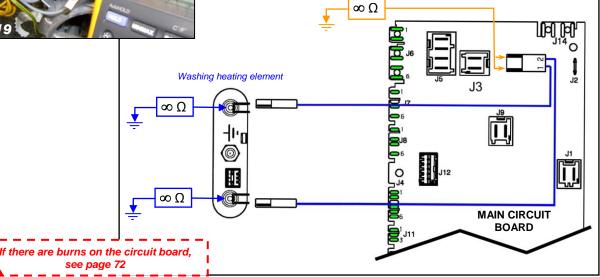


Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.









#### E69: Washing heating element damaged

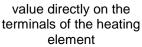
E69

#### Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Measure the resistance value of the heating element  $(\Omega)$  between terminals J3-1  $\div$  J3-2 of the wiring connector -(see fig. 4)- Is the value correct?



NO

(detach the connectors)
(See fig 20)

Measure the resistance

Is the value correct?  $(28 \div 31\Omega \text{ for } 230\text{V}/1750\text{W})$ 



Replace the heating element and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



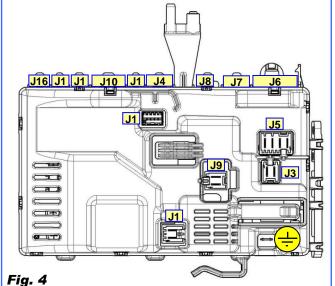
 $(28 \div 31\Omega \text{ for } 230\text{V}/1750\text{W})$ 

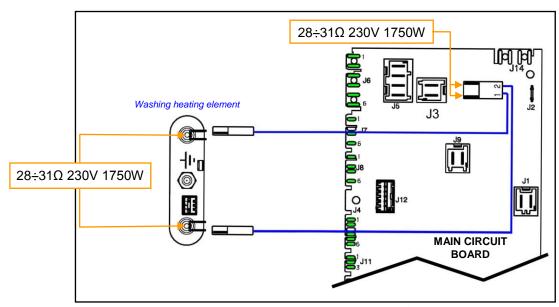
Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.







E6A

## E6A: Heating relay sensing faulty

E<sub>6</sub>A

#### Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



**E6H** 

#### E6H: Heating element power supply relay faulty

**E6H** 

(inconsistency between the sensing and the status of the K1 Relay)

#### Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Run the diagnostic cycle and fill with water up to the door level to make sure the heating element is completely submerged.

Measure between the wiring connector J3-1/J3-2 and the appliance body.

-(see fig. 6)-

-(see fig. 6)Is the circuit open?



Detach the connectors and measure between the heating element and the earth contact.

- (see fig. 19)-Is the circuit open?



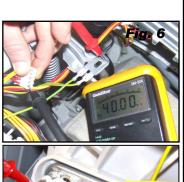
Run phase **9** of the diagnostic cycle, drain water from the tub. Replace the heating element and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

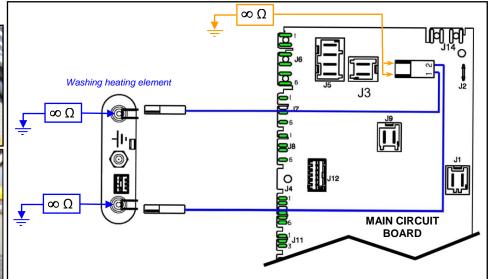


Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.





## **E71: Washing NTC probe faulty**

**E71** 

Voltage value out of range (short-circuit or open circuit)

#### Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Run **phase 7** of the diagnostic cycle and wait for the water to fill. Switch the appliance off and measure the value of the NTC probe between contacts J10-4 and J10-5 of the wiring connector -see fig. 4-.

Is the value correct? (between 5.7 and 6.3 K $\Omega$  at 20°C)



Measure between terminals J10-4, J10-5 of the NTC connector and the appliance body - (see fig. 6)-Is there any dispersion?



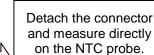
Detach the connector and measure directly between the terminals of the NTC probe and the appliance body.

There must be water in the tub.

Has the dispersion been measured?



Run phase **9** of the diagnostic cycle, drain water from the tub. Replace the washing heating element and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



- (see fig. 18)-Is the value correct? (5.7÷6.3 KΩ at 20°C)

Ε



Run phase **9** of the diagnostic cycle, drain water from the tub. Replace the washing heating element and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

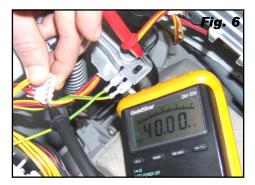


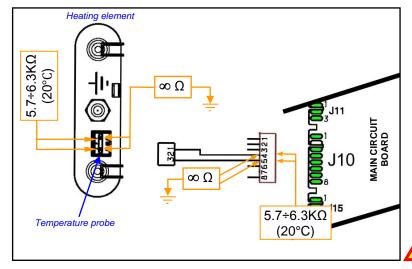
NO

Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

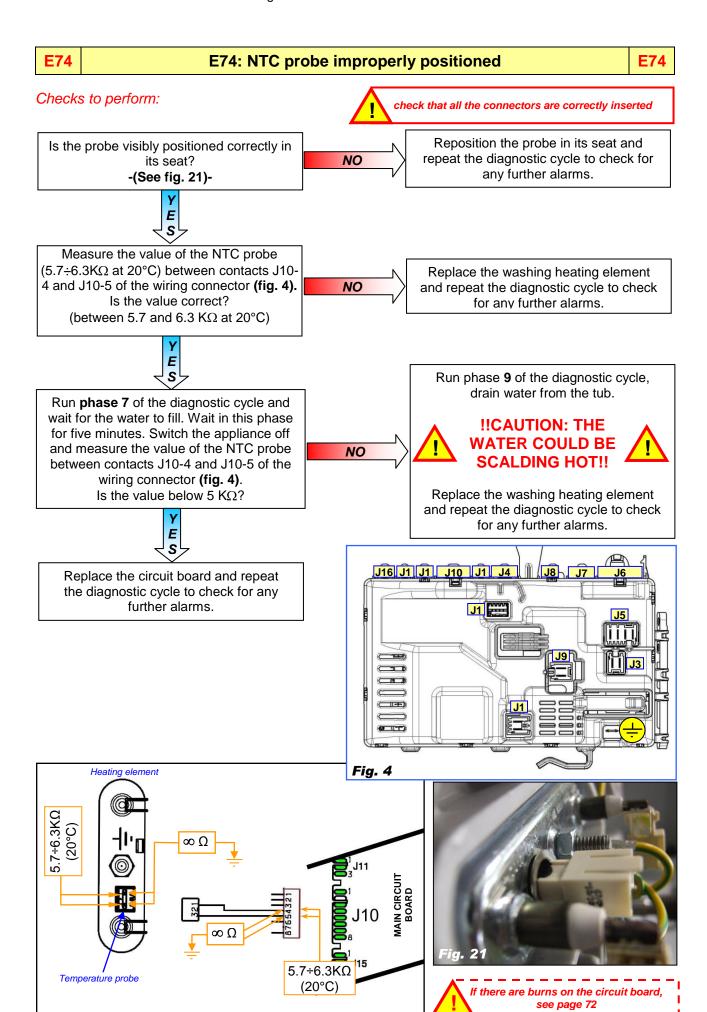


Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.









E83: Error reading the programme selector code E83 E83 Selector position code not envisaged by the configuration data or configuration error Checks to perform: check that all the connectors are correctly inserted Turn the appliance on, turn the programme selector to Repeat the diagnostic cycle every setting: wait at least NO to check for any 10 seconds on each of the further alarms. settings before moving on to the next one. Is alarm E83 shown again? Ε S Replace the display board Check for any friction between and repeat the diagnostic NO the control panel and the knob. cycle to check for any Is it difficult to turn the knob? further alarms. Ε S Repair the coupling between



E86: Programme selector configuration error E86

Checks to perform:

the control panel/selector knob.



Replace the display board and run the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



E87 E87: Display board microprocessor faulty E87

Checks to perform:



Replace the display board and run the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



# E91: Communication error between the display board and the main circuit board (1<sup>st</sup> part)

E91



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Disconnect the connector:

J16 from the main board that connects the motor
control board

Does the E91 alarm appear again?



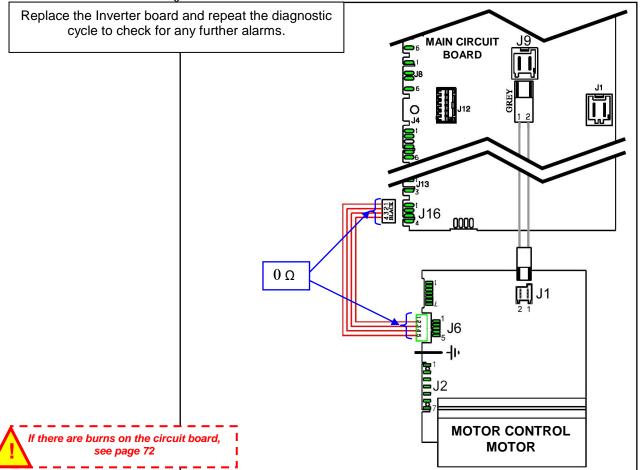
Check the wiring between the main circuit board and the Inverter board.

- ► Connect and disconnect the connector on both boards several times.
- ► Measure the continuity between connector J16 (main circuit board) and J6 (motor control board).

Is the wiring ok?

Replace / repair the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.





# E91: Communication error between the display board and the main circuit board (2<sup>st</sup> part)

**E91** 

#### Checks to perform:

## Follow from pag. 61

check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Check the wiring between the main circuit board and the display board:

- ► Detach and reconnect the connectors on both boards several times.
  - ► Measure the continuity between connector J4 (main circuit board) and J3 (display board).

    Is the wiring ok?

NO the

Replace / repair the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

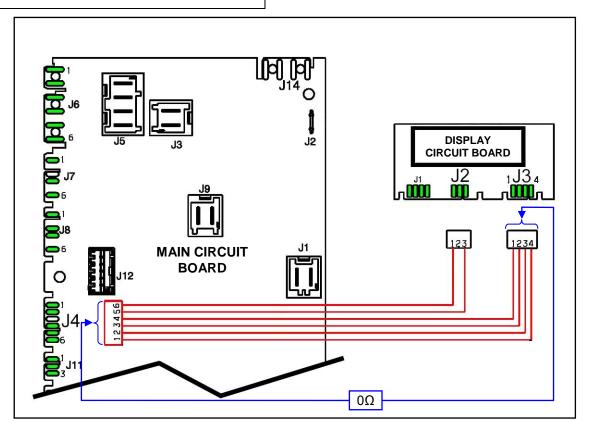
Is the appliance still displaying E91?





Replace the display board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.





E92 E92: protocol inconsistency
Inconsistency between configuration values on starting the appliance

Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Incorrect configuration possible.

Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E93 E93: Appliance configuration error
Inconsistency between configuration values on starting the appliance

Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Incorrect configuration possible.

Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E94 E94: Incorrect configuration of washing cycle
Inconsistency between configuration values on starting the appliance

Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Incorrect configuration possible.

Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E97: Inconsistency between control selector version and configuration data

Discrepancy between programme configuration data and selector recognition data

Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Incorrect configuration possible.

Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E98 E98: Communication error between main PCB and Inverter board

Incompatibility between the main circuit board and the Inverter board

Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Incorrect configuration possible.

Replace the main circuit board / Inverter board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E9C

#### **E9C: Display board configuration error**

E9C

Checks to perform:



Incorrect configuration possible.

Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E9E

## E9E: Display board sensor/touch key faulty

E9E

Checks to perform:

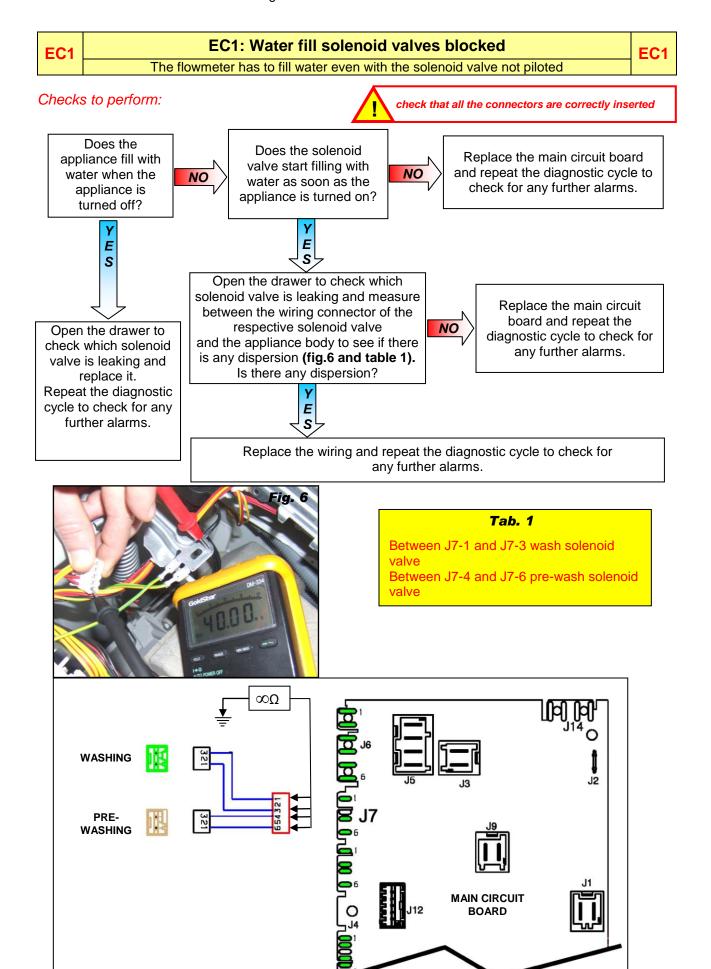


check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Display board faulty

Replace the display board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms





EF1

EF1: Drain hose blocked/kinked/too high; drain filter clogged/dirty

Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

This warning only appears at the end of the cycle. The appliance detected long drainage phases during the cycle. (E.g.: More than 20 seconds when draining after rinses). Check/clean the drain filter.

EF2

EF2: Excessive detergent dosing; drain hose kinked/blocked; drain filter dirty/clogged

EF2

EF1

Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

This is an excessive detergent dosing warning. The system detected too much foam was forming during the drain phases. Advise the Customer to use the correct quantity of detergent and to make sure the filter and drain circuit are clean.

EF3

#### EF3: Aqua Control device triggered

EF3

Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

This warns about the presence of water at the bottom of the appliance. Check for any water leaks and that the Aqua Control device float is positioned correctly.

Or caused by excessive overheating of the drain pump. Check for any items which may obstruct the normal operation of the rotor.

FF4

## EF4: Water fill pressure too low and solenoid valve open

EF4

Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

It is a warning that the water pressure is too low. If the water pressure is connect, check: the wiring of the flowmeter and the Flowmeter.

EF5

EF5: Unbalanced load, spin phases skipped.

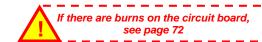
EF5

Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

This is an unbalanced load warning. The appliance detected an extremely unbalanced load during the spin phases. Advise the customer to load more washing into the drum and not just individual garments.



EF6: Reset appliance. EF6

Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

No action to be performed, if continues, replace the main circuit board

EH1: Mains frequency incorrect

Power supply frequency out of configured range

EH1

Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

#### Important!



The appliance remains in alarm status until the mains frequency returns to the correct values or the appliance is switched off (programme selector set to "0"). Only the family of the alarm is displayed and the diagnostics mode cannot be accessed. The complete alarm can only be read when the situation has normalised.



Is the supply line disturbed or the mains frequency out of range?



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

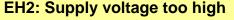


Have the electrical system of the home checked / repaired by the proper Body.



If there are burns on the circuit board, see page 72

--11.7



EH2

Supply voltage value higher than the one configured (for more than 10 seconds)

Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

#### Important!



The appliance remains in alarm status until the mains frequency returns to the correct values or the appliance is switched off (programme selector set to "0"). Only the family of the alarm is displayed and the diagnostics mode cannot be accessed. The complete alarm can only be read when the situation has normalised.



Is the supply line disturbed or the mains voltage out of range?



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Have the electrical system of the home checked / repaired by the proper Body.



EH3

#### EH3: Supply voltage too low

EH3

Supply voltage value higher than the one configured

Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted



The appliance remains in alarm status until the mains frequency returns to the correct values or the appliance is switched off (programme selector set to "0"). Only the family of the alarm is displayed and the diagnostics mode cannot be accessed. The complete alarm can only be read when the situation has normalised.

Important!



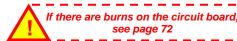
Is the supply line disturbed or the mains voltage out of range?



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Have the electrical system of the home checked / repaired by the proper Body.



EH4

#### EH4: "Zero watt" relay not functioning

EH4

Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



If there are burns on the circuit board, see page 72

EHE

EHE: Inconsistency between safety relay (main circuit board) and safety "sensing" circuit

EHE

Checks to perform:



check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



If there are burns on the circuit board, see page 72

**EHF** 

## EHF: Safety sensing circuit faulty

**EHF** 

Input voltage microprocessor wrong

Checks to perform:

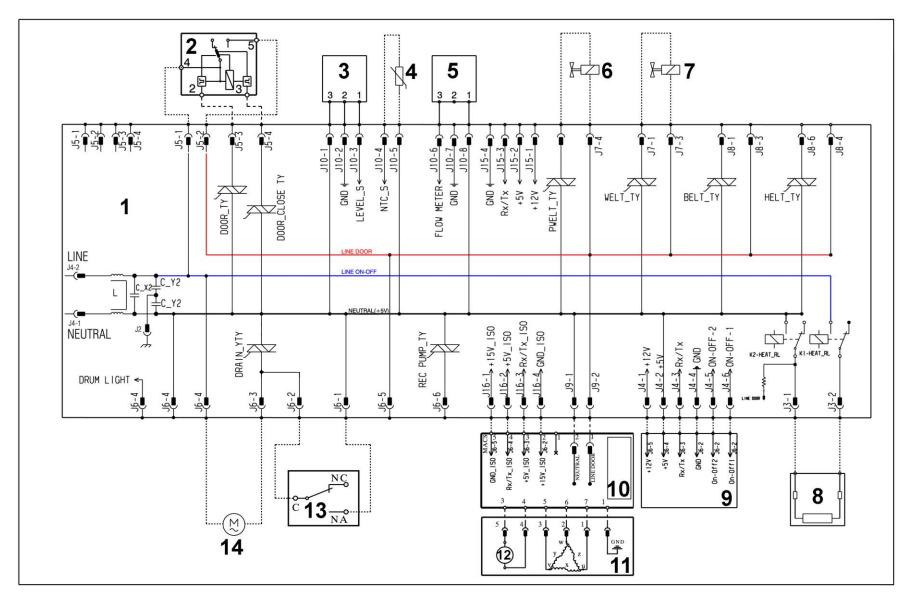


check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



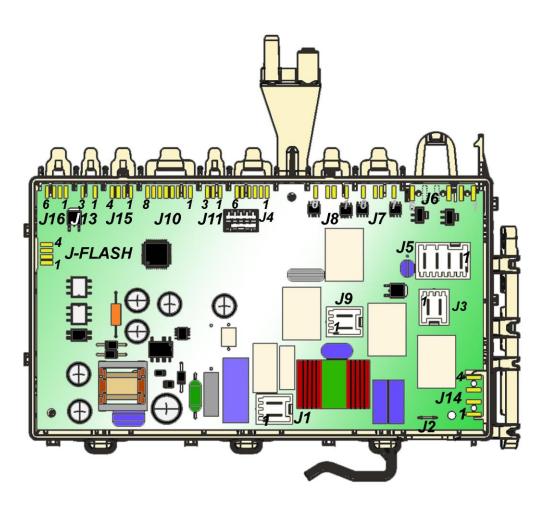
#### 7 WM OPERATING CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



## 7.1 Key to circuit diagram WM

Appliance electrical components		PCB components		
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13.	Main circuit board Door safety interlock Electronic pressure switch NTC (washing) Flow sensor Pre-wash solenoid valve Wash solenoid valve Heating element Display board Motor control board (Inverter) Triple-phase motor Tachometric generator (motor) Aqua control sensor Drain pump	DRAIN_YTY Drain pump Triac DOOR_TY Door interlock Triac DOOR_CLOSE_TY Door interlock Triac PWELT_TY Pre-wash solenoid Triac WELV_TY Wash solenoid Triac K1 Heating element relay K2 Heating element relay		

## 7.2 Main circuit board connectors

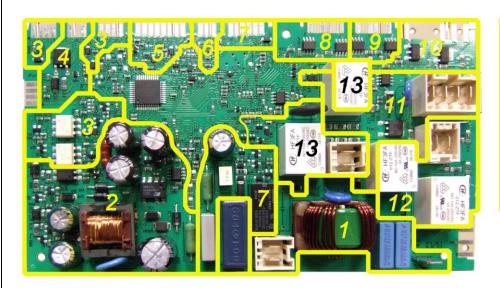


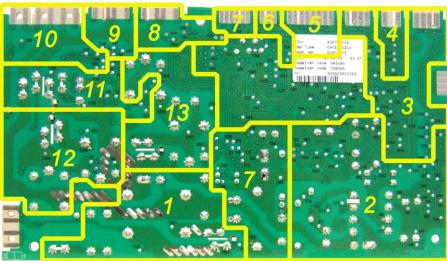
J15	J10		
MACS communication J15-1 Vee 12V J15-2 5V J15-3 Rx/Tx J15-4 GND  J16  MACS communication J15-1 Vee 12V	J10-1 Analogue pressure switch (+5V) J10-2 Analogue pressure switch (GND) J10-3 Analogue pressure switch (signal) J10-4 NTC temperature probe (signal) J10-5 NTC temperature probe (+5V) J10-6 Flowmeter (signal) J10-7 Flowmeter (GND) J10-8 Flowmeter (+5V)		
<b>J15-2</b> 5V <b>J15-3</b> Rx/Tx	J7		
J15-4 GND	J7-1 Wash solenoid valve (Triac)		
J4	J7-3 Wash solenoid valve (Line)		
<b>J4-1</b> Vee 12V0	<b>J7-4</b> Pre-wash solenoid valve (Line) <b>J7-6</b> Pre-wash solenoid valve (Triac)		
<b>J4-2</b> 5V	J1		
<b>J4-3</b> Rx/Tx <b>J4-4</b> GND			
<b>J4-5</b> ON/OFF 2	J1-1 line (neutral) J1-2 line		
<b>J4-6</b> ON/OFF 1			
J8	J5		
J8-1 J8-3 J8-4 J8-6 J2	J5-1 Door lock (Line) J5-2 Door lock (Door line) J5-3 Door lock (PTC Triac) J5-4 Door lock (Triac)		
	14.4		
J6 J6-1 Aqua control device (Neutral) J6-2 Aqua control device (Line) J6-3 Drain pump (Triac) J6-4 Drain pump (Line) J6-5 J6-6	J14 Serial interface: J9-1 ASY_IN J9-2 ASY_OUT J9-3 +5V J9-4 GND		
J3	J13		
J3-1 heating element (Neutral Relay) J3-2 heating element (Line Relay)	J13-1 J13-3		
J9	J12		
J9-1 FCV power supply (Neutral) J9-1 FCV power supply (Relay)	J11-1 J11-2 J11-1		

#### 7.3 Burns on the main circuit board EWM10931

In the event of burns on the main circuit board, check whether the problem was caused by another electrical component (short-circuits, poor insulation, water leaks). Use the figures that follow to pinpoint the component which may have caused the problem, depending on the area of the burns.

The type of board illustrated is the one with the largest number of components; other boards do not feature some of these components.





- 1. Anti-disturbance filter area
- 2. Power supply area
- 3. Satellite board communication area
- 4. Drum light circuit area
- 5. Analogue level sensor, wash NTC temperature probe, flowmeter and weight sensor area
- 6. Drum positioning sensor area (Top loading)

- 7. Zero watt circuit area
- 8. Unused area
- 9. Water fill solenoid valves area (wash and pre-wash)
- 10. Drain pump area
- 11. Door lock area
- 12. Heating element area
- 13. FCV relay area (motor)

Remarks	

#### **REVISION:**

Revision	Date	Description	Author	Approved by
00	05/2012	Document Creation	DMM	XX – 0X/201X