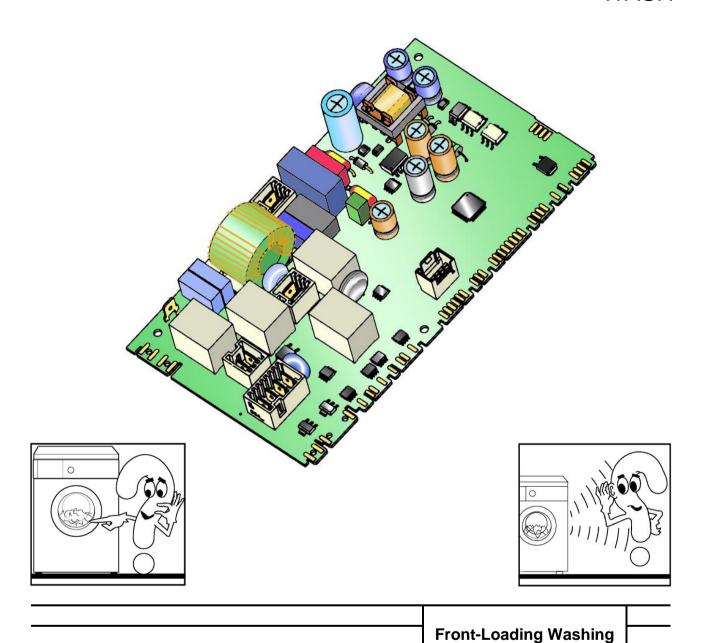


# **SERVICE MANUAL**

**WASH** 



© ELECTROLUX HOME PRODUCTS Customer Care - EMEA **Training and Operations Support Technical Support** 

Publication number

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ΕN

guide to diagnostics of electronic controls

Machines

EWM10931

THE **INSPIRATION RANGE** 

TC2

**G29** 

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Guide to diagnostics of electronic controls EWM10931

# Index

1	INTRODUCTION	
	1.1 Purpose of this manual	
	1.2 Warnings	
	1.3 How to proceed	
2		
3		
	3.1 Accessing diagnostics	
	3.2 Quitting the diagnostics system	
	3.3 Diagnostic test phases	
4		
	4.1 Displaying user alarms	
	4.2 Reading the alarms	
	4.3 Rapid reading of alarms	
	4.4 Deleting the last alarm	
	4.5 ALARM SUMMARY TABLE	
_	4.6 Notes on the behaviour of certain alarms	
5		
^	5.1 None of the LEDs on the circuit board light up	
6		
	E11: Water fill difficulty during washing	
	E13: Water leaks E21: Drain difficulty	
	,	
	E23: Problems with the component (triac) controlling the drain pump E24: Sensing circuit of the component (triac) controlling the drain pump faulty	
	E32: The analogue pressure switch causes an error during calibration	
	E32: The analogue pressure switch causes an error during calibration	
	E38: Internal pressure chamber is clogged	
	E41: Door open (device with 4 connections)	
	E42: Problems opening door (device with 4 connections)	
	E43: Problems with the component (triac) controlling the delay system (device with 4 connections	
	E44: Door closed "sensing" circuit faulty	
	E45: Problems with the "sensing" circuit of the component (triac) controlling the door delay system	m.35
	E52: No signal from motor tachometric generator (1 <sup>st</sup> part)	36
	E52: No signal from motor tachometric generator (2 <sup>st</sup> part)	38
	E57: Inverter is drawing too much current (>16A)	40
	E58: Inverter is drawing too much current (>4A)	
	E59: No signal from the tachometric generator	44
	E5A: Overheating on heat dissipater for Inverter board	46
	E5C: The inverter board input voltage is too high (greater than 430V)	47
	E5d: Data transfer error between Inverter PCB and main PCB	
	E5E: Communication error between Inverter PCB and main PCB	
	E5H: The Inverter board input voltage is too low (less than 175V)	
	E62: Overheating during washing	
	E66: Heating element power supply relay faulty	
	E68: Washing heating element leakage	
	E69: Washing heating element damaged	
	E6A: Heating relay sensing faulty	55
	E6H: Heating element power supply relay faulty	
	E71: NTC probe faulty	56
	E74: NTC probe improperly positioned	
	E83: Error reading the programme selector code	
	E86: Programme selector configuration error	
	E87: Display board microprocessor faulty E91: Communication error between the display board and the main circuit board (1 <sup>st</sup> part)	
	E91: Communication error between the display board and the main circuit board (2 <sup>st</sup> part)	
	E92: protocol incongruence	
	E93. Appliance configuration error  E94: Incorrect configuration of washing cycle	
	E94: Incorrect configuration of washing cycle	
	E98: Communication error between main PCB and Inverter board	
	Communication one sembon main to build inverted build	
	E9C: Display board configuration error	62

# Guide to diagnostics of electronic controls EWM10931

	EC1: Water fill solenoid valves blocked	63
	EF1: Drain hose blocked/kinked/too high; drain filter clogged/dirty	64
	EF2: Excessive detergent dosing; Drain hose kinked/blocked; Drain filter clogged/dirty	64
	EF3: Aqua Control device triggered	
	EF4: Water fill pressure too low and solenoid valve open	64
	EF5: Unbalanced load, spin phases skipped	
	EF6: Reset appliance.	
	EH1: Mains frequency incorrect	
	EH2: Supply voltage too high	
	EH3: Supply voltage too low	
	EH4 EH4: zero watt relay not functioning	66
	EHE: Inconsistency between safety relay (main circuit board) and safety "sensing" circuit	66
	EHF: Safety sensing circuit faulty	
7	7 WM MAIN OPERATING CIRCUIT DIAGRAM	67
	7.1 Key to circuit diagram WM	
	7.2 Main circuit board connectors	
	7.3 Burns on the main circuit board EWM10931	70

## 1 INTRODUCTION

## 1.1 Purpose of this manual

The purpose of this manual is to explain, simply and schematically, the steps any Technician should take when faced with the problems indicated by the various alarm codes on appliances with electronic control in the EWM10931 series.

Depending on the appliance configuration, the alarms may be entirely or partially displayed to the user: the latter solution is usually adopted.

The diagnostics system is used by Service Technicians to:

- Read alarms
- Delete the alarm stored
- Test the appliance operation.

## 1.2 Warnings

- Any work on electrical appliances must only be carried out by qualified technicians.
- Before servicing an appliance, check the efficiency of the electrical system in the home using appropriate instruments. As an example, refer to the instructions described/illustrated in the <<metratester>> course at the address (<a href="http://electrolux.edvantage.net">http://electrolux.edvantage.net</a>) on the Electrolux Learning Gateway portal.

On completing operations, check that the appliance has been restored to the same state of safety as when it came off the assembly line.

- If the circuit board needs to be handled/replaced, use the ESD kit (Code 405 50 63-95/4) kit to avoid electrostatic discharges damaging the electronic circuit board, see S.B. No. 599 72 08-09 or consult the <<Cariche elettrostatiche>> course at the address (<a href="http://electrolux.edvantage.net">http://electrolux.edvantage.net</a>) of the Electrolux Learning Gateway portal.
- This platform is not fitted with an ON/OFF switch. Before you access internal components, take the plug out of the socket to cut the power supply.
- Make resistance measurements, rather than direct voltage and current measurements
- Warning the sensors located on the display board could be at a potential of 220 Volt.
- When replacing the heating element, replace it with one that has the same characteristics (2 thermal fuses) in order not to compromise the safety of the appliance. Do not remove/switch the NTC sensors between heating elements.
- Always empty all of the water from the appliance before laying it on its side.
- Never lay the appliance on its right side (electronic controls side) as water can escape from the detergent dispenser and be dropped onto electrical/electronic components, which may burn these out.
- When replacing components, please refer to the code shown in the list of spare parts relating to the appliance.
- The resistance values of the components shown in this S.M. are purely indicative (relating to a sample appliance with new components).
  For the actual value of the component, please refer: to the S.B. 599706597 for motors, and for the other components, please consult S.M. . 599728903 "Component Characteristics"

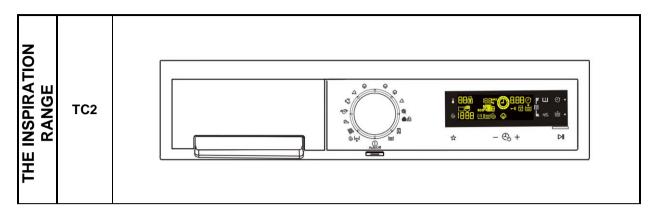


## 1.3 How to proceed

- 1. Identify the type of control in question (page 8) and access the diagnostic cycle (see page 8)
- 2. Read the alarm stored (page12) and consult the instructions regarding the "alarm codes", pages 13÷16.
- 3. Delete the alarms stored (page 12)
- **4.** If you are unable to access the diagnostic mode, consult the chapter entitled "The diagnostics system cannot be accessed" (page 17)
- 5. Should the main electronic circuit board need to be replaced, make sure there are no burns (see page 70)
- 6. After all interventions, check that the appliance is operating correctly using the diagnostic cycle (page 8)
- 7. Delete any alarm that may have been stored during the diagnostics operations (page 12)

## 2 WM APPLIANCE CONTROL PANELS

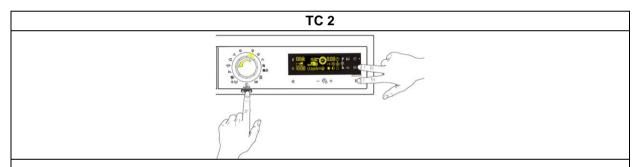
These are the stylings available at the time of printing of this Service Manual. Others may be developed in future.



#### 3 DIAGNOSTICS SYSTEM

## 3.1 Accessing diagnostics

The operations listed below must be carried out within 7 seconds.



#### Do not start the procedure with your fingers over the combination sensors

- 1. Switch on the appliance using the ON/OFF button. The first LED lights up.
- Simultaneously press the START/PAUSE button and the nearest option sensor (as shown in the diagram).
- Hold your fingers over the sensors until the LEDs and symbols begin to flash in sequence (approximately 3 seconds).

In the first position, the operation of the sensors, the LEDs and the groups of symbols shown on the LCD display is checked;

When the programme selector is turned in **a clockwise direction**, the operation of the various components is diagnosed and the alarms are read (see diagnostic test on the next page).

#### 3.2 Quitting the diagnostics system

→ In order to exit the diagnostic system turn the appliance off using the ON/OFF push button.

## 3.3 Diagnostic test phases

Irrespective of the type of circuit board and the configuration of the selector, after entering the diagnostic mode, turn the programme selector dial **clockwise** to perform the diagnostic cycle for the operation of the various components and to read any alarms.

Concurrently, a selector control code is shown on the LCD display, which indicates for **two** seconds, the description in the last column of the table below.. (all alarms are enabled in the diagnostic cycle).

Selector position		Components activated	Working conditions	Function tested	LCD display	
1	13 14 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	<ul> <li>The LEDs, groups of symbols in the LCD screen and the back-light of the display are turned on in sequence.</li> <li>Touch a sensor to turn on the group of icons in the LCD screen or the corresponding LED and the buzzer sounds at the same time.</li> </ul>	Always active	User interface functions		
2	13 14 1 2 12 3 3 11 0 4 10 5 9 8 7 6	<ul><li>Door safety interlock</li><li>Wash solenoid</li></ul>	Door closed Water level below anti-flooding level Maximum time 5 mins.	Water fill to wash compartment	Water level in the tub (mm)	
3	13 14 1 2 12 3 3 11 0 5 9 8 7 6	<ul><li>Door safety interlock</li><li>Pre-wash solenoid</li></ul>	Door closed Water level below anti-flooding level Maximum time 5 mins.	Water fill to pre- wash compartment	Water level in the tub (mm)	
4	13 14 1 2 12 3 3 11 0 5 9 8 7 6	<ul><li>Door safety interlock</li><li>Solenoid valve</li><li>pre-wash and wash</li></ul>	Door closed Water level below anti-flooding level Maximum time 5 mins.	Water fill to conditioner compartment	Water level in the tub (mm)	
5	13 14 1 2 3 11 10 10 4 10 5 9 8 7 6	<ul><li>Door safety interlock</li><li>Third solenoid valve</li></ul>	Door closed Water level below anti-flooding level Maximum time 5 mins.	Water fill to third solenoid valve compartment	Water level in the tub is displayed (mm)	
6	13 14 1 2 12 3 3 11 0 4 10 9 8 7 6	<ul> <li>Door safety interlock</li> <li>Fourth solenoid valve (hot water where featured)</li> </ul>	Door closed Water level below anti-flooding level Maximum time 5 mins.	Water fill to fourth solenoid valve compartment	Water level in the tub is displayed (mm)	
7	13 14 1 2 12 3 3 11 0 4 100 9 8 7	<ul> <li>Door safety interlock</li> <li>Wash solenoid, if the water in the tub is not enough to cover the heating element.</li> <li>Heating element</li> <li>Weight sensor (an extra litre of water is filled if featured)</li> <li>Circulation pump</li> </ul>	Door closed Water level above the heating element. Maximum time 10 mins up to 90°C. (*)	Reheating Circulation	Temperature in °C measured using the NTC probe.	

	Selector position	Components activated	Working conditions	Function tested	LCD display
8	13 14 1 2 12 3 3 11 0 4 10 5 9 8 7 6	<ul> <li>Door safety interlock</li> <li>Wash solenoid, if the water in the tub is not enough to cover the heating element.</li> <li>Motor (55 rpm clockwise, 55 rpm anti-clockwise, 250 rpm pulse)</li> </ul>	Door closed Water level above the heating element	Check for leaks from the tub.	Drum speed in rpm/10
9	13 14 1 2 12 3 3 11 0 0 5 9 8 7 6	<ul> <li>Door safety interlock</li> <li>Drain pump</li> <li>Motor up to 650 rpm then at maximum spin speed (**)</li> </ul>	Door closed Water level lower than anti-boiling level for spinning.	Drain, calibration of analogue pressure switch and spin.	Drum speed in rpm/10
10					
11	13 14 1 2 12 3 3 11 0 4 100 9 8 7 6	- Reading/Deleting the last alarm			
12 ÷ 14	13 14 1 2 3 11 0 4 10 5 9 8 7 6	<ul> <li>The LEDs, groups of symbols in the LCD screen and the back-light of the display are turned on in sequence.</li> <li>Touch a sensor to turn on the group of icons in the LCD screen or the corresponding LED and the buzzer sounds at the same time.</li> </ul>	Always active	User interface functions	rini

<sup>(\*)</sup> In most cases, this time is sufficient to check the heating. However, the time can be increased by repeating the phase without draining the water: pass for a moment to a different phase of the diagnostic cycle and then back to the heating control phase (if the temperature is higher than 80°C, heating does not take place). (\*\*) The check at the maximum speed occurs without control of the A.G.S. and no garments must be inside the appliance..

## 4 ALARMS

### 4.1 Displaying user alarms

When a problem occurs in the appliance, the LCD shows a WARNING represented by a code (in three digits, where the time up to the end of the cycle is displayed), at the same time the buzzer emits three short "beeps" every 20 seconds for a period of 5 minutes.

When the problem is repaired/solved, the buzzer does not emit the "beeps" and the LCD displays the selected program.

This does not occur for alarm EH0



The alarms displayed to the user are listed below and can also be eliminated by the user:

TC2
E10 - Water fill difficulty (tap closed)
E20 - Drain difficulty (filter dirty)
E40 - Door open
EF0 – Excessive detergent
EH0 - Voltage or frequency outside the normal values

#### While the alarm listed below:



The intervention of a service engineer is required to resolve this.

The other alarms are displayed by a code

The alarms are enabled during the execution of the washing programme. With the exception of alarms associated with the configuration and the power supply voltage/frequency, which are also displayed during the programme selection phase.

Generally speaking when an alarm has occurred (unless it is specified to the contrary), it is possible to open the door provided that:

- The level of the water in the tub is below a certain level.
- The water temperature is lower than 55°°C.
- The motor has stopped.

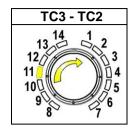
Certain alarm conditions require a drain phase to be performed before the door can be opened for safety reasons:

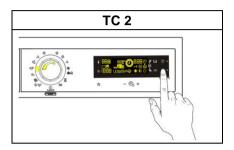
- Cooling water fill if the temperature is higher than 65°C.
- Drain until the analogue pressure switch is on empty, during a max. 3-minute interval.

## 4.2 Reading the alarms

The last three alarms stored in the FLASH memory of the PCB can be displayed:

- Select the diagnostic mode (para. 3.1)
- Irrespective of the type of circuit board and configuration, turn the programme selector knob **clockwise** to the **eleventh position** and the last al;arm, is displayed.
- to display previous alarms, touch the sensor closest to the START/PAUSE sensor in sequence (as shown in the figure)
- To return to the last alarm, touch the START/PAUSE sensor.





## 4.3 Rapid reading of alarms

The last alarm can be displayed even if the programme selector is not in the eleventh position (diagnostics) or if the appliance is in normal operating mode (e.g. during the execution of the washing programme):

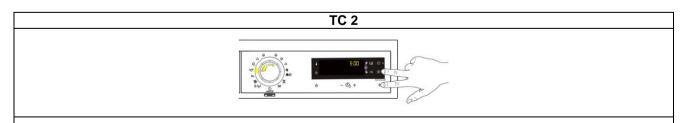
- → Press the **START/PAUSE** button and the nearest **option button** simultaneously (as if you were entering DIAGNOSTIC mode) for at least 2 seconds: the display then shows the last alarm..
- → The alarm will continue to be displayed until a sensor is touched.
- → While the alarm is being displayed, the appliance continues to perform the cycle or, if in the programme selection phase, it maintains the previously selected options in memory.

#### 4.4 Deleting the last alarm

It is good practice to cancel the alarms stored:

- after reading the alarm codes, to check whether the alarm re-occurs during the diagnostic cycle
- after repairing the appliance, to check whether or not it occurs again during testing.

N.B. With this operation all the alarms stored are deleted.



- 1. Select the diagnostic mode (para. 3.1)
- 2. Turn the selector clockwise until the **eleventh led** lights up.
- Simultaneously press the START/PAUSE button and the nearest option sensor (as shown in the diagram).
- 4. Keep your fingers over the sensors until the LCD display shows "E00" (at least 5 seconds).

## 4.5 ALARM SUMMARY TABLE

Alarm	Description	Possible fault	Machine status/action	Reset	Page
E00					
E11	Water fill difficulty during washing	Tap closed or water pressure too low; Drain pipe improperly positioned; Water fill solenoid valve faulty; Leaks from water circuit on pressure switch; Pressure switch faulty; Wiring faulty; Main PCB faulty.	Cycle is paused with door locked	START/RESET	18
E13	Water leaks	Drain pipe improperly positioned; Water pressure too low; Water fill solenoid valve faulty; Water circuit on pressure switch is leaking/clogged; Pressure switch faulty.	Cycle is paused with door locked	START/RESET	20
E21	Drain difficulty during washing	Drain pipe kinked/clogged/improperly positioned; Drain filter clogged/dirty; Wiring faulty; Pressure switch faulty; Drain pump rotor blocked; Drain pump faulty; Main PCB faulty.	Cycle paused (after 2 attempts)	START ON/OFF RESET	22
E23	Faulty Triac for drain pump	Wiring faulty; Drain pump faulty; Main PCB faulty.	Safety drain cycle - Cycle stops with door open.	RESET	24
E24	Drain pump TRIAC "sensing" circuit faulty.	Main circuit board faulty.	Safety drain cycle - Cycle stops with door unlocked	RESET	26
	Malfunction in electronic pressure switch circuit	Wiring; Electronic pressure switch; Main PCB;	Cycle stops with door locked	RESET	26
E32	Calibration error of the electronic pressure switch	Drain pipe kinked/clogged/improperly positioned; solenoid valve faulty; drain filter clogged/dirty; drain pump faulty; leaks from pressure switch hydraulic circuit; pressure switch faulty; Wiring; main PCB;	Cycle paused	START/RESET	27
E35	Overflow	Water fill solenoid valve faulty; Leaks from water circuit on pressure switch; Wiring faulty; Pressure switch faulty; Main PCB faulty.	Cycle interrupted. Safety drain cycle. Drain pump continues to operate (5 mins. on, then 5 mins. off, and so on)	RESET	28
	Internal pressure chamber is clogged (water level does not change for at least 30 sec. of drum rotation)	Motor belt broken; Water circuit on pressure switch clogged.	Heating phase is skipped	RESET	29
E41	Door open	Check whether the door is closed properly; Wiring faulty; Door safety interlock faulty; Main circuit board faulty.	Cycle paused	START/RESET	30
E42	Problems with door lock	Wiring faulty; Door safety interlock faulty; Electrical current leak between heating element and ground; main PCB faulty.	Cycle paused	START/RESET	32
E43		Wiring faulty; Door safety interlock faulty; Main circuit board faulty.	(Safety drain cycle) Cycle blocked	RESET	34
E44	Faulty sensing by door delay system	•	(Safety drain cycle) Cycle blocked	RESET	35
E45	Faulty sensing by door delay system triac	Main circuit board faulty.	(Safety drain cycle) Cycle blocked	E45	35

Alarm	Description	Possible fault	Machine status/action	Reset	Page
E52	No signal from motor tachometric generator	Wiring faulty; Motor faulty; Inverter board faulty;	Cycle stops with door locked (after 5 attempts)	ON/OFF RESET	36/38
E57	The current drawn from the inverter is more than (>15A)	Wiring faulty on inverter for motor; Inverter PCB faulty; Motor faulty.	Cycle stops with door locked (after 5 attempts)	ON/OFF RESET	40
E58	The current drawn from the inverter is more than (>4.5A)	Motor malfunction (overload); Wiring faulty on inverter faulty; Motor faulty; Inverter PCB faulty	Cycle stops with door locked (after 5 attempts)	ON/OFF RESET	42
E59	No signal from tachometric generator for 3 seconds	Wiring faulty on inverter for motor; Inverter PCB faulty; Motor faulty.	Cycle stops with door locked (after 5 attempts)	ON/OFF RESET	44
E5A	Overheating on heat dissipater for Inverter	Overheating caused by continuous operation or ambient conditions (let appliance cool down); Inverter PCB faulty. NTC open (on the Inverter PCB)	Cycle stops with door locked (after 5 attempts)	ON/OFF RESET	46
E5C	Input voltage is too high	Input voltage is too high (measure the grid voltage); Inverter PCB faulty	Cycle stops with door locked (after 5 attempts)	ON/OFF RESET	47
E5d	Data transfer error between Inverter and main PCB	Line interference; Wiring faulty; Faulty main PCB or Inverter PCB.		ON/OFF RESET	48
E5E	Communication error between Inverter and main PCB	Faulty wiring between main PCB and inverter PCB; Inverter PCB faulty; Main PCB faulty;	Cycle blocked (after 5 attempts)	ON/OFF RESET	49
E5F	Inverter PCB fails to start the motor	Wiring faulty; Inverter PCB faulty; Main PCB faulty;	Cycle stops with door open (after 5 attempts)	ON/OFF RESET	49
E5H	Input voltage is lower than 175V.	Wiring faulty; Inverter PCB faulty;	Cycle stops with door locked (after 5 attempts)	ON/OFF RESET	50
E62	Overheating during washing (temperature higher than 88°C for more than 5 min.)	Wiring faulty; NTC probe for wash cycle faulty; Heating element faulty; Main PCB faulty.	Safety drain cycle Cycle stops with door open	RESET	51
E66	Heating element power relay faulty (inconsistency between sensing and K2 relay status)	Earth leakage between heating element and earth. Main PCB faulty;	Safety water fill Cycle stops with door closed.	ON/OFF RESET	52
E68	Current leak to the ground	Earth leakage between heating element and earth.	The heating phase is skipped	START/RESET	53
E69	Heating element interrupted	Wiring faulty; Heating element for washing interrupted (thermal fuse open); Main PCB faulty.		START ON/OFF RESET	54
E6A	Heating relay sensing faulty	Main circuit board faulty.	Cycle stops with door locked	RESET	55
Е6Н	Heating element power relay faulty (inconsistency between sensing and K1 relay status)	Wiring faulty; Earth-leakage between heating element and earth; Main PCB faulty.	Safety water fill Cycle stops with door closed.	ON/OFF RESET	55
E71	NTC probe for wash cycle faulty (short-circuited or open)	Wiring faulty; NTC probe for wash cycle faulty; Main circuit board faulty.	The heating phase is skipped	START/RESET	56
E74	NTC probe for wash cycle improperly positioned	Wiring faulty; NTC probe for wash cycle improperly positioned; NTC probe faulty; Main PCB faulty.	The heating phase is skipped	RESET	57
E83	Error in reading selector	Main PCB faulty (incorrect configuration data);	Cycle cancelled	START/RESET	58

Alarm	Description	Possible fault	Machine status/action	Reset	Page
E86	Selector configuration error	Display board		START ON/OFF RESET	
E87	Display board microprocessor faulty	If this continues, replace the display board	No action to be taken	START ON/OFF RESET	
E91	Communication error between main PCB and display	Wiring faulty; Inverter PCB faulty; Main circuit board faulty.		RESET	59/60
E92	Communication inconsistency between main PCB and display (incompatible versions)	Incorrect control/display PCB; Incorrect PCB (does not correspond to the model).	Cycle blocked	ON/OFF	
E93	Appliance configuration error	Main PCB faulty (incorrect configuration data);	Cycle blocked	ON/OFF	
E94	cycle	Main PCB faulty (incorrect configuration data);	Cycle blocked	ON/OFF	61
E97	Inconsistency between programme selector and cycle configuration	Main PCB faulty (incorrect configuration data);	Cycle blocked	RESET	
E98	Communication error between main PCB - Inverter	Incompatibility between main PCB and Inverter	Cycle blocked	ON/OFF	
E9C	Display board configuration error	Display board faulty		START ON/OFF RESET	62
E9E	Display board sensor/touch key faulty	Display board faulty		ON/OFF	
EC1	Electronically controlled valve blocked with operating flowmeter	Faulty wiring; Faulty/blocked solenoid, PCB faulty,	Cycle stops with door locked Drain pump continues to operate (5 mins. on, then 5 mins. off, and so on)	RESET	63
EF1	Drain filter clogged (drain phase too long)	Drain filter clogged/dirty. Drain hose blocked/kinked/too high.	Warning displayed at the end of cycle.	START/RESET	
EF2	Overdosing of detergent (too much foam during drain phases)	Excessive detergent dosing; Drain hose kinked/blocked; Drain filter clogged/dirty.	Warning displayed after 5 attempts or by the specific LED.	RESET	
EF3	Water control system intervention	Water leaks onto base frame; Aqua control system faulty; Drain pump winding interruption/overheating.	Appliance drains	ON/OFF RESET	64
EF4	controlled valve is open	Tap closed, water fill pressure too low		RESET	
EF5	Unbalanced load	Final spin phases skipped.		START/RESET	
EF6	Reset	If it continues, replace the main board.	No action to be taken		65
EH1		Problem with the power supply network (incorrect/disturbed); Main PCB faulty.	Wait for nominal frequency conditions	ON/OFF	65
EH2	Supply voltage too high	Problem with the power supply network (incorrect/disturbed); Main PCB faulty.	Wait for nominal voltage conditions.	ON/OFF	0.5

Alarm	Description	Possible fault	Machine status/action	Reset	Page
EH3	Supply voltage too low	Problem with the power supply network (incorrect/disturbed); Main PCB faulty.	Wait for nominal voltage conditions.	ON/OFF	
EH4	0Watt relay malfunction	Main circuit board faulty.		ON/OFF RESET	
EHE	Inconsistency between FCV relay (in the main board) and safety "sensing" circuit	Faulty cabling; Main circuit board faulty	Safety drain cycle Cycle stops with door open	RESET	66
EHF	Safety sensing circuit faulty (wrong input voltage to microprocessor)	Main circuit board faulty.	Safety drain cycle Cycle stops with door open	RESET	

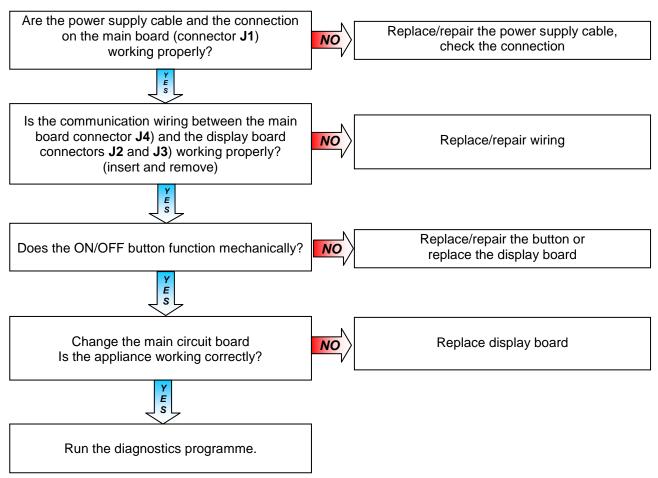
#### 4.6 Notes on the behaviour of certain alarms

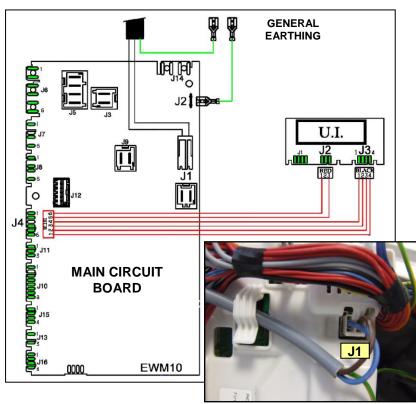
- Configuration alarm E93: when this alarm rings (when turned on) the machine blocks and the alarm code appears on the display provided the relevant configuration part is intact.
  - It will not be possible to access diagnostics mode and the only available option is to turn the appliance off.
- Configuration alarm E94: The code can also be viewed from the display.

  The diagnostics mode cannot be accessed and the "quick alarm viewing" mode cannot be used.
- Alarms EH1-EH2-EH3: in the event of problems with the supply voltage, the appliance remains in alarm status until the mains frequency or voltage returns to acceptable levels or the appliance is switched off. The display shows the alarm family "H".
- Alarms E51- E52: all the alarms are displayed during diagnostic testing: normally, when shifting from one control phase to another, the appliance quits the alarm mode and executes the selected phase. This is not the case for alarms E51 (motor power supply TRIAC short-circuiting)) and E52 (no signal from motor tachometric generator): the only choice to quit the alarm mode is to turn the appliance off with the ON/OFF push button or to cut off the power from the mains supply.

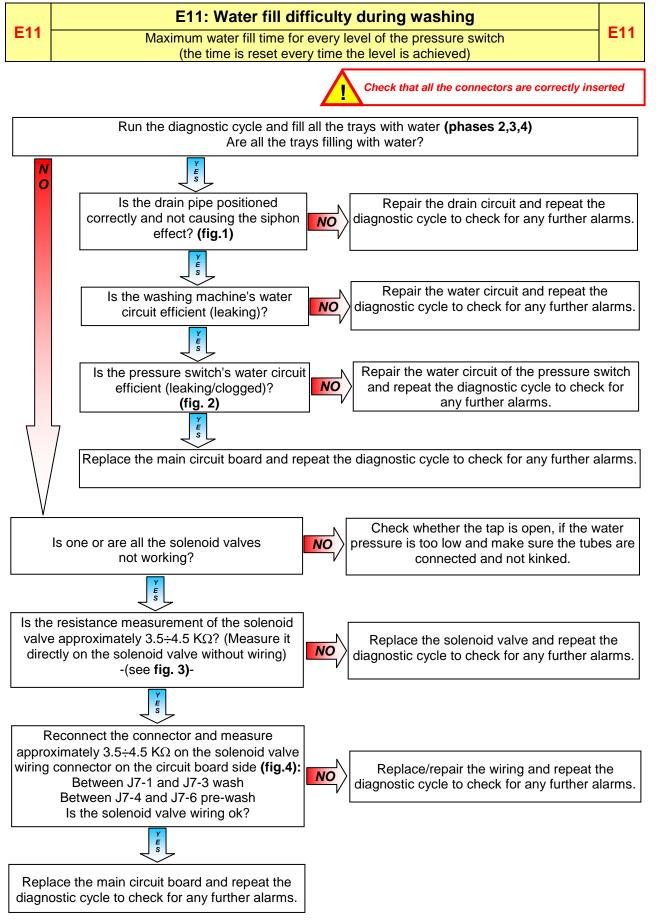
## 5 CANNOT ACCESS THE DIAGNOSTICS PROGRAMME

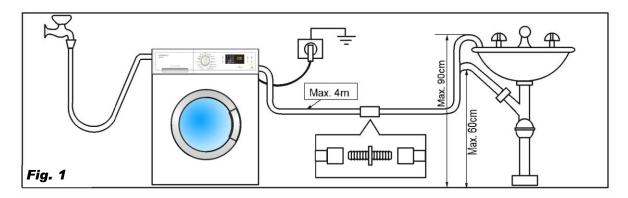
## 5.1 None of the LEDs on the circuit board light up

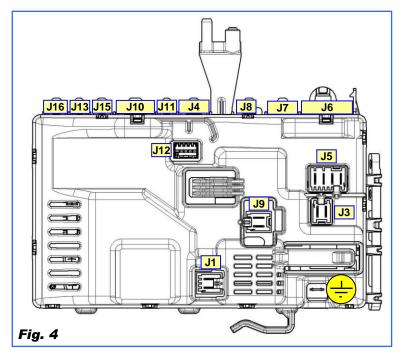


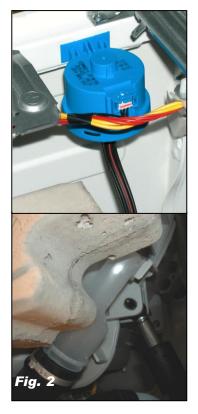


#### 6 TROUBLESHOOTING BASED ON ALARM CODES

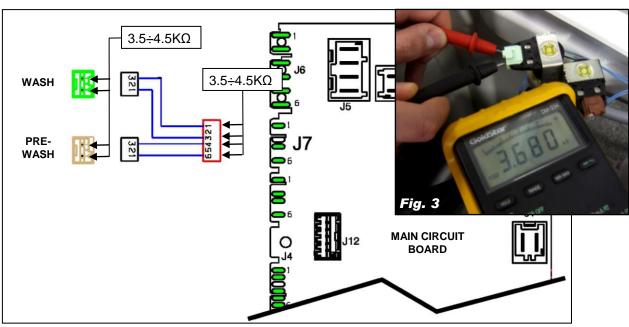












#### E13: Water leaks

Maximum overall water fill time exceeded (sum of all water fills between one drain phase and the next to avoid exceeding the maximum volume)

E13

Checks to perform:



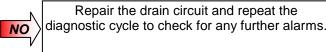
Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Run the diagnostic cycle and fill all the trays with water **(phases 2,3,4)**Are all the trays filling with water?

N O

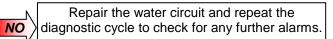


Is the drain pipe positioned correctly and not causing the siphon effect? (fig.1)



Y E S

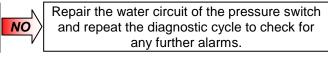
Is the washing machine's water circuit efficient (leaking)?





Is the pressure switch's water circuit efficient (leaking/clogged)?

(fig. 2)





Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Is one or are all the solenoid valves not working?



Check whether the tap is open, if the water pressure is too low and make sure the tubes are connected and not kinked.



Is the resistance measurement of the solenoid valve approximately 3.5 $\div$ 4.5 K $\Omega$ ? (Measure it directly on the solenoid valve without wiring) -(see **fig. 3**)-



Replace the solenoid valve and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Reconnect the connector and measure approximately 3.5÷4.5 KΩ on the solenoid valve wiring connector on the circuit board side (fig.4):

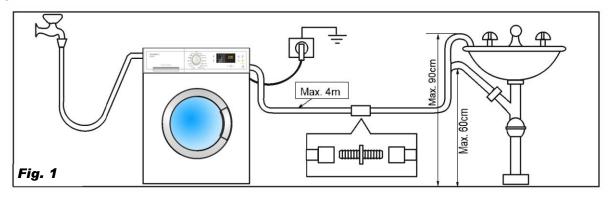
Between J7-1 and J7-3 wash
Between J7-4 and J7-6 pre-wash
Is the solenoid valve wiring ok?

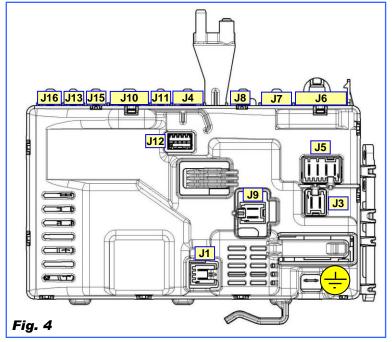


Replace/repair the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



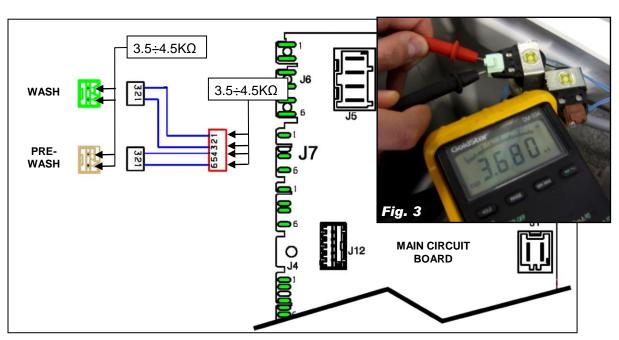
Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

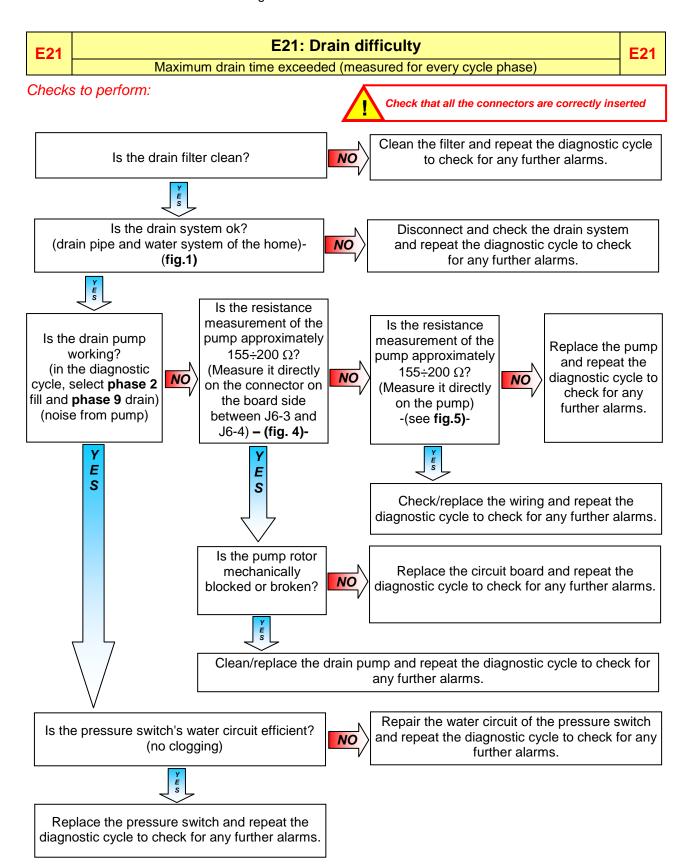




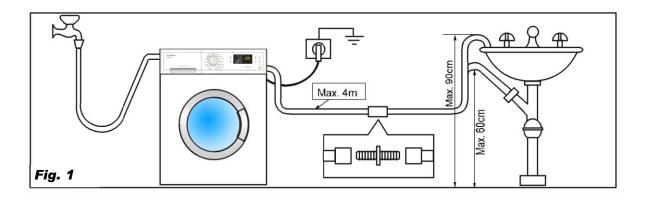


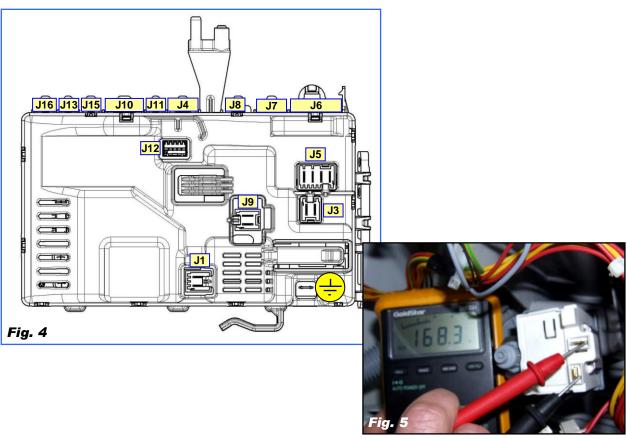


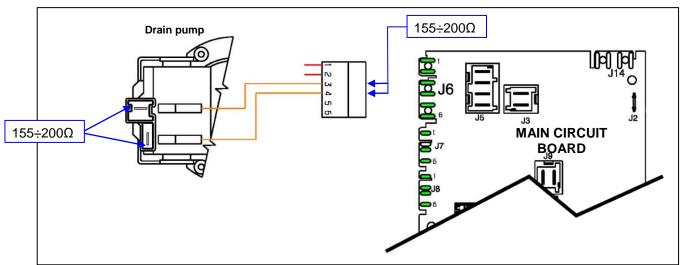


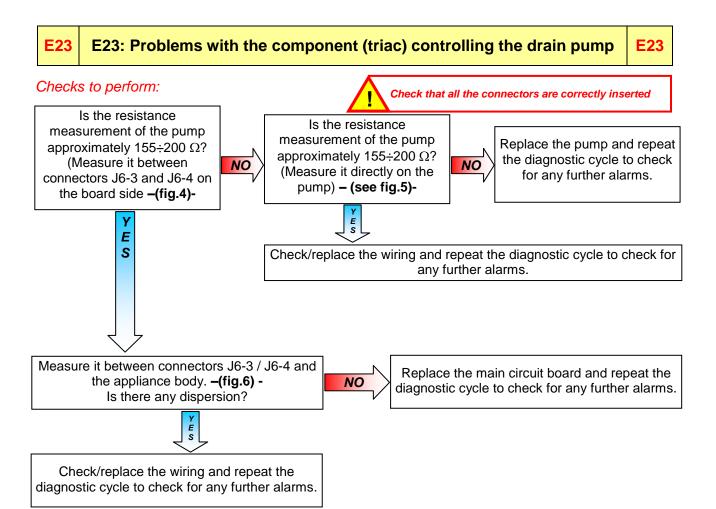


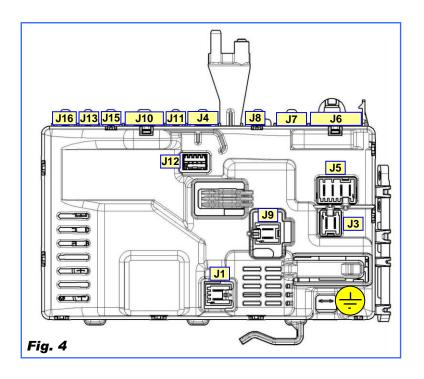


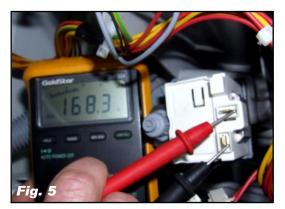




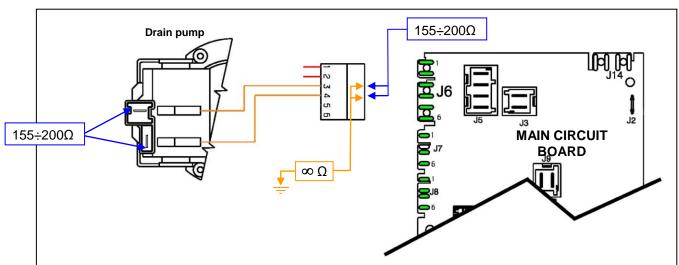












# E24: Sensing circuit of the component (triac) controlling the drain pump faulty

**E24** 

#### Checks to perform:



Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



E31

E31: The analogue pressure switch provides the main circuit board with a signal outside the limits

E31

#### Checks to perform:

Measure that the circuit is closed between J10-1, J10-2, J10-3 and the connector of the analogue pressure switch (they are three independent wires)

#### (see fig. 7).

is the wiring between the main circuit board and the analogue pressure switch ok and is it connected correctly on both sides?



Replace the analogue pressure switch and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarm codes.

Is the appliance displaying the same alarm code again?



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarm codes.

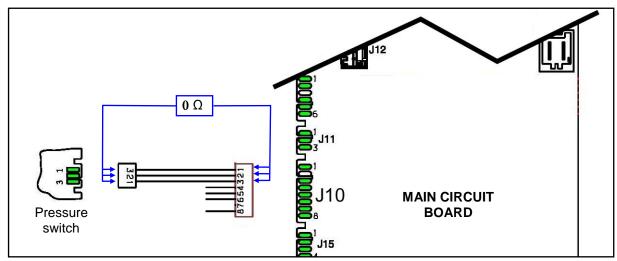


Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

NO

Reconnect and/or replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.





## E32: The analogue pressure switch causes an error during calibration

(At the start of every cycle, the appliance drains to empty the tub and creates a level 0 to check the calibration of the analogue pressure switch

**E32** 





Drain the water from the tub.

Are the pressure switch tube and pressure chamber unobstructed?

(disconnect the tube and blow into it to make sure the system is unobstructed) (fig. 2 and 8)



Clean/replace the tube and/or the pressure chamber and repeat the diagnostic cycle completely to check for any further alarms.

NO



Check the drain system (filter, drain pump, drain tube). Is the appliance draining correctly?



Repair the drain circuit.

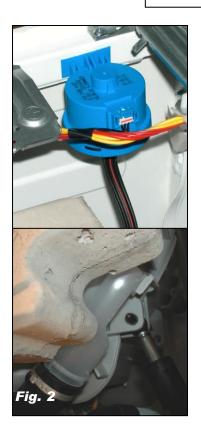


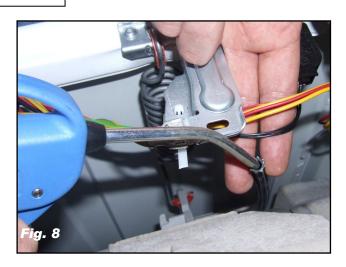
Select a washing cycle. After a few minutes, has the appliance filled with water and is the motor running?



Appliance ok

Replace the analogue pressure switch and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.





## E35: Water level too high

The main circuit board measures a water level, using the electronic pressure switch, of more than 300 mm for longer than 15 secs.

E35

## Checks to perform:

 $\Lambda$ 

Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Drain the water from the tub.
Are the pressure switch tube and pressure chamber unobstructed?
(disconnect the tube and blow into it to make sure the system is unobstructed)

-(see fig.2 and 8)-

NO



NO

Clean/change the tube and/or the pressure chamber and repeat the diagnostic cycle completely to check for any further alarms.



Does the appliance continue to fill with water even when it is switched off?



Replace the water fill solenoid valve and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms. Run the diagnostic cycle at **phase 9**. Once the door has locked, does the appliance start to fill with water?



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms. Is the wiring between the main circuit board and the analogue pressure switch connected correctly on both sides?

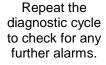


NO

Reconnect and/or replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Replace the analogue pressure switch. Run a rinse cycle. Is alarm E35 shown again?





Replace the solenoid valve.

Repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

NO





## E38: Internal pressure chamber is clogged

The analogue pressure switch is not able to measure any variation in the water level for at least 30 secs during drum rotation.

**E38** 

#### Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

NO

Run the diagnostic cycle and set phase 8.
Is the motor running and the drum not moving?

NO



Replace/reposition the belt and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms. Drain the water from the tub and check the internal pressure chamber and the pressure switch tube. Is the system unobstructed? —(see fig.2)-



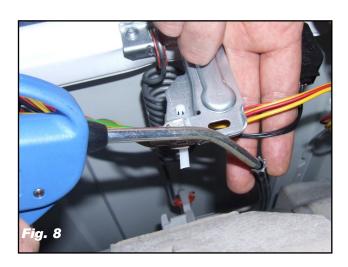
Replace the analogue pressure switch and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

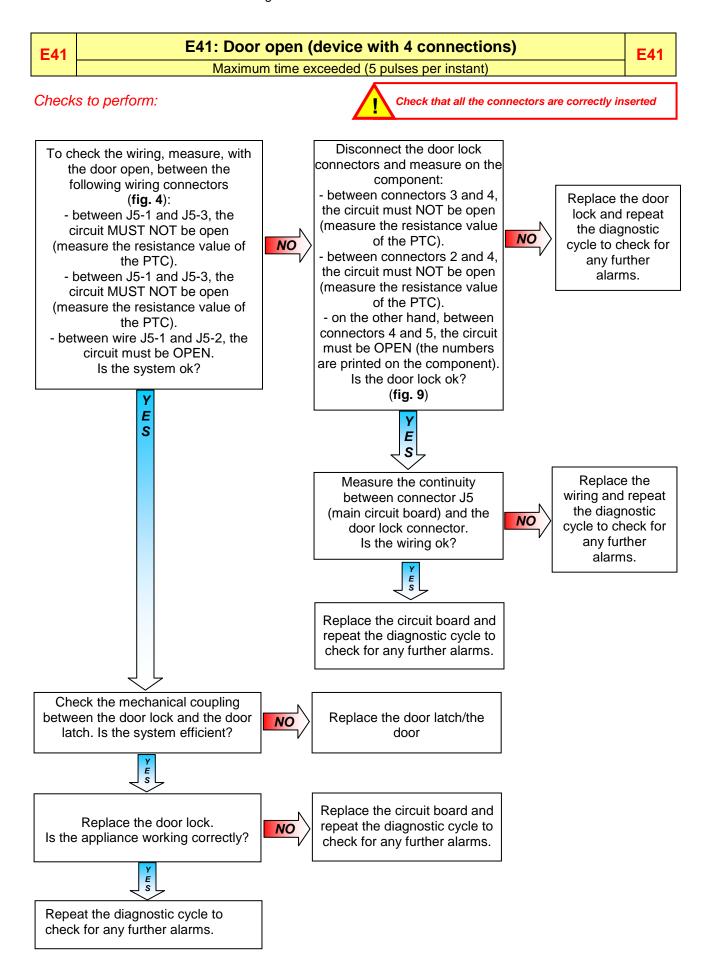
Clean the internal pressure chamber and/or the pressure switch tube (disconnect the tube and blow into it to make sure the system is unobstructed).

-(see fig. 8)Repeat the

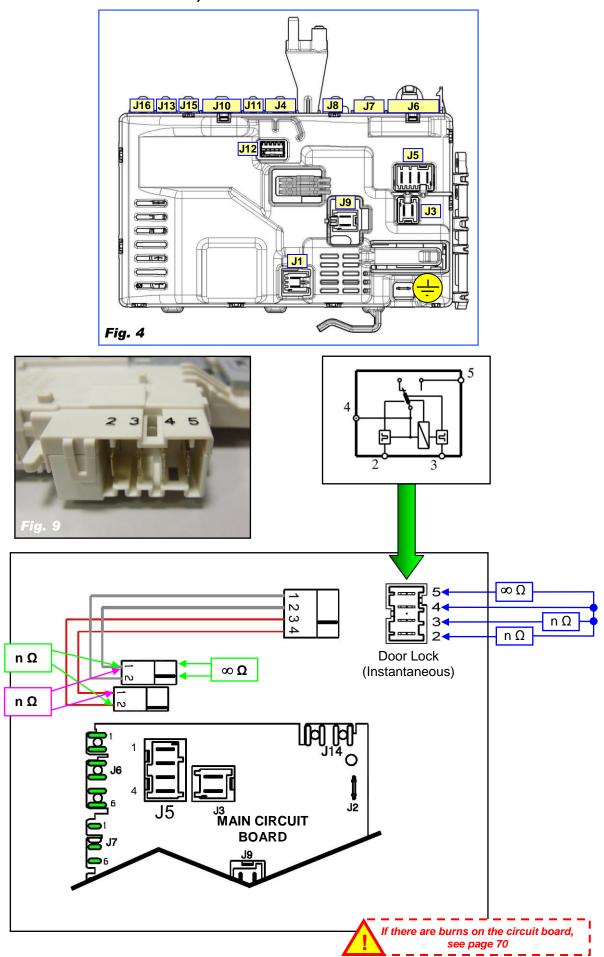
-(see fig. 8)Repeat the
diagnostic cycle to
check for any further
alarms.







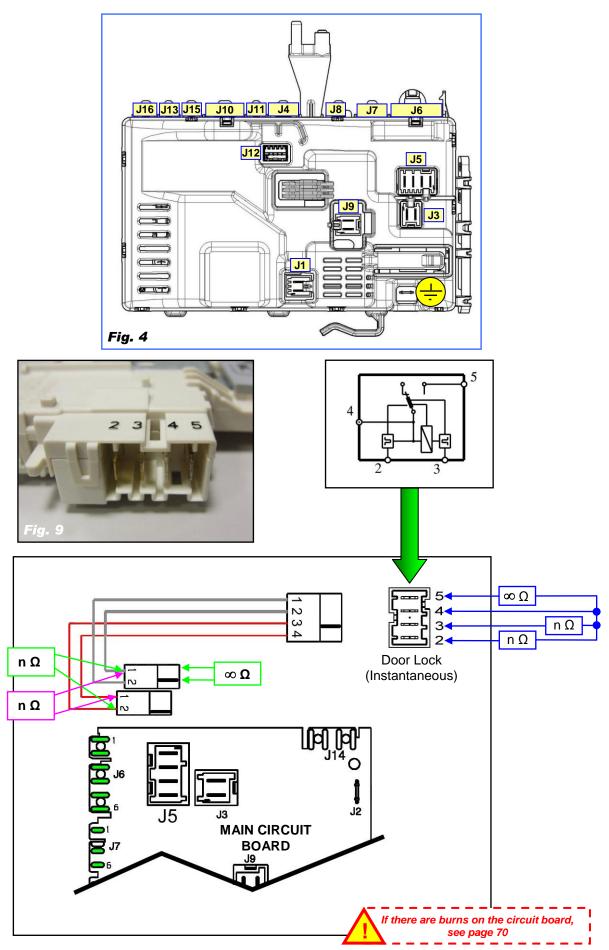
# E41 (device with 4 connections)



E42: Problems opening door (device with 4 connections) **E42** Maximum time exceeded (5 pulses per instant) Checks to perform: Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted Disconnect the door lock To check the wiring, measure, with connectors and measure on the the door open, between the component: following wiring connectors (fig. - between connectors 3 and 4, 4): Replace the door the circuit must NOT be open - between J5-1 and J5-3, the lock and repeat (measure the resistance value circuit MUST NOT be open the diagnostic NO of the PTC). NO cycle to check for (measure the resistance value of - between connectors 2 and 4, the PTC). any further the circuit must NOT be open - between J5-1 and J5-3, the alarms. (measure the resistance value circuit MUST NOT be open of the PTC). (measure the resistance value of - on the other hand, between the PTC). connectors 4 and 5, the circuit - between wire J5-1 and J5-2, the must be OPEN (the numbers circuit must be OPEN. are printed on the component). Is the system ok? Is the door lock ok? (fig. 9) E S Replace the Measure the continuity wiring and repeat between connector J5 (main the diagnostic circuit board) and the door lock NO cycle to check for connector. any further Is the wiring ok? alarms. s Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms. Check the mechanical coupling between the door lock and the door Replace the door latch/the NO latch. Is the system efficient? door Replace the circuit board and Replace the door lock. repeat the diagnostic cycle to NO Is the appliance working correctly? check for any further alarms. E S Repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms. If there are burns on the circuit board

see page 70

# E42 (device with 4 connections)



## E43: Problems with the component (triac) controlling the delay system (device with 4 connections)

NO

E43

## Checks to perform:

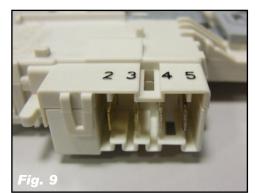
To check the wiring, measure, with the door open, between the following wiring connectors (fig. 4):

- between J5-1 and J5-3, the circuit MUST NOT be open (measure the resistance value of the PTC).
- between J5-1 and J5-3, the circuit MUST NOT be open (measure the resistance value of the PTC).
- between wire J5-1 and J5-2, the circuit must be OPEN.

Is the system ok?



Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.





Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

NO

Disconnect the door lock connectors and measure on the component:

- between connectors 3 and 4, the circuit must NOT be open (measure the resistance value of the PTC).
- between connectors 2 and 4. the circuit must NOT be open (measure the resistance value of the PTC).
- on the other hand, between connectors 4 and 5, the circuit must be OPEN (the numbers are printed on the component). Is the door lock ok? (fig. 9)

Replace the door lock and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Measure the continuity between connector J5 (main circuit board) and the door lock connector.

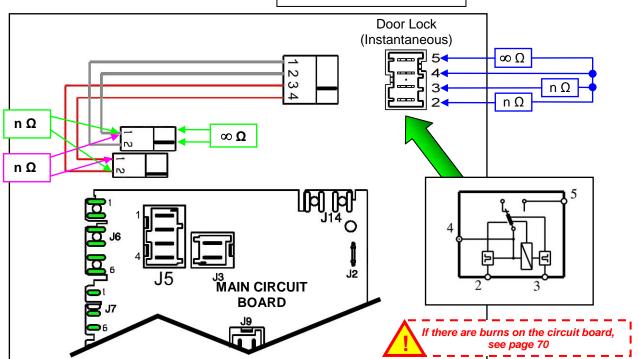
Is the wiring ok?



Replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



# E44: Door closed "sensing" circuit faulty

**E44** 

Checks to perform:



Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E45

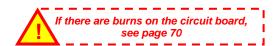
E45: Problems with the "sensing" circuit of the component (triac) controlling the door delay system

E45

Checks to perform:



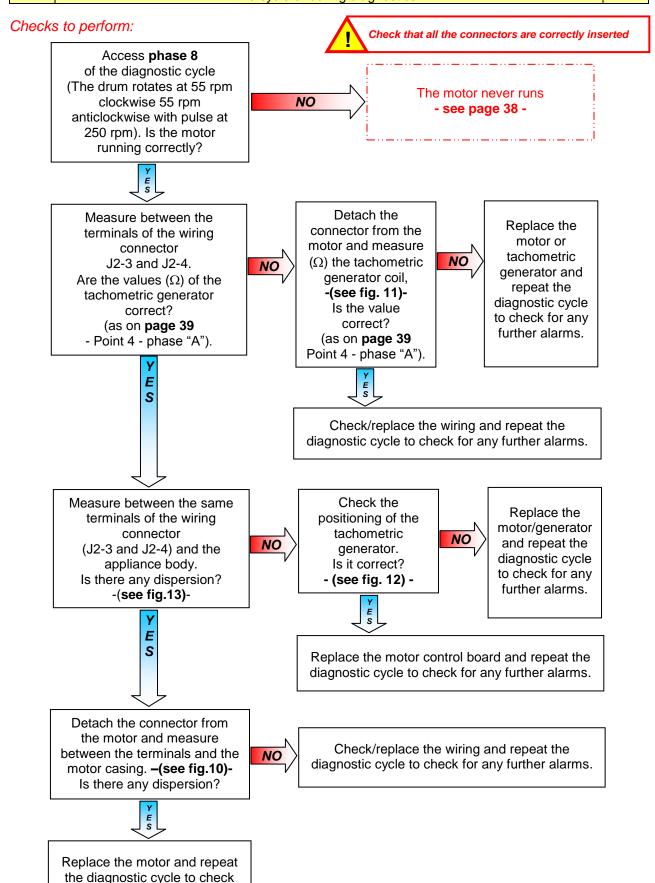
Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



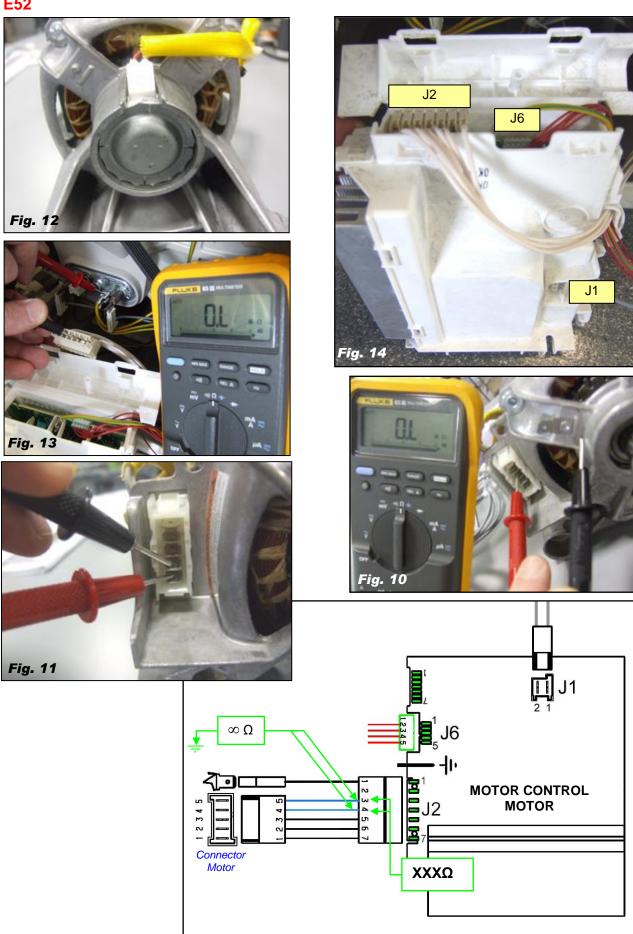
## E52: No signal from motor tachometric generator (1st part)

Cycle interrupted after 5 attempts during the cycle,immediately if recognised at the start of the cycle or during diagnostics.

E52



for any further alarms.



# E52: No signal from motor tachometric generator (2st part)

Cycle interrupted after 5 attempts during the cycle, immediately if recognised at the start of the cycle or during diagnostics.

E52

#### Checks to perform:

#### The motor never runs

To check the wiring, measure  $(\Omega)$ between the following wiring connectors of the motor control board (fig.14) and compare the values with the correct values

(see page 39:point 4 - motor parameters)

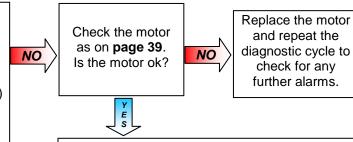
- between J2-6 and J2-7, a value as in point 4 - B (Stator) must be found
- between J2-5 and J2-6, a value as in point 4 -C (Stator) must be found
- between J2-5 and J2-7, a value as in point 4 -D Stator) must be found Are the values correct?



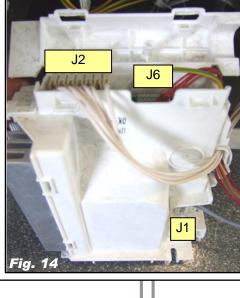
Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

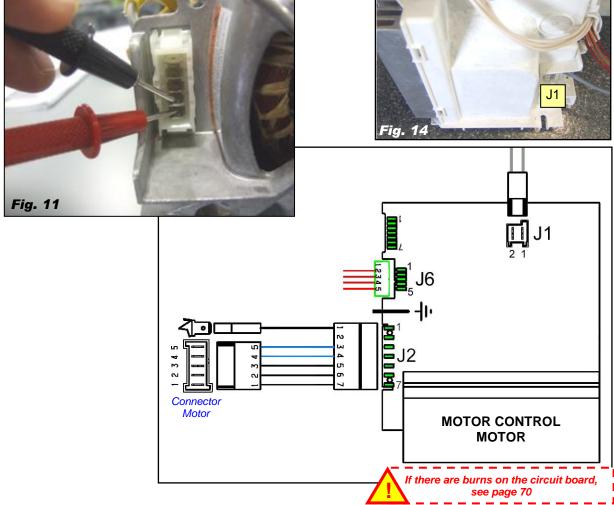


Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted



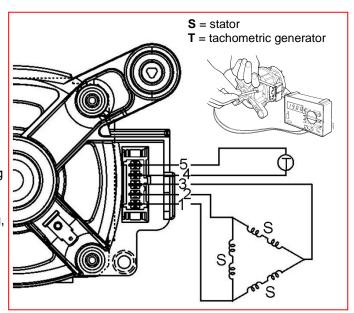
Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.





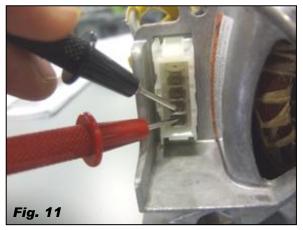
#### How to check three-phase motors

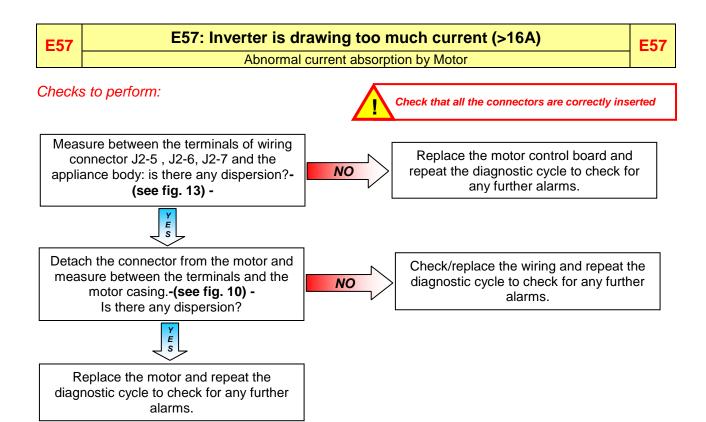
- Check the connection blocks (wiring) and for the presence of any protruding/kinked terminals.
- Check for the presence of any marks / residue / water or detergent deposits on the motor and where these come from.
- 3) Proceed by checking for any windings / earthed parts or parts with poor earthing insulation. Use a tester with a minimum capacity of 40 MΩ: between each individual terminal and the motor casing, read ∞ (fig. 10)
- Proceed by checking each individual winding according to the following table (fig. 11).

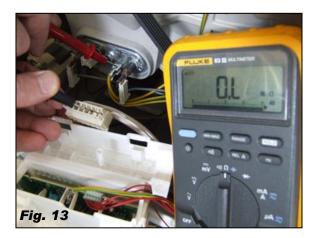


			MOTORI		
	TERMINALI MORSETTIERA MOTORE	CONTROLLO DI:	C.E.SET.	ACC (SOLE) NIDEC	ECM
A	4-5	Awolgimento generatore tachimetrico	108÷133	169÷207	85÷98
В	1-2	Awolgimento statore	5.0÷5.8	5.0÷5.8	5.0÷5.8
С	2-3	Awolgimento statore	5.0÷5.8	5.0÷5.8	5.0÷5.8
D	3-1	Awolgimento statore	5.0÷5.8	5.0÷5.8	5.0÷5.8

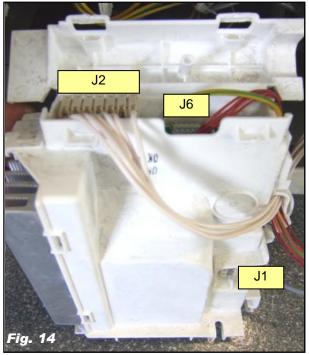


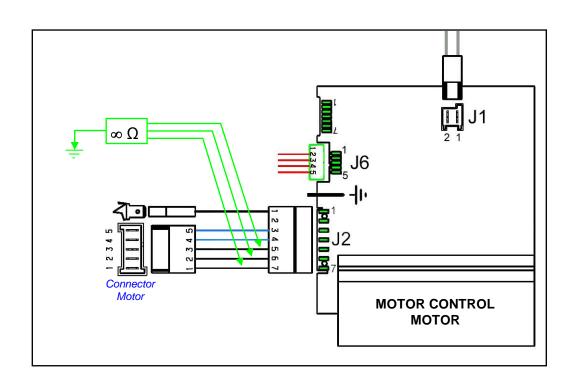












### E58: Inverter is drawing too much current (>4A)

Abnormal current absorption by Motor

**E58** 

#### Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Was the wash cycle performed with too large a laundry load?



Reduce the laundry load in the drum and restart the wash cycle.



Check whether the drum turns freely without posing any resistance (see fig.15).

Is the drum having difficulty rotating?



Check whether the friction is caused by the motor (fig.17) or by the tub bearings (fig.16). Replace the defective component. Repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Measure between all the terminals of wiring connector J2-5, J2-6, J2-7 and the appliance body: is there any dispersion?(see fig. 13) -



Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Detach the connector from the motor and measure between the terminals and the motor casing.-(see fig. 10)

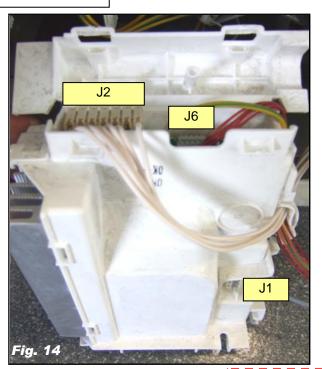
Is there any dispersion?

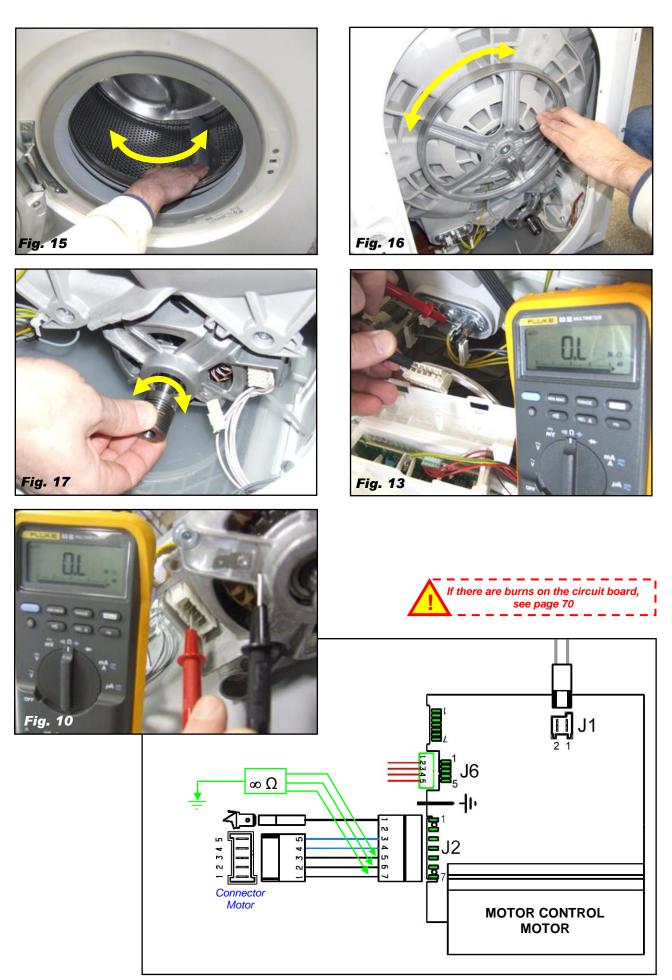


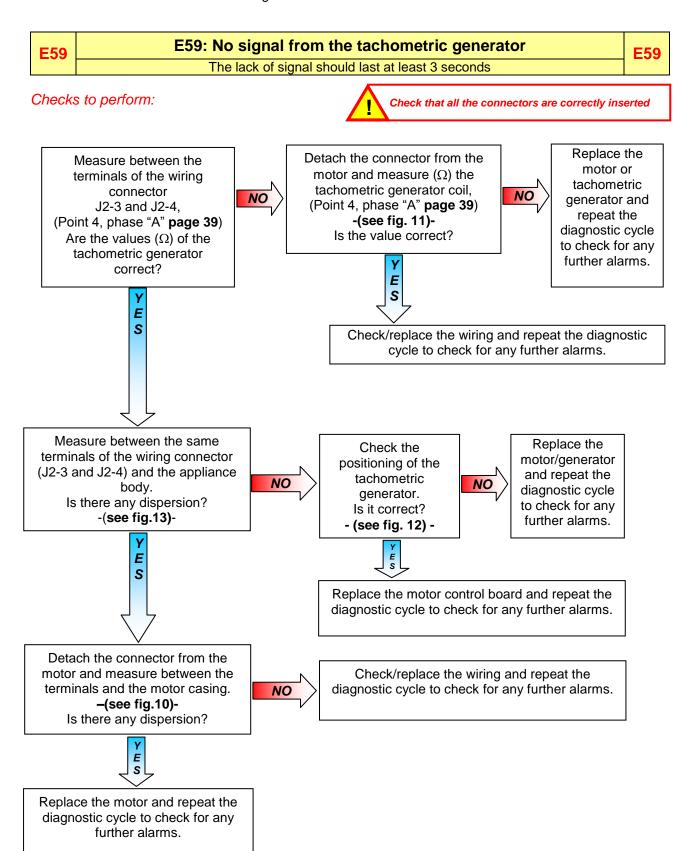
Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



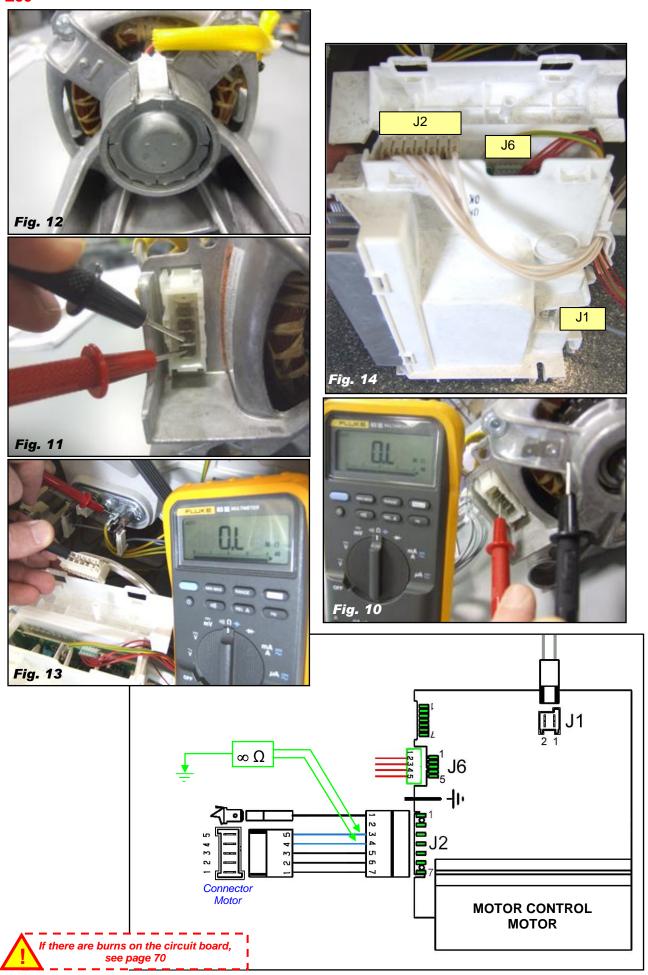
Replace the motor and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.











# E5A: Overheating on heat dissipater for Inverter board

The dissipater exceeds a temperature of 88°C

E<sub>5</sub>A

#### Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Have continuous wash cycles been performed, or has the wash cycle been performed with too heavy a laundry load?



Leave pauses between one cycle and the next or reduce the laundry load inside the drum.



Check whether the drum turns freely without posing any resistance (see fig.15).

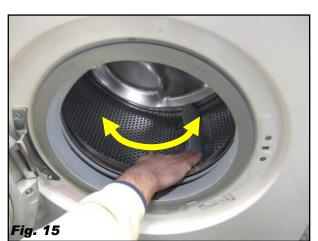
Is the drum having difficulty rotating?

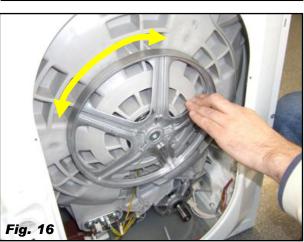


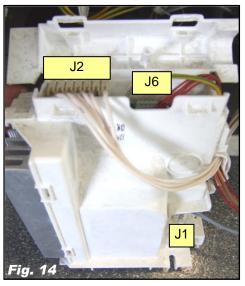
Check whether the friction is caused by the motor (fig.17) or by the tub bearings (fig.16). Replace the defective component. Repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.









E5C

# E5C: The inverter board input voltage is too high (greater than 430V)

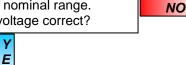
The voltage should stay above 430V for at least 5 seconds

E<sub>5</sub>C

Checks to perform:



Measure the mains voltage and make sure it is within the nominal range.
Is the mains voltage correct?



Wait for the mains voltage to return to nominal conditions and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

S



E5d

#### E5d: Data transfer error between Inverter PCB and main PCB

E<sub>5</sub>d

The lack of communication must last at least 2 sec.

#### Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Are connectors J16 (main circuit board) and J6 (motor control board) properly inserted?



Repair the connectors and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Measure the continuity between connector J16-1, J16-4 (main circuit board) and connector J6-2, J6-5 (motor control board).

Is the wiring ok?



NO

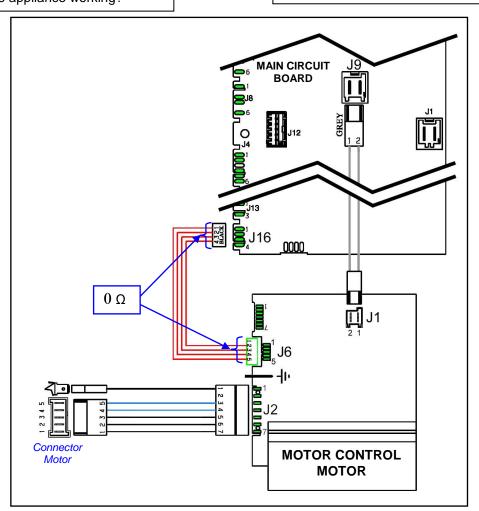
Replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Is the appliance working?



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.





E5E

#### E5E: Communication error between Inverter PCB and main PCB

E5E

Communication protocol between the two boards not aligned

Checks to perform:



Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E5F

#### E5F: Inverter PCB fails to start the motor

E5F

Checks to perform:



Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E5H

### E5H: The Inverter board input voltage is too low (less than 175V)

The voltage should stay below 175V for at least 5 seconds

E<sub>5</sub>H

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Are connectors J9 (main circuit board) and J1 (motor control board) properly inserted?

Y E S



Repair the connectors and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Measure the continuity between connectors J9-1, J9-2 (main circuit board) and J1-1, J1-2 (motor control board).

Is the wiring ok?



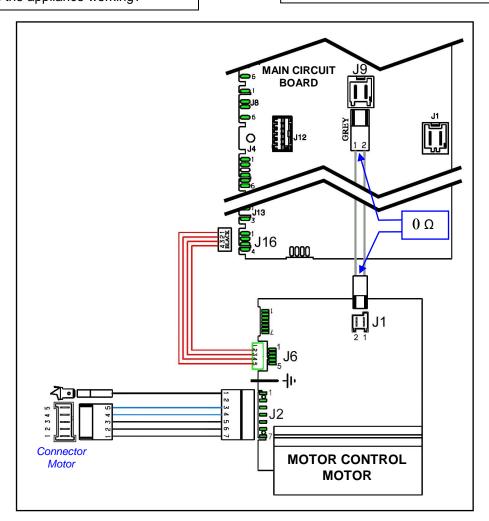
Replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

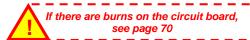
Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

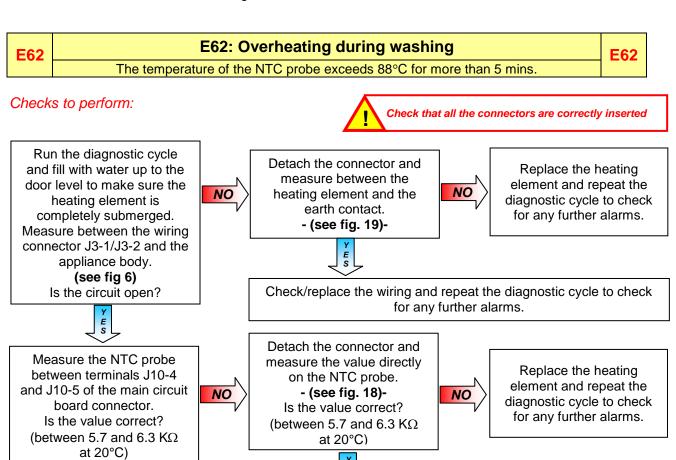
Is the appliance working?



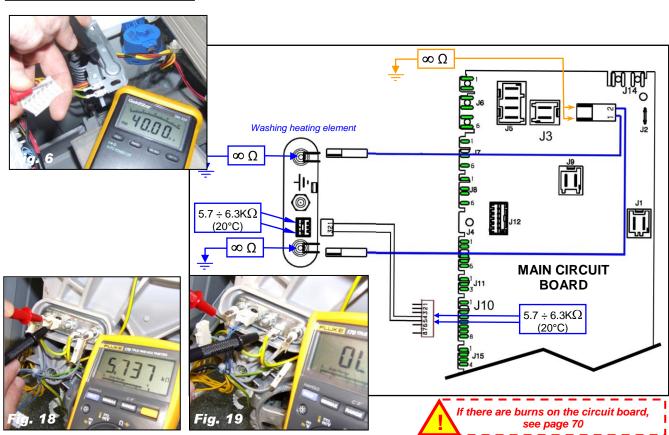
Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.







Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms. E66: Heating element power supply relay faulty
(incompatibility between the sensing and the state of the Relay K2)

E66

#### Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Measure between the connector J3-1/J3-2 of the main circuit board and the appliance body. **(Fig. 6)** Is there any dispersion?



Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Detach the connectors and measure between the heating element and the earth contact.

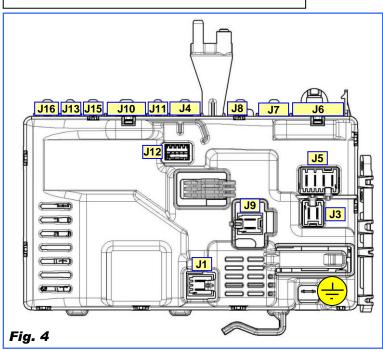
- fig. 19- is the circuit open?



Replace the heating element and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

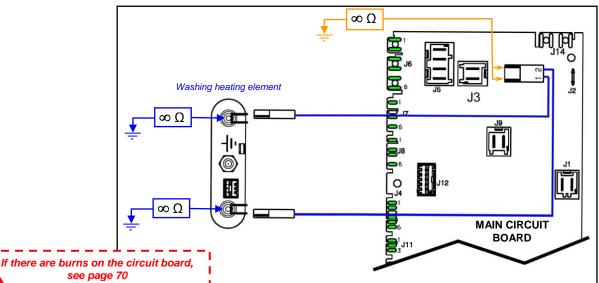


Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.









# E68: Washing heating element leakage

**E68** 

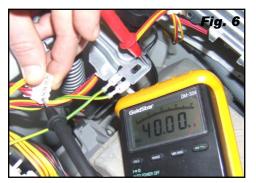
#### Checks to perform:

Run the diagnostic cycle and fill with water up to the door level to make sure the heating element is completely submerged. Measure between the wiring connector J3-1/J3-2 and the appliance body.

-(see fig. 6)-Is the circuit open?



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

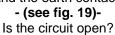




Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Detach the connectors and measure between the heating element and the earth contact. - (see fig. 19)-

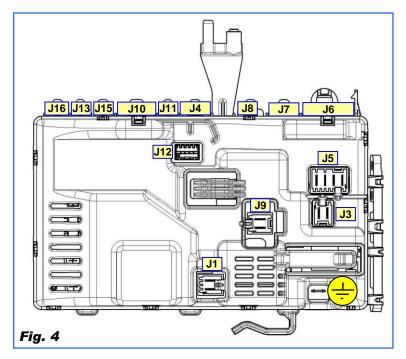
NO

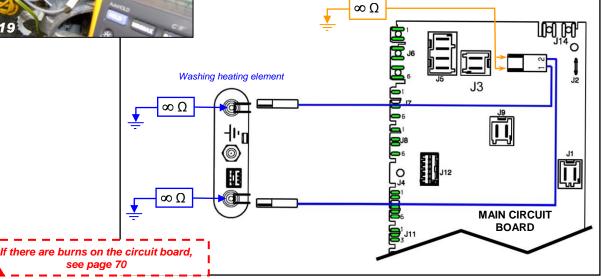




Run phase 9 of the diagnostic cycle. drain water from the tub. Replace the heating element and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.





# E69: Washing heating element damaged

E69

#### Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Measure the resistance value of the heating element ( $\Omega$ ) between terminals J3-1  $\div$  J3-2 of the wiring connector -(see fig. 4)- Is the value correct? (28 $\div$ 31 $\Omega$  per 230V/1750W)



Measure the resistance value directly on the terminals of the heating element (detach the connectors)

(See fig 20)

Is the value correct? (28÷31 $\Omega$  per 230V/1750W)



Replace the heating element and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

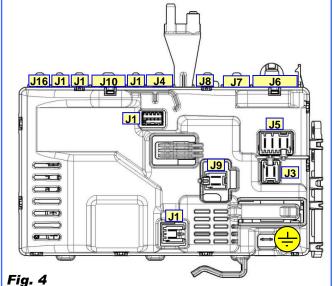


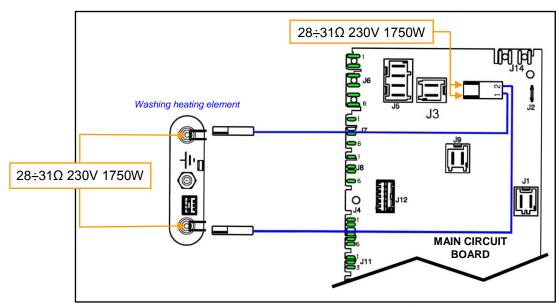
Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.







E6A

# E6A: Heating relay sensing faulty

E<sub>6</sub>A

### Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



**E6H** 

#### E6H: Heating element power supply relay faulty

E6H

(incompatibility between the sensing and the state of the Relay K2)

#### Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Run the diagnostic cycle and fill with water up to the door level to make sure the heating element is completely submerged.

Measure between the wiring connector J3-1/J3-2 and the appliance body.

-(see fig. 6)-

-(see fig. 6)Is the circuit open?



and measure between the heating element and the earth contact. - (see fig. 19)-

Detach the connectors

- (see fig. 19)-Is the circuit open?

E

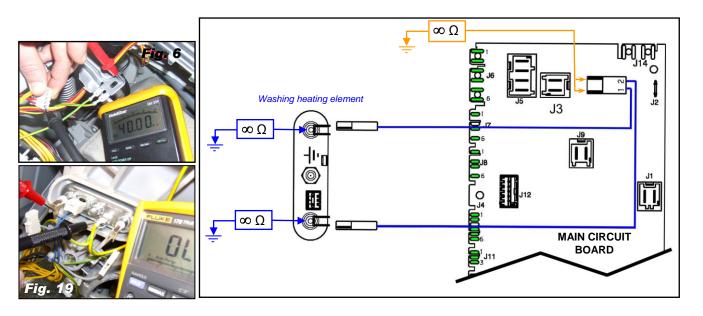


Run phase **9** of the diagnostic cycle. drain water from the tub. Replace the heating element and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



E71: NTC probe faulty **E71** E71 Voltage value out of range (short-circuit or open circuit)

Detach the connector

and measure directly

on the NTC probe.

- (see fig. 18)-

Is the value correct?

 $(5.7 \div 6.3 \text{ K}\Omega \text{ at } 20^{\circ}\text{C})$ 

#### Checks to perform:



NO

Run phase 9 of the

diagnostic cycle.

drain water from the

tub. Replace the

washing heating

element and repeat

the diagnostic cycle to check for any

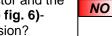
further alarms.

Run phase 7 of the diagnostic cycle and wait for the water tom fill. Switch the appliance off and measure the value of the NTC probe between contacts J10-4 and J10-5 of the wiring connector -see fig. 4-.

Is the value correct? (between 5.7 and 6.3 K $\Omega$  at 20°C)



Measure between terminals J10-4, J10-5 of the NTC connector and the appliance body - (see fig. 6)-Is there any dispersion?



cycle to check for any further alarms. Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle

to check for any further alarms.

Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic

Detach the connector and measure directly between the terminals of the NTC probe and the appliance body. There must be water in the tub.

Has the dispersion been measured?



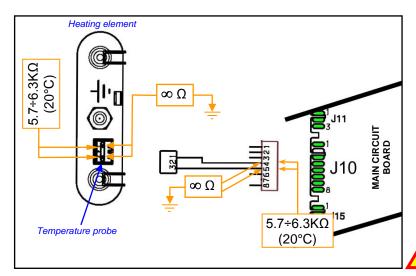
Run phase **9** of the diagnostic cycle. drain water from the tub. Replace the washing heating element and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

NO

NO

Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.







If there are burns on the circuit board, see page 70



#### E74: NTC probe improperly positioned

NO

NO

NO

**E74** 

#### Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Is the probe visibly positioned correctly in its seat?

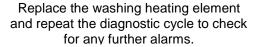
- See fig. 21-



Reposition the probe in its seat and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

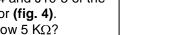
Measure the value of the NTC probe (5.7÷6.3KΩ at 20°C) between contacts J10-4 and J10-5 of the wiring connector (fig. 4). Is the value correct?

(between 5.7 and 6.3 K $\Omega$  at 20°C)





Run phase 7 of the diagnostic cycle and wait for the water to fill. Wait in this phase for five minutes. Switch the appliance off and measure the value of the NTC probe between contacts J10-4 and J10-5 of the wiring connector (fig. 4). Is the value below 5 K $\Omega$ ?



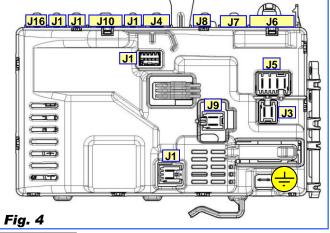
Run phase 9 of the diagnostic cycle by draining the water from the tub.

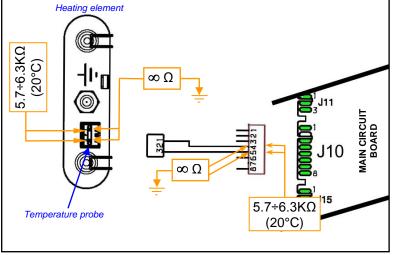
# **!!CAUTION: THE WATER COULD BE SCALDING** HOT!!

Replace the washing heating element and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.







E83: Error reading the programme selector code E83 E83 Selector position code not envisaged by the configuration data or configuration error Checks to perform: Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted Turn the appliance on, turn the programme selector to Repeat the diagnostic cycle every position and wait at to check for any NO least 10 seconds before further alarms. moving on to the next position. Is alarm E83 shown again? Y E s Check for any friction between Replace the display board the control panel and the knob. and repeat the diagnostic NO Is it difficult to turn the knob? cycle to check for any further alarms. Y E S Repair the coupling between the control panel/selector knob. If there are burns on the circuit board, Repeat the diagnostic cycle see page 70 to check for any further alarms. **E86** E86: Programme selector configuration error **E86** Checks to perform: Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Replace the display board and run the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



E87: Display board microprocessor faulty E87

Checks to perform:



Replace the display board and run the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



# E91: Communication error between the display board and the main circuit board (1<sup>st</sup> part)

E91



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Disconnect the connector.

J16 from the main display board that connects the motor control board

Does the E91 alarm appear again?





Check the wiring between the main circuit board and the Inverter board.

- ► Connect and disconnect the connector on both boards several times.
- ▶ Measure the continuity between connector J16 (main circuit board) and J6 (motor control board).

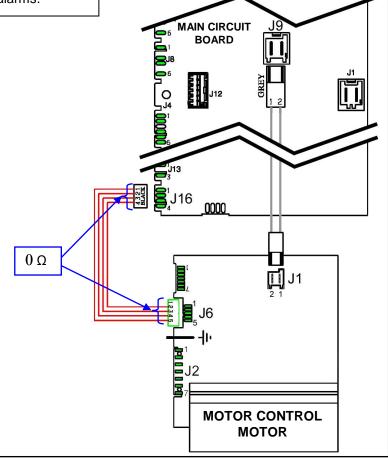
Is the wiring ok?

Replace / repair the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

NO



Replace the Inverter board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



If there are burns on the circuit board,

see page 70

# E91: Communication error between the display board and the main circuit board (2<sup>st</sup> part)

**E91** 





## Follow from page 59.

Check the wiring between the main circuit board and the display board:

- ► Detach and reconnect the connectors on both boards several times.
  - ► Measure the continuity between connector J4 (main circuit board) and J3 (display board).

    Is the wiring ok?

Replace / repair the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

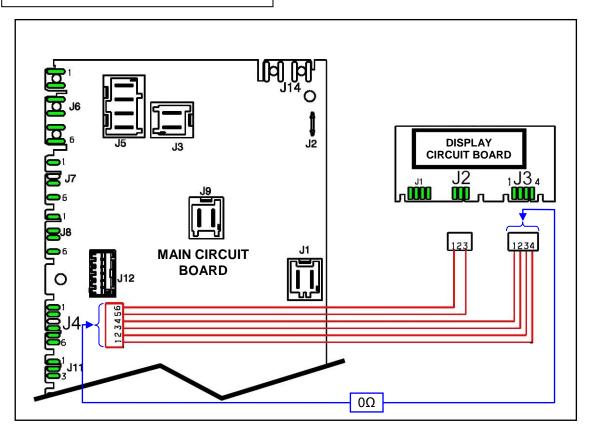
Is the appliance still displaying E91?





Replace the display board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.





E92 E92: protocol incongruence
Inconsistency between configuration values on starting the appliance

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Incorrect configuration possible.

Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E93 E93: Appliance configuration error
Inconsistency between configuration values on starting the appliance

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Incorrect configuration possible.

Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E94 E94: Incorrect configuration of washing cycle
Inconsistency between configuration values on starting the appliance

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Incorrect configuration possible.

Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E97: Inconsistency between control selector version and configuration data

Discrepancy between programme configuration data and selector recognition data

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Incorrect configuration possible.

Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E98: Communication error between main PCB and Inverter board

Incompatibility between the main circuit board and the Inverter board

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Incorrect configuration possible.

Replace the main circuit board / Inverter board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



E9C

# **E9C: Display board configuration error**

E9C

Checks to perform:



Incorrect configuration possible.

Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E9E

# E9E: Display board sensor/touch key faulty

E9E

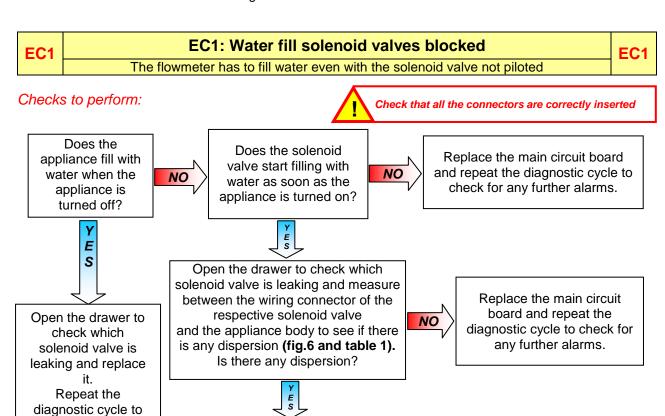
Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Display board faulty

Replace the display board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms





check for any further

alarms.

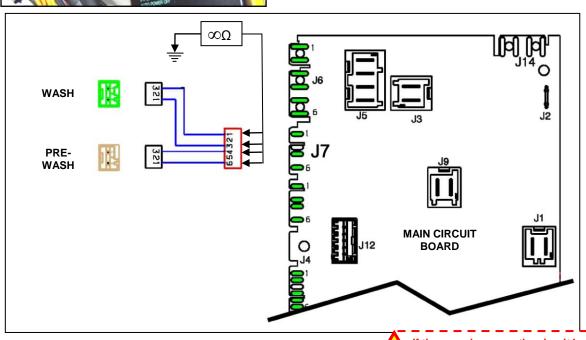
#### Table 1

Replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any

further alarms.

Between J7-1 and J7-3 wash solenoid valve

Between J7-4 and J7-6 pre-wash solenoid valve



EF1

EF1: Drain hose blocked/kinked/too high; drain filter clogged/dirty

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

This warning only appears at the end of the cycle. The appliance detected long drainage phases during the cycle. (E.g.: More than 20 seconds when draining after rinses). Check/clean the drain filter.

EF2

EF2: Excessive detergent dosing; Drain hose kinked/blocked; Drain filter clogged/dirty

EF2

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

This is an excessive detergent dosing warning. The system detected too much foam was forming during the drain phases. Advise the Customer to use the correct quantity of detergent and to make sure the filter and drain circuit are clean.

EF3

# **EF3: Aqua Control device triggered**

EF3

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

This warns about the presence of water at the bottom of the appliance. Check for any water leaks and that the Aqua Control device float is positioned correctly.

Or caused by excessive overheating of the drain pump. Check for any items which may obstruct the normal operation of the rotor.

FF4

# EF4: Water fill pressure too low and solenoid valve open

EF4

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

It is a warning that the water pressure is too low. If the water pressure is connect, check: the wiring of the flowmeter and the Flowmeter.

EF5

EF5: Unbalanced load, spin phases skipped.

EF5

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

This is an unbalanced load warning. The appliance detected an extremely unbalanced load during the spin phases. Advise the customer to load more washing into the drum and not just individual garments.



EF6

### EF6: Reset appliance.

EF<sub>6</sub>

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

No action to be performed, if continues, replace the main circuit board

EH1

#### **EH1: Mains frequency incorrect**

EH1

Power supply frequency out of configured range

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted



#### **Important**

The appliance remains in alarm status until the mains frequency returns to the correct values or the appliance is switched off (programme selector set to "0"). Only the family of the alarm is displayed and the diagnostics mode cannot be accessed. The complete alarm can only be read when the situation has normalised.



Is the supply line disturbed or the mains frequency out of range?



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Have the electrical system of the home checked / repaired by the proper Body.



If there are burns on the circuit board, see page 70

EH2

#### EH2: Supply voltage too high

FH<sub>2</sub>

Supply voltage value higher than the one configured (for more than 10 seconds)

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted



#### **Important**

The appliance remains in alarm status until the mains frequency returns to the correct values or the appliance is switched off (programme selector set to "0"). Only the family of the alarm is displayed and the diagnostics mode cannot be accessed. The complete alarm can only be read when the situation has normalised.



Is the supply line disturbed or the mains voltage out of range?



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Have the electrical system of the home checked / repaired by the proper Body.



If there are burns on the circuit board, see page 70

EH3

#### EH3: Supply voltage too low

**EH3** 

Supply voltage value higher than the one configured

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted



#### **Important**

The appliance remains in alarm status until the mains frequency returns to the correct values or the appliance is switched off (programme selector set to "0"). Only the family of the alarm is displayed and the diagnostics mode cannot be accessed. The complete alarm can only be read when the situation has normalised.



Is the supply line disturbed or the mains voltage out of range?



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Have the electrical system of the home checked / repaired by the proper Body.



If there are burns on the circuit board, see page 70

EH4

## EH4 EH4:"zero watt" relay not functioning

EH4

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



If there are burns on the circuit board, see page 70

EHE

# EHE: Inconsistency between safety relay (main circuit board) and safety "sensing" circuit

EHE

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



If there are burns on the circuit board, see page 70

**EHF** 

#### **EHF: Safety sensing circuit faulty**

EHF

Input voltage microprocessor wrong

Checks to perform:

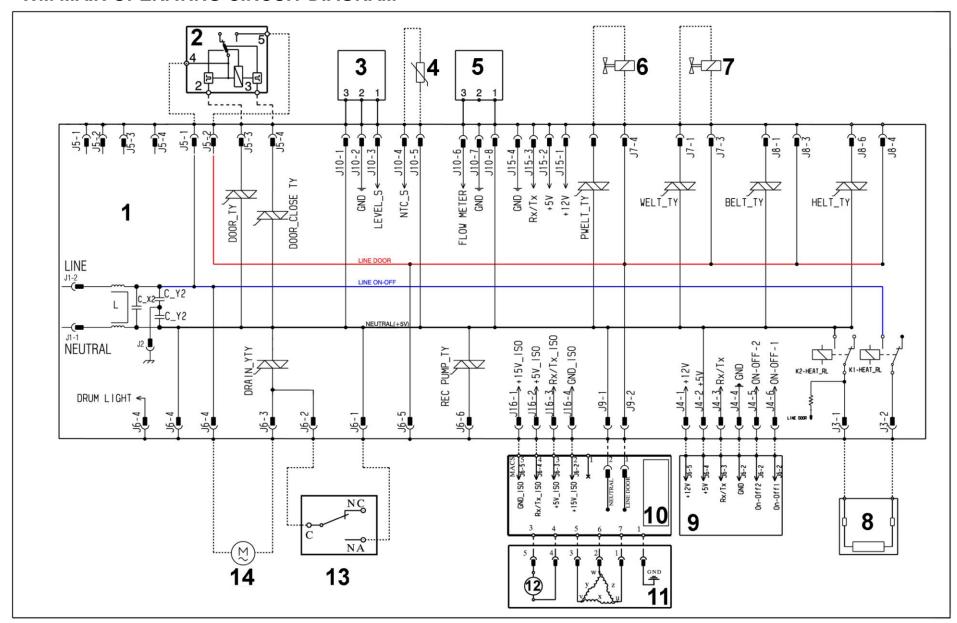


Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



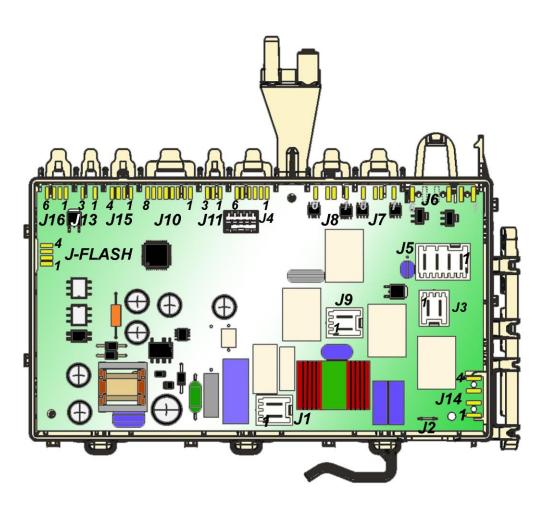
## 7 WM MAIN OPERATING CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



# 7.1 Key to circuit diagram WM

	Appliance electrical components	PCB components
1. 2. 3. 4. 5. 6. 7. 8. 9. 10. 11. 12. 13.	Main circuit board Door safety interlock Electronic pressure switch NTC (washing) Flow sensor Pre-wash solenoid Wash solenoid Heating element Display board Motor control board (Inverter) Triple-phase motor Tachometric generator (motor) Aqua control sensor Drain pump	DRAIN_YTY Drain pump Triac DOOR_TY Door interlock Triac DOOR_CLOSE_TY Door interlock Triac PWELT_TY Pre-wash solenoid Triac WELV_TY Wash solenoid Triac K1 Heating element relay K2 Heating element relay

# 7.2 Main circuit board connectors

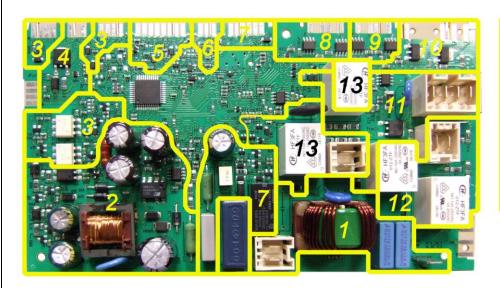


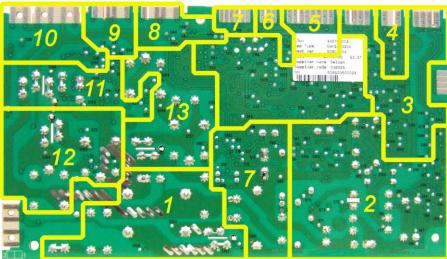
J15	J10	
MACS communication J15-1 Vee 12V J15-2 5V J15-3 Rx/Tx J15-4 GND  J16  MACS communication J15-1 Vee 12V	J10-1 Analogue pressure switch (+5V) J10-2 Analogue pressure switch (GND) J10-3 Analogue pressure switch (signal) J10-4 NTC temperature probe(signal) J10-5 NTC temperature probe (+5V) J10-6 Flowmeter (signal) J10-7 Flowmeter (GND) J10-8 Flowmeter (+5V)	
<b>J15-2</b> 5V <b>J15-3</b> Rx/Tx	J7	
J15-4 GND	J7-1 Wash solenoid valve (Triac)	
J4	J7-3 Wash solenoid valve (Line) J7-4 Pre-wash solenoid valve (Line)	
<b>J4-1</b> Vee 12V0	J7-6 Pre-wash solenoid valve (Triac)	
<b>J4-2</b> 5V <b>J4-3</b> Rx/Tx	J1	
J4-4 GND J4-5 ON/OFF 2	J1-1 line (neutral)	
<b>J4-5</b> ON/OFF 2 <b>J4-5</b> ON/OFF 1	J1-2 line	
J8	J5	
J8-1 J8-3 J8-4 J8-6 J2	J5-1 Door lock (Line) J5-2 Door lock (Door line) J5-3 Door lock (PTC Triac) J5-4 Door lock (Triac)	
J6	J14	
J6-1 Water control device (Neutral) J6-2 Water device (Line) J6-3 Drain pump (Triac) J6-4 Drain pump (Line) J6-5 J6-6	Serial interface: J9-1 ASY_IN J9-2 ASY_OUT J9-3 +5V J9-4 GND	
J3	J13	
J3-1 heating element (Neutral Relay) J3-2 heating element(Line Relay)	J13-1 J13-3	
J9	J12	
J9-1 FCV power supply (Neutral) J9-1 FCV power supply (Relay)	J11-1 J11-2 J11-1	

#### 7.3 Burns on the main circuit board EWM10931

In the event of burns on the main circuit board, check whether the problem was caused by another electrical component (short-circuits, poor insulation, water leaks). Use the figures that follow to pinpoint the component which may have caused the problem, depending on the area of the burns.

The type of board illustrated is the one with the largest number of components; other boards do not feature some of these components.





- 1. Anti-disturbance filter area
- 2. Power supply area
- 3. Satellite board communication area
- 4. Drum light circuit area
- 5. Analogue level sensor, wash NTC temperature probe, flowmeter and weight sensor area
- 6. Drum positioning sensor area (top loading)

- 7. Zero watt circuit area
- 8. Unused area
- 9. Water fill solenoid valves area (wash and pre-wash)
- 10. Drain pump area
- 11. Door lock area
- 12. Heating element area
- 13. FCV relay area (motor)

Notes	

# **REVISION:**

Revision	Date	Description	Author	Approved by
00	05/2012	Document Creation	DMM	XX – 0X/201X