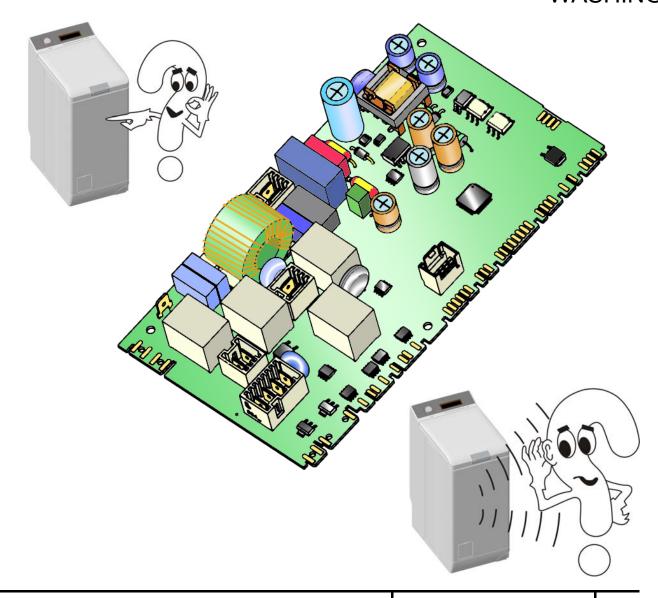


SERVICE MANUAL

WASHING



© ELECTROLUX HOME PRODUCTS Customer Care - EMEA Training and Operations Support Technical Support

Publication number

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ΕN

Washing machines

guide to diagnostics of electronic controls

EWM10931

Edition: 02/2011 - Rev. 00

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1 INTRODUCTION

1.1 Purpose of this manual

The purpose of this manual is to explain, simply and schematically, the steps any Technician should take when faced with the problems indicated by the various alarm codes on appliances with electronic control in the EWM10931 series, NEW COLLECTION SERIES 7/8 version.

Depending on the appliance configuration, the alarms may be entirely or partially displayed to the user: the latter solution is usually adopted.

The diagnostics system is used by Service Technicians to:

- Read alarms
- Delete the alarm stored
- Test the appliance operation

1.2 Warnings



- Any work on electrical appliances must only be carried out by qualified technicians.
- Before starting work on a piece of equipment, check that the earth in the lodgings is working properly by using an appropriate tool and follow the instructions described/illustrated on the Electrolux Learning Gateway portal.
- http://electrolux.edvantage.net
- When the work is finished check that the equipment's safety conditions have been reinstated, as though it were straight off the assembly line.
- In the event of handling/replacing the electronic circuit board, use the ESD (Code 405 50 63-95/4) kit to avoid electrostatic discharges damaging the electronic circuit board see S.B. No. 599 72 08-09.
- This platform is not fitted with an ON/OFF switch. Before you access internal components, take the plug out of the socket to disconnect the power supply.
- When replacing the heating element, replace it with one that has the same characteristics (2 thermal fuses) in order not to compromise the safety of the appliance



- Do not remove/switch the NTC sensors between heating elements.
- Always empty the appliance of all the water before laying it on its side.
- When replacing components, please refer to the code shown in the list of spare parts relating to the appliance.

1.3 How to proceed

- 1. Identify the type of control in question (Page 6) and access the diagnostic cycle (see page 7)
- 2. Read the alarm stored (page 12) and consult the instructions regarding the "alarm codes", (page 27)
- 3. Delete the alarms stored (page 13)
- **4.** If you are unable to access the diagnosis mode, consult the chapter entitled "The diagnostics system cannot be accessed" (page 26)
- 5. Should the main electronic circuit board need to be replaced, make sure there are no burns (page 78)
- 6. After all intervention, check the appliance is operating correctly using the diagnostic cycle (page 7)
- 7. Delete any alarm that may have been stored during the diagnostics operations (page 13)

2 WM APPLIANCE CONTROL PANELS

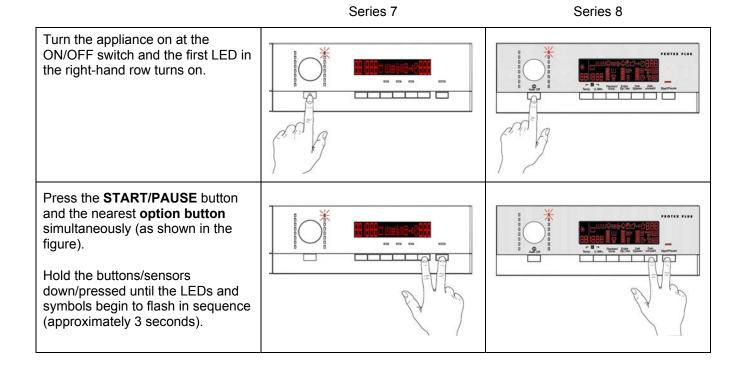
These are the stylings available at the time of printing of this Service Manual. Others may be developed in future.



3 DIAGNOSTIC SYSTEM

3.1 Accessing diagnostics

Do not start the procedure with the combination buttons pressed



In the first position, the operation of the buttons, of the related LEDs and of the groups of symbols shown on the LCD screen is checked; turn the programme selector dial **clockwise** to run the diagnostic cycle for the operation of the various components and to read any alarms (see diagnostic test).

During this phase, if any key combination is pressed (except for the one relating to diagnostics), all the combinations of options stored are deleted (Extra rinse, No buzzer, etc..) whereas for SERIES 9, the memories with the customised programmes are also deleted.

3.2 Quitting the diagnostics system

To exit the diagnostic cycle, switch the appliance off, then back on and then off again.

3.3 Diagnostic test phases

Irrespective of the type of circuit board and the configuration of the selector, after entering the diagnostic mode, turn the programme selector dial clockwise to perform the diagnostic cycle for the operation of the various components and to read any alarms.

Concurrently, a selector control code is shown on the LCD display, which indicates for two seconds the description in the last column of the table below.

(all alarms are enabled in the diagnostic cycle).

Position 1

User interface test	Purpose of the test:	To test operation of all the LEDs and switches.
	Components activated:	The LEDs are turned on in sequence, as are the symbol groups of the LCD display and its backlight.
n <u>\</u>	Behaviour:	All LEDs turn on in sequence.
		By pressing a key the corresponding icon unit lights up.
		The code is shown on the LCD and a beep sounds.
		All the icons on the LCD flash.
	Working conditions:	There is a control to run the test (always active).
	LCD display:	COI

Position 2

Water fill to wash compartment	Purpose of the test:	To check the correct operation of the wash compartment water route.
	Components activated:	Door safety interlock.
		Wash solenoid.
	Working conditions:	Door closed.Water level below anti-flooding level.Maximum time 5 min.
	LCD display:	Water level in the tub is displayed (mm).

Position 3

Water fill to pre-wash compartment	Purpose of the test:	To check the correct operation of the pre-wash compartment water route.
	Components activated:	Door safety interlock.
		Pre-wash solenoid.
	Working conditions:	Door closed.Water level below anti-flooding level.Maximum time 5 min.
	LCD display:	Water level in the tub is displayed (mm).

Position 4

Water fill to conditioner compartment	Purpose of the test:	To check the correct operation of the conditioner compartment water route.
<u> </u>	Components activated:	Door safety interlock.Pre-wash and wash solenoid valves.
	Working conditions:	Door closed.Water level below anti-flooding level.Maximum time 5 min.
	LCD display:	Water level in the tub is displayed (mm).

Position 5

Water filling to produce steam (only in some models)	Purpose of the test:	To check the correct operation of the steam production water fill solenoid valve (only in certain models).
<u> </u>	Components activated:	Door fastening device.Third solenoid valve.
	Working conditions:	Door closed.Water level below anti-flooding level.Maximum time 5 min.
	LCD display:	Water level in the tub is displayed (mm).

Position 6

Hot water fill (only in certain models)	Purpose of the test:	To check the correct operation of the hot water fill fourth solenoid valve (only in certain models).
<u> </u>	Components activated:	Door safety interlock.Fourth solenoid valve (where featured).
	Working conditions:	Door closedWater level below anti-flooding level.Maximum time 5 min.
	LCD display:	Water level in the tub is displayed (mm).

Position 7

Heating	Purpose of the test:	To check the correct operation of the heater unit.
	Components activated:	 Door fastening device. Wash solenoid, if the water in the tub is not enough to cover the heating element. Heating element.
	Working conditions:	 Door closed. Water level high enough to cover the heating element. Maximum time 10 min. or up to 90°C. (*)
0 /0	LCD display:	Temperature in °C measured using the NTC probe.

Position 8

Leaks from the tub	Purpose of the test:	To check for any water leaks from the tub during operation.
	Components activated:	 Door fastening device. Wash solenoid, if the water in the tub is not enough to cover the heating element. Motor (anticlockwise rpm, pulse at 250 rpm).
	Working conditions:	Door closed.Water level above.The heating element.
	LCD display:	Drum speed in rpm/10.

Position 9

Drain, calibration of analogue pressure switch and spin.	Purpose of the test:	To check the correct operation of the spin cycle drain pump and calibrate the analogue pressure switch.
	Components activated:	 Door safety interlock. Drain pump. Motor up to 650 rpm then at maximum spin speed. (**)
	Working conditions:	Door closed.Water level lower than anti-boiling level for spinning.
	LCD display:	Drum speed in rpm/10.

Position 10

Drum position	Purpose of the test:	To check the correct position of the drum via DSP.
	Components activated:	Drum rotation motor.Door fastening device.Drum position sensor DSP.
	Working conditions:	Door closed.
	LCD display:	C 10

Position 11

Reading/Deleting the last alarm	Purpose of the test:	Reading/Deleting the last alarm.
n n	Components activated:	
	Working conditions:	
	LCD display:	Displays any alarms present or stored.

Position 12÷16

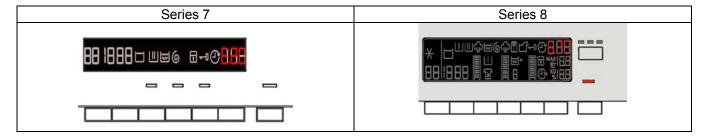
User interface test	Purpose of the test:	To test operation of all the LEDs and switches.
	Components activated:	The LEDs are turned on in sequence, as are the symbol groups of the LCD display and its backlight.
n n	Behaviour:	All LEDs turn on in sequence.
		By pressing a key the corresponding icon unit lights up.
		The code is shown on the LCD and a beep sounds.
		All the icons on the LCD flash.
	Working conditions:	There is a control to run the test (always active).
	LCD display:	C 12 C 13 C 14 C 15 C 16

- (*) In most cases, this time is sufficient to check the heating. However, the time can be increased by repeating the phase without draining the water: pass for a moment to a different phase of the diagnostic cycle and then back to the heating control phase (if the temperature is higher than 80°C, heating does not take place).
- (**) The check at the maximum speed occurs without control of the A.G.S. (Unbalancing Control Algorithm) and no garments must be inside the appliance.

4 ALARMS

4.1 Displaying the alarms to the user

When a problem arises in the appliance, which generates a "WARNING" or an "ALARM", this is displayed with three digits, where the time until the end of the cycle is represented.



The alarms displayed to the user are listed below:

- ♦ E10 Water fill difficulty (tap closed)
- ♥ E20 Drain difficulty (filter dirty)
- ♥ E40 Door open

The alarms listed below:

⋄ EF0 - Water leakage (Agua Control System)

For its solution, the intervention of a Service engineer is required.

While for the alarm:

EH0 - Voltage or frequency outside the normal values
It is necessary to wait for power supply voltage and/or frequency to restore normal conditions.

The alarms are enabled during the execution of the washing programme. With the exception of alarms associated with the configuration and the power supply voltage/frequency, which are also displayed during the programme selection phase.

The door can normally be opened (except where specified) when an alarm condition has occurred, on the condition that:

- The level of the water in the tub is below a certain level.
- The water temperature is lower than 55°C.
- The motor has stopped.

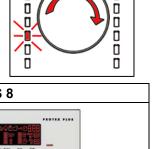
Certain alarm conditions require a drain phase to be performed before the door can be opened for safety reasons:

- Cooling water fill if the temperature is higher than 65°C.
- Drain until the analogue pressure switch is on empty, during a max. 3-minute time.

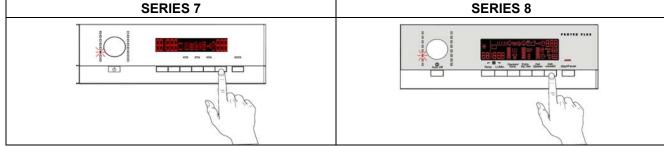
4.2 Reading the alarms

The last three alarms stored in the FLASH memory of the PCB can be displayed:

- Enter the diagnostic mode.
- Irrespective of the type of PCB and configuration, turn the programme selector knob clockwise to the eleventh position, the last alarm is displayed.
- to display previous alarms, press the button to the left of the START/PAUSE button in sequence (as shown in the figure)
- To return to the last alarm, press the START/PAUSE button.



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4.3 Rapid reading of alarms

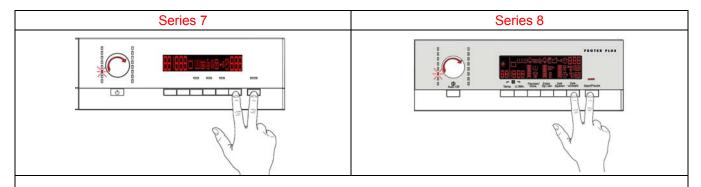
The last three alarms can even be displayed if the selector is not in the tenth diagnostic position or if the appliance is in normal operating mode (for example when performing a wash programme):

- Press the START/PAUSE button and the nearest option button simultaneously (as if you were entering DIAGNOSTIC mode) for at least 2 seconds: the LCD display shows the last alarm.
- The alarm is displayed until another key is pressed.
- While the alarm is being displayed, the appliance continues to perform the cycle or, if in the programme selection phase, it maintains the previously selected options in memory.

4.4 **Deleting the last alarm**

It is good practice to cancel the alarms stored:

- after reading the alarm codes, to check whether the alarm re-occurs during the diagnostic cycle
- after repairing the appliance, to check whether it re-occurs during testing



- 1. Enter the diagnostic mode.
- Turn the selector dial clockwise until the eleventh LED is turned on (in the left-hand alarm reading row).
 Press the START/PAUSE button and the nearest option button simultaneously (as shown in the figure).
- 4. Hold down the buttons until the LCD display shows "E00" (at least 5 seconds).

N.B. With this operation all the alarms stored are deleted.

5 OPERATING TIME COUNTER

Using a specific procedure, the operator can display the total operating time for the appliance, which is counted from the moment it is first switched on.

The unit can count up to a maximum of 6,550 hours of operating time.

- Only the operating time of <u>normal programmes</u> (and not diagnostic cycles) is counted.
- The <u>actual operating time</u> for the cycle is counted (which does not include pauses, delayed start time, rinse hold time and soaking phases).
- The precision of the counter is 30 seconds per programme.
- Only whole hours of operation are counted (1 hr and 59 min = 1 hr).

5.1 Reading the operating time

Do not start the procedure with the combination buttons pressed

Turn the appliance on at the ON/OFF switch. Turn the selector dial clockwise until the fifth LED in the right-hand row is on. Press the START/PAUSE button and the nearest option button simultaneously (as shown in the figure). Hold the buttons down (approximately three or five seconds) until "dEM" flashes for a short time.

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5.2 Display of total operating time

This time is displayed with a sequence of two digits at a time: the first two digits indicate thousands and hundreds, the second two digits indicate tens and units.

For example, if the operating time is **6,550** hours, the display will show the following sequence:

Phase 1 →	Phase 2 →	Phase 3 →
For two seconds, the following is displayed: Hr	For two seconds, the following digits are displayed: ∜ thousands (6) ∜ hundreds (5)	For the next two seconds the following digits are displayed: the tens (5) units (0)

At the end of phase three (after the tens and units are displayed), the cycle is repeated. To return to normal mode, either: switch the appliance off or press a button or turn the selector dial.

5.3 Alarm Summary Table

ALARM	Description	Possible fault	Machine status/action	Reset
E11	Water fill difficulty during wash	 Tap closed. Water pressure too low. Drain pipe improperly positioned. Water fill solenoid valve faulty. Leaks from pressure switch water circuit. Pressure switch faulty. Faulty wiring. Main circuit board faulty. 	Cycle is paused with door locked.	START/RESET
E13	Water leaks	 Drain pipe improperly positioned. Water pressure too low. Water fill solenoid valve faulty. Leaks/clogging of pressure switch water circuit. Pressure switch faulty. 	Cycle is paused with door locked.	START/RESET
E21	Drain difficulty during washing	 Drain tube kinked/clogged/improperly positioned. Drain filter clogged/dirty. Faulty wiring. Pressure switch faulty. Drain pump rotor blocked. Drain pump faulty. Main circuit board faulty. 	Cycle is paused (after 2 attempts).	START ON/OFF RESET
E23	Faulty triac for drain pump	Faulty wiring.Drain pump faulty.Main circuit board faulty.	Safety drain cycle - Cycle stops with door open.	RESET
E24	Malfunction in "sensing" circuit triac for drain pump	Main circuit board faulty.	Safety drain cycle - Cycle stops with door unlocked.	RESET

ALARM	Description	Possible fault	Machine status/action	Reset
E31	Malfunction in electronic pressure switch circuit	 Wiring; Electronic pressure switch. Main electronic circuit board. 	Cycle stops with door locked.	RESET
E32	Calibration error of the electronic pressure switch	 Drain tube kinked/clogged/improperly positioned. Solenoid valve faulty. Drain filter clogged/dirty. Drain pump faulty. Leaks from pressure switch water circuit. Pressure switch defective. Wiring; main circuit board. 	Cycle paused.	START/RESET
E35	Overflow	 Water fill solenoid valve faulty. Leaks from pressure switch water circuit. Faulty wiring. Pressure switch faulty. Main circuit board faulty. 	Cycle interrupted. Safety drain cycle. Drain pump continues to operate (5 min. on, then 5 min. off. etc.).	RESET
E38	Internal pressure chamber is clogged (water level does not change for at least 30 sec. of drum rotation)	 Motor belt broken. Pressure switch hydraulic circuit clogged. 	Heating phase is skipped.	RESET

ALARM	Description	Possible fault	Machine status/action	Reset
E41	Door open	 Check whether the door is closed properly. Faulty wiring. Door safety interlock faulty. Main circuit board faulty. 	Cycle paused.	CLOSE THE DOOR
E42	Problems with door lock	 Faulty wiring. Door safety interlock faulty. Electrical current leak between heating element and ground. Main circuit board faulty. 	Cycle paused.	START/RESET
E43	Faulty triac supplying power to door delay system	Faulty wiring.Door safety interlock faulty.Main circuit board faulty.	Safety drain cycle. Cycle blocked.	RESET
E44	Faulty "sensing" of door delay system	Main circuit board faulty.	Safety drain cycle. Cycle blocked.	RESET
E45	Faulty "sensing" by door delay system triac	Main circuit board faulty.	Safety drain cycle. Cycle blocked.	RESET

ALARM	Description	Possible fault	Machine status/action	Reset
E52	No signal from motor tachometric generator	Faulty wiring.Motor faulty.Inverter board faulty.	Cycle blocked with door locked after 5 attempts.	ON/OFF RESET
E57	Inverter is drawing too much current (>15A)	Motor-inverter wiring faulty.Inverter board faulty.Motor faulty.	Cycle blocked with door locked after 5 attempts.	ON/OFF RESET
E58	Inverter is drawing too much current (>4.5A)	 Abnormal motor operation (overload). Motor-inverter wiring faulty. Motor faulty. Inverter board faulty. 	Cycle blocked with door locked after 5 attempts.	ON/OFF RESET
E59	No signal from tachometric generator for 3 seconds	 Motor-inverter wiring faulty. Inverter board faulty. Motor faulty. 	Cycle blocked with door locked after 5 attempts.	ON/OFF RESET
E5A	Overheating on cooling dissipator for Inverter (>88°C)	 Overheating caused by continuous operation or ambient conditions. Inverter board faulty. NTC open (on the Inverter board). 	Cycle blocked with door locked after 5 attempts.	ON/OFF RESET
E5H	Input voltage is lower than 175V	Faulty wiring.Inverter board faulty.	Cycle blocked with door locked after 5 attempts.	ON/OFF RESET
ESC	Input voltage is too high - greater than 430V	Input voltage is too high (measure the grid voltage).Inverter board faulty.	Cycle blocked with door locked after 5 attempts.	ON/OFF RESET
E5d	Data transfer error between Inverter and main PCB	Line interference.Faulty wiring.Main board or Inverter board faulty.		
ESE	Communication error between Inverter and main PCB	 Faulty wiring between main board and Inverter. Inverter board faulty. Main board faulty. 	Cycle blocked after 5 attempts.	ON/OFF RESET
E5F	Inverter PCB fails to start the motor	Faulty wiring.Inverter board faulty.Main board faulty.	Cycle blocked with door open after 5 attempts.	ON/OFF RESET

ALARM	Description	Possible fault	Machine status/action	Reset
E61	Insufficient heating during the washing phase	 Faulty wiring. NTC probe for wash cycle faulty. Heating element faulty. Main circuit board faulty. 	The heating phase is skipped.	START/RESET
E62	Overheating during washing phase (temperature higher than 88°C for more than 5 min.)	 Faulty wiring. NTC probe for wash cycle faulty. Heating element faulty. Main circuit board faulty. 	Safety drain cycle. Cycle stops with door open.	RESET
E66	Heating element power relay faulty (inconsistency between sensing and relay status)	Main circuit board faulty.	Safety water fill. Cycle stops with door closed.	ON/OFF RESET
E68	Current leak to the ground	Earth leakage between heating element and earth.	The heating phase is skipped.	START/RESET
E69	Heating element interrupted	 Faulty wiring. Heating element for washing interrupted (thermal fuse open). Main circuit board faulty. 		START ON/OFF RESET
E6A	Heating relay sensing faulty	Main circuit board faulty.	Cycle stops with door locked.	RESET
Еен	Heating element power relay faulty (inconsistency between sensing and relay status)	 Faulty wiring. Earth leakage between heating element and earth. Main circuit board faulty. 	Safety water fill. Cycle stops with door closed.	ON/OFF RESET

Description	Possible fault	Machine status/action	Reset
NTC probe for wash cycle faulty (short-circuited or open)	 Faulty wiring. NTC probe for wash cycle faulty. Main circuit board faulty. 	The heating phase is skipped.	START/RESET
NTC probe for wash cycle improperly positioned	 Faulty wiring. NTC probe for wash cycle improperly positioned. NTC probe faulty. Main circuit board faulty. 	The heating phase is skipped.	RESET
Error in reading selector	Main circuit board faulty.	Cycle cancelled.	START/RESET
Selector configuration error	 Incorrect configuration data. Incorrect configuration of display board. 		START ON/OFF
	NTC probe for wash cycle faulty (short-circuited or open) NTC probe for wash cycle improperly positioned Error in reading selector	NTC probe for wash cycle faulty (short-circuited or open) NTC probe for wash cycle faulty. Main circuit board faulty. Faulty wiring. NTC probe for wash cycle improperly positioned. NTC probe for wash cycle improperly positioned. NTC probe faulty. NTC probe faulty. NTC probe faulty. Main circuit board faulty. Main circuit board faulty. Incorrect configuration data.	NTC probe for wash cycle faulty (short-circuited or open) NTC probe for wash cycle faulty. NTC probe for wash cycle improperly positioned NTC probe for wash cycle improperly positioned NTC probe for wash cycle improperly positioned NTC probe faulty. NTC probe for wash cycle improperly positioned. NTC probe faulty. Cycle cancelled.

ALARM	Description	Possible fault	Machine status/action	Reset
E91	Communication error between main PCB and display board	 Faulty wiring. Control/display circuit board faulty. Main circuit board faulty. 		RESET
E92	Communication inconsistency between main PCB and display board (incompatible versions)	 Incorrect control/display board. Incorrect PCB (does not correspond to the model). 	Cycle blocked.	ON/OFF
E93	Appliance configuration error	Main circuit board faulty.Incorrect configuration data.	Cycle blocked.	ON/OFF
E94	Incorrect configuration of washing cycle	Main circuit board faulty.Incorrect configuration data.	Cycle blocked.	ON/OFF
E97	Inconsistency between programme selector and cycle configuration	Main circuit board faulty.Incorrect configuration data.	Cycle blocked.	RESET
E98	Communication error between main PCB - Inverter	 Incompatibility between main PCB and Inverter. 	Cycle blocked.	ON/OFF
E9C	Display board configuration error	Display board faulty.		START ON/OFF RESET
E9E	Display board touch sensor faulty	Display board faulty.		ON/OFF

ALARM	Description	Possible fault	Action/machine status	Reset
EA1	No drum position signal made.	 DSP sensor faulty. Transmission belt broken. Main circuit board faulty. Faulty wiring. 	Drum positioning cycle cancelled	START/RESET
EA6	No signal from the DSP during motor activation.	 DSP sensor faulty. Transmission belt broken. Main circuit board faulty. Faulty wiring. 	Cycle paused.	START/RESET
EC1	Electronically controlled valve blocked with operating flow meter	Faulty wiring.Solenoid valve faulty/blocked.Circuit board faulty.	Cycle stops with door locked. Drain pump continues to operate (5 min. on, then 5 min. off etc.).	RESET
EC3	Problems with weight sensor (no signal or outside the limits)	Faulty wiring.Weight sensor faulty.Main board faulty.		START/ RESET
EF1	Drain filter clogged (drain phase too long)	Drain filter clogged/dirty.Drain hose blocked/kinked/too high.	Warning displayed at the end of cycle.	START/ RESET
EF2	Overdosing of detergent (too much foam during drain phases)	 Excessive detergent dosing. Drain hose kinked/blocked. Drain filter clogged/dirty. 	Warning displayed after 5 attempts or by the specific LED.	RESET
EF3	Aqua control system intervention	Water leaks onto base frame.Aqua control device faulty.	Water drain.	ON/OFF RESET
EF4	Water fill pressure too low, no signal from flow meter and electronically controlled valve is open	Tap closed.Water fill pressure too low.		RESET
EF5	Unbalanced load	Final spin phases skipped.		START/ RESET
EF6	Reset	If it continues, replace the main board.		

ALARM	Description	Possible fault	Machine status/action	Reset
田	Supply frequency of appliance outside the limits	 Problem with the power supply network (incorrect/disturbed). Main circuit board faulty. 	Wait for nominal frequency conditions.	ON/OFF
EH2	Supply voltage too high	 Problem with the power supply network (incorrect/disturbed). Main circuit board faulty. 	Wait for nominal. voltage conditions.	ON/OFF
ЕНЗ	Supply voltage too low	Problem with the power supply network (incorrect/disturbed).Main circuit board faulty.	Wait for nominal voltage conditions.	ON/OFF
EH4	0 Watt relay malfunction	Main circuit board faulty.		ON/OFF RESET
噐	Inconsistency between FCV relay (in the main board) and safety "sensing" circuit	Faulty wiring.Main circuit board faulty.	Safety drain cycle. Cycle stops with door open.	RESET
岩	Safety "sensing" circuit faulty (wrong input voltage to microprocessor)	Main circuit board faulty.	Safety drain cycle. Cycle stops with door open.	RESET

5.4 Notes on the behaviour of certain alarms

- Configuration alarm E93: when this alarm is detected (on switching on the appliance), the appliance stops, the LEDs in the START/PAUSE button start to flash, displaying the complete code (family plus alarm), the display shows the alarm code provided the relevant configuration part is intact.
 It will not be possible to access diagnostics mode and the only available option is to turn the appliance off.
- Configuration alarm E94: the LEDs in the START/PAUSE button start to flash, displaying the
 complete code (family plus alarm) and the code is also shown on the display.
 The diagnostics mode cannot be accessed and the "quick alarm viewing" mode cannot be used.
- Alarms EH1-EH2-EH3: in the event of problems with the supply voltage, the appliance remains in alarm status until the mains frequency or voltage returns to acceptable values or the appliance is switched off (programme selector set to "0"). Only the family of the alarm "H" is displayed if the problem occurs during normal appliance operation. The family plus the alarm are displayed if the problem occurs when the appliance is switched on. The LEDs above or in the START/PAUSE button flash and the code is concurrently shown on the display.

 The diagnostics mode cannot be accessed and the "quick alarm viewing" mode cannot be used: the alarm can only be read in full when the situation has normalised.
- Alarms E51- E52: all the alarms are displayed during diagnostic testing: normally, when shifting from one control phase to another, the appliance quits the alarm mode and executes the selected phase. This is not the case for alarms E51 (motor power supply TRIAC short-circuiting) and E52 (no signal from motor tachometric generator): the only choice to quit the alarm mode is to turn the programme selector to position "0" (reset).

6 CANNOT ACCESS THE DIAGNOSTICS PROGRAMME

6.1 None of the LEDs on the circuit board light up

Are the power supply cable and the connection on the main board (connector **J1**) working properly?

Yes ↓

Is the communication wiring between the main board (connector **J4**) and the display board (connectors **J2** and **J3**) working properly? (insert and remove)

Yes ₽

Does the ON/OFF button function mechanically?

Yes ₽

Change the main circuit board. Is the appliance working correctly?

Yes ₽

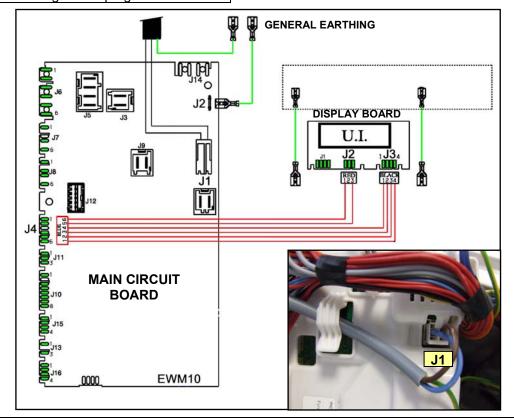
Run the diagnostics programme.

No ⇒ Replace/repair the power supply cable, check the connection.

No ⇒ Replace/repair wiring.

No ⇒ Replace/repair the button or replace the display board.

No ⇒ Replace display board.



6.2 Some LEDs come on, on the display board

Are the keys unobstructed through the control panel slots and do they activate the various buttons correctly?

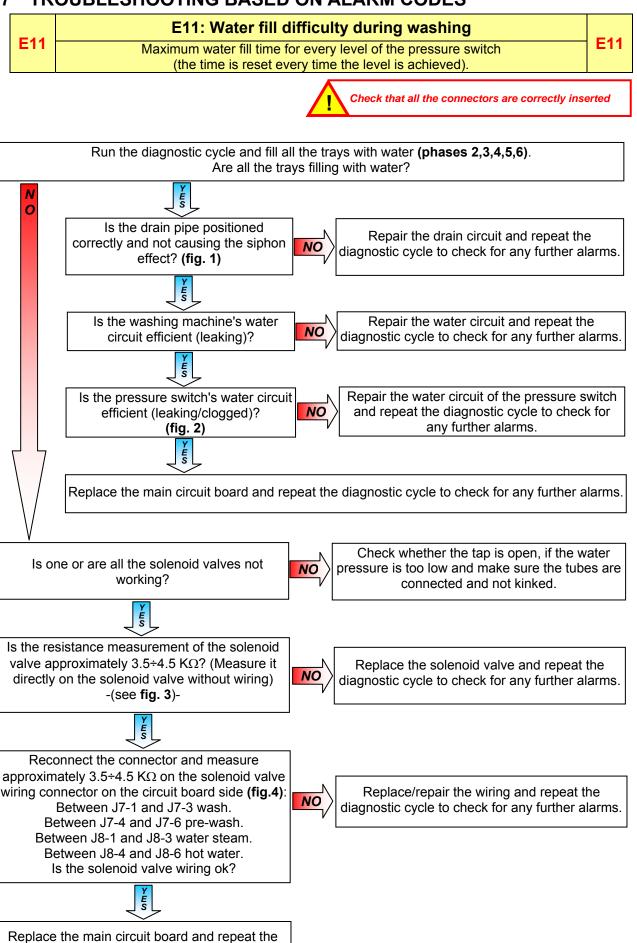
Yes ₽

Change the display board and run the diagnostics programme.

No ⇒

Sort out any mechanical problems (control panel/buttons/pins).

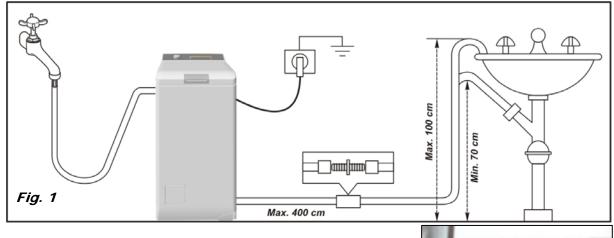
7 TROUBLESHOOTING BASED ON ALARM CODES

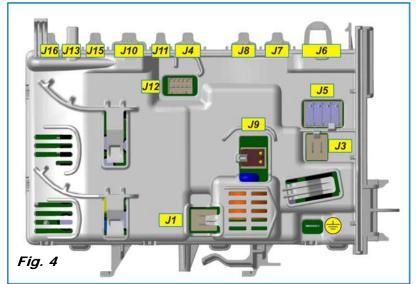


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If there are burns on the circuit board, see page 78

diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

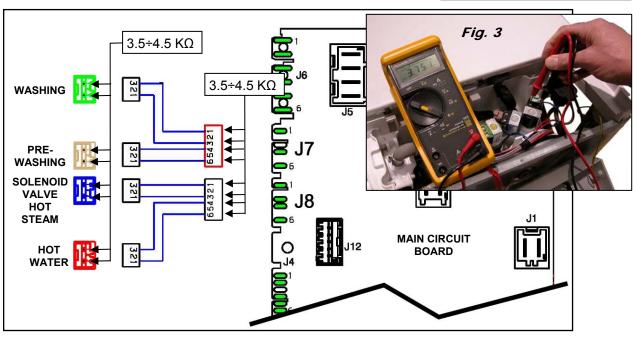








If there are burns on the circuit board, see page 78



E13: Water leaks

Maximum overall water fill time exceeded (sum of all water fills between one drain phase and the next to avoid exceeding the maximum volume).

E13

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Run the diagnostic cycle and fill all the trays with water **(phases 2,3,4,5,6)**.

Are all the trays filling with water?





Is the drain pipe positioned correctly and not causing the siphon effect? (fig. 1)



Repair the drain circuit and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Is the washing machine's water circuit efficient (leaking)?



Repair the water circuit and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Is the pressure switch's water circuit efficient (leaking/clogged)?

(fig. 2)



Repair the water circuit of the pressure switch and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Is one or are all the solenoid valves not working?



Check whether the tap is open, if the water pressure is too low and make sure the tubes are connected and not kinked.



Is the resistance measurement of the solenoid valve approximately $3.5 \div 4.5 \text{ K}\Omega$? (Measure it directly on the solenoid valve without wiring) -(see fig. 3)-



Replace the solenoid valve and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Reconnect the connector and measure approximately $3.5 \div 4.5 \text{ K}\Omega$ on the solenoid valve wiring connector on the circuit board side **(fig.4)**: Between J7-1 and J7-3 wash.

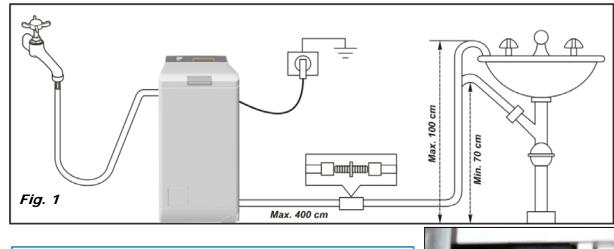
Between J7-1 and J7-3 wasn.
Between J7-4 and J7-6 pre-wash.
Between J8-1 and J8-3 water steam.
Between J8-4 and J8-6 hot water.
Is the solenoid valve wiring ok?

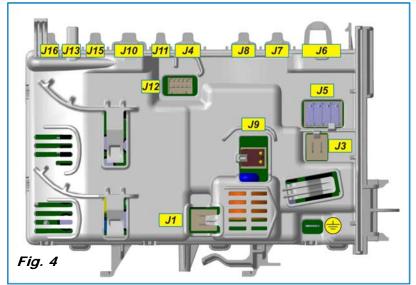


Replace/repair the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

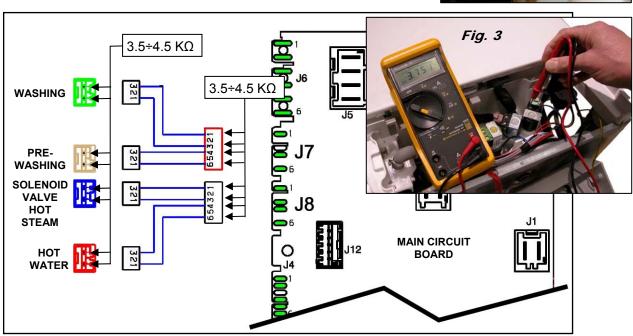


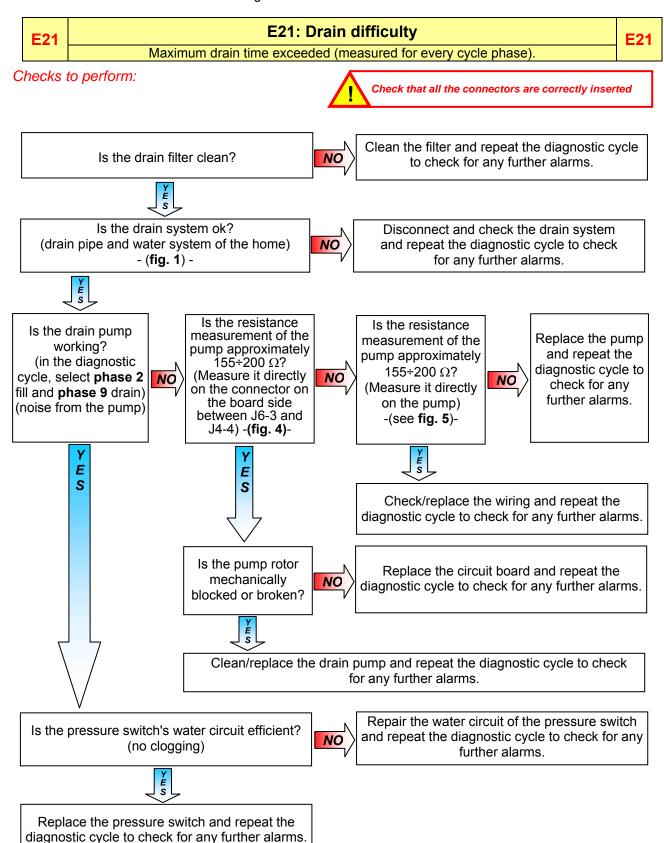




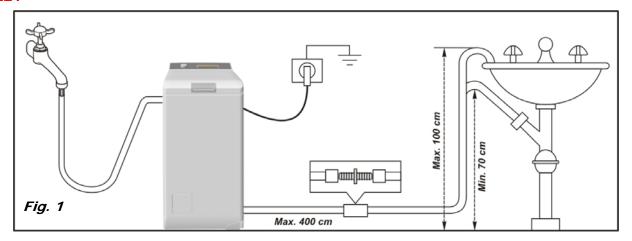


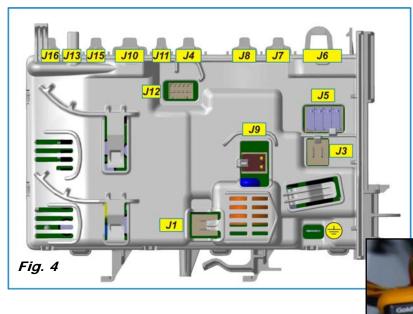


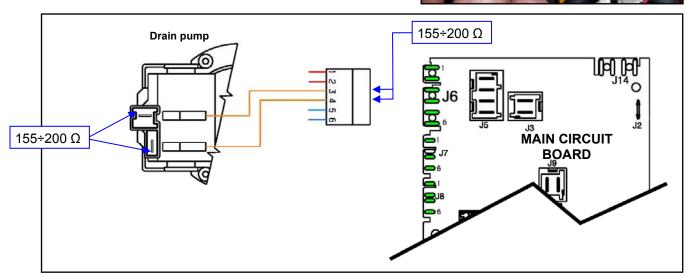






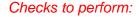




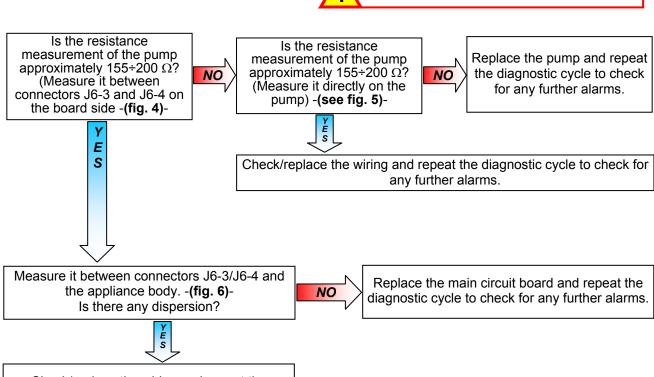


E23: Problems with the component (triac) controlling the drain pump

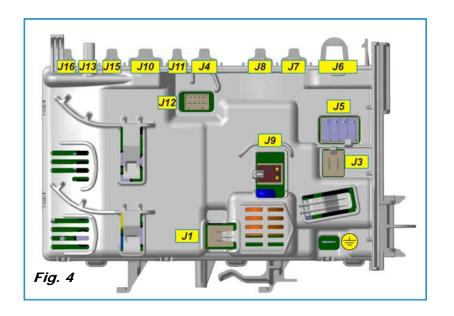
E23



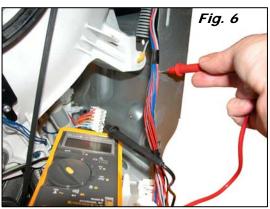


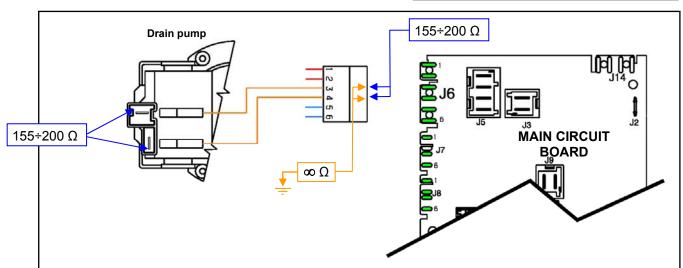


Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.











E24: Sensing circuit of the component (triac) controlling the drain pump faulty

E24

Checks to perform:



Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



E31

E31: The analogue pressure switch provides the main circuit board with a signal outside the limits

E31

Checks to perform:

Measure that the circuit is closed between J10-1, J10-2, J10-3 and the connector of the analogue pressure switch (they are three independent wires) (see fig. 7). is the wiring between the main circuit board and the analogue pressure switch ok and is it



Reconnect and/or replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted



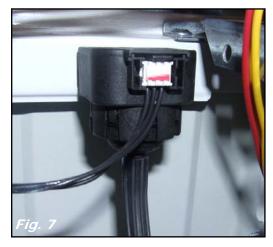
connected correctly on both sides?

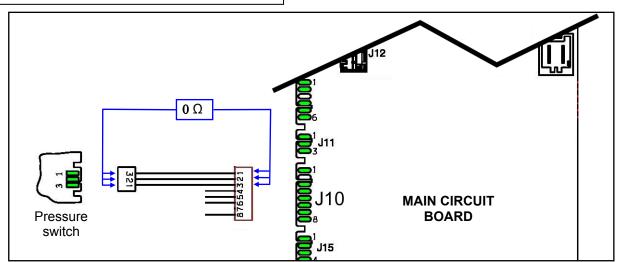
Replace the analogue pressure switch and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms codes.

Is the appliance displaying the same alarm code again?



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarm codes.





E32: The analogue pressure switch causes an error during calibration

At the start of every cycle, the appliance drains to empty the tub and creates a level 0 to check the calibration of the analogue pressure switch.

E32





Drain the water from the tub.
Are the pressure switch tube and pressure chamber unobstructed?
(disconnect the tube and blow into it to make sure the system is unobstructed) (fig. 2 and 8)

NO

Clean/replace the tube and/or the pressure chamber and repeat the diagnostic cycle completely to check for any further alarms.

NO



Check the drain system (filter, drain pump, drain tube). Is the appliance draining correctly?



Repair the drain circuit.



Select a washing cycle. After a few minutes, has the appliance filled with water and is the motor running?



Appliance ok

Replace the analogue pressure switch and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.







If there are burns on the circuit board, see page 78

E35: Water level too high

The main circuit board measures a water level, using the electronic pressure switch, of more than 300 mm for longer than 15 sec.

E35

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Drain the water from the tub. Are the pressure switch tube and pressure chamber unobstructed? (disconnect the tube and blow into it to make sure the system is unobstructed) -(see fig. 2 and 8)-

NO



NO

Clean/change the tube and/or the pressure chamber and repeat the diagnostic cycle completely to check for any further alarms.

NO

Reconnect

and/or replace

the wiring and

repeat the

diagnostic cycle

to check for any

further alarms.



Does the appliance continue to fill with water even when it is switched off?



Replace the water fill solenoid valve and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Run the diagnostic cycle at phase 9. Once the door has locked, does the appliance start to fill with water?

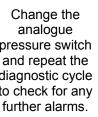


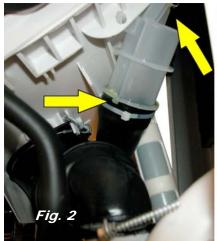
Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Is the wiring between the main circuit board and the analogue pressure switch connected correctly on both sides?



analogue pressure switch and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any









E38: Internal pressure chamber is clogged

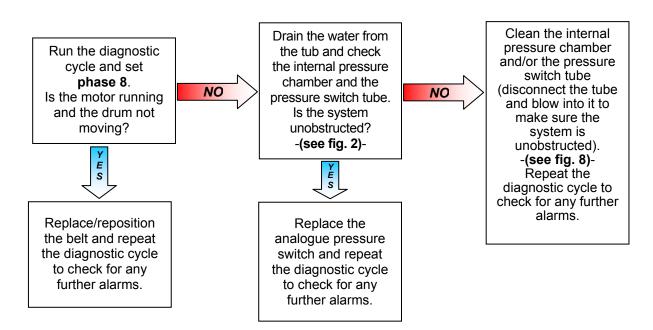
E38

The analogue pressure switch is not able to measure any variation in the water level for at least 30 sec. during drum rotation.

E38

Checks to perform:



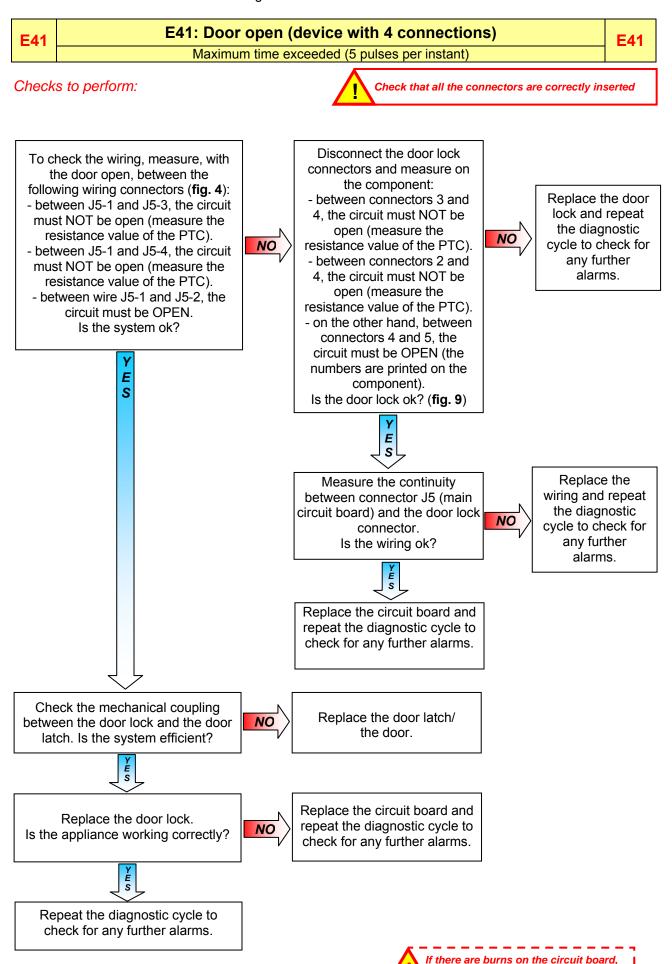






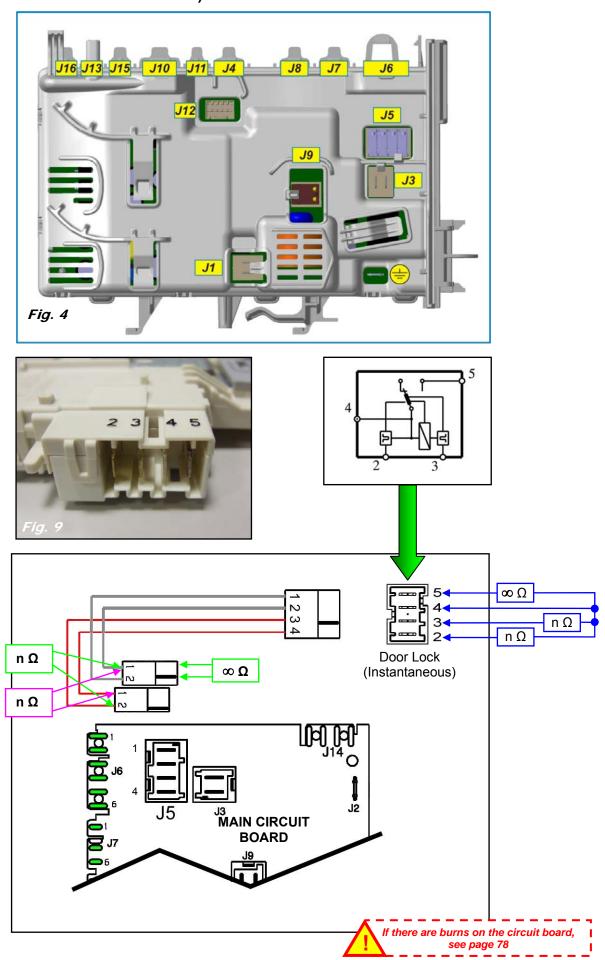


If there are burns on the circuit board, see page 78



see page 78

E41 (device with 4 connections)

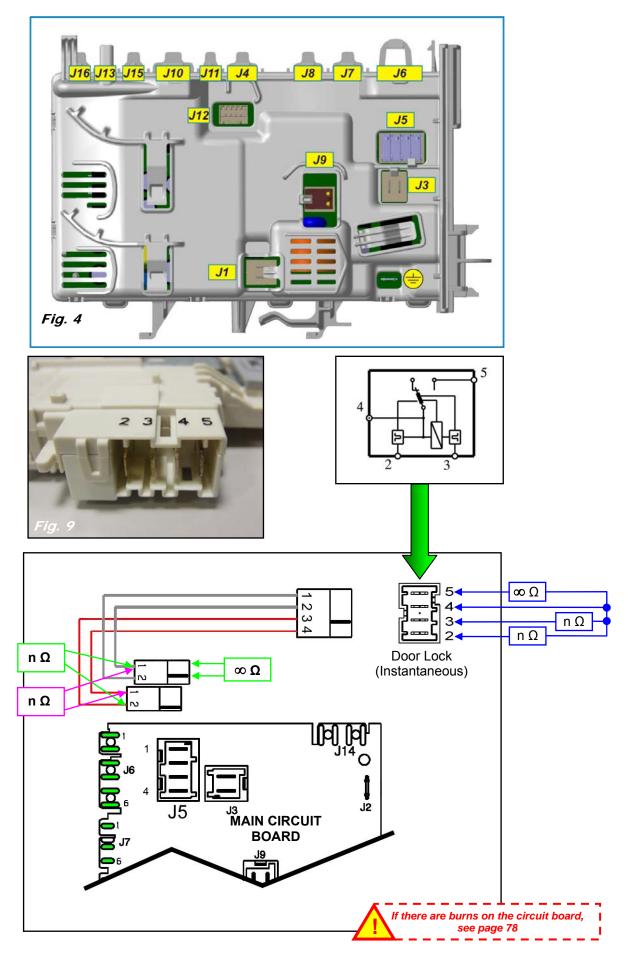


Guide to diagnostics of electronic controls EWM10931 E42: Problems opening door (device with 4 connections) **E42** E42 Maximum time exceeded (5 pulses per instant) Checks to perform: Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted Disconnect the door lock To check the wiring, measure, with connectors and measure on the door open, between the the component: following wiring connectors (fig. 4): - between connectors 3 and Replace the door - between J5-1 and J5-3, the circuit 4, the circuit must NOT be lock and repeat must NOT be open (measure the open (measure the the diagnostic resistance value of the PTC). NO cycle to check for NO resistance value of the PTC). - between J5-1 and J5-4, the circuit - between connectors 2 and any further must NOT be open (measure the alarms. 4. the circuit must NOT be resistance value of the PTC). open (measure the - between wire J5-1 and J5-2, the resistance value of the PTC). circuit must be OPEN. - on the other hand, between Is the system ok? connectors 4 and 5, the circuit must be OPEN (the numbers are printed on the E component). S Is the door lock ok? (fig. 9) Replace the Measure the continuity wiring and repeat between connector J5 (main the diagnostic circuit board) and the door lock NO cycle to check for connector. any further Is the wiring ok? alarms. Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms. Check the mechanical coupling between the door lock and the door Replace the door latch/ NO latch. Is the system efficient? the door. Replace the circuit board and Replace the door lock. repeat the diagnostic cycle to NO Is the appliance working correctly? check for any further alarms.



Repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E42 (device with 4 connections)



E43: Problems with the component (triac) controlling the door delay system(device with 4 connections)

E43

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

To check the wiring, measure, with the door open, between the following wiring connectors (fig. 4):

- between J5-1 and J5-3, the circuit must NOT be open (measure the resistance value of the PTC).
- between J5-1 and J5-4, the circuit must NOT be open (measure the resistance value of the PTC).
- between wire J5-1 and J5-2, the circuit must be OPEN.
 Is the system ok?



Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Disconnect the door lock connectors and measure on the component:

- between connectors 3 and
- 4, the circuit must NOT be open (measure the resistance value of the PTC).
- between connectors 2 and
 4, the circuit must NOT be open (measure the

resistance value of the PTC).

 on the other hand, between connectors 4 and 5, the circuit must be OPEN (the numbers are printed on the component).

Is the door lock ok? (fig. 9)

É S

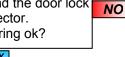


Replace the door lock and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Measure the continuity between connector J5 (main circuit board) and the door lock connector.

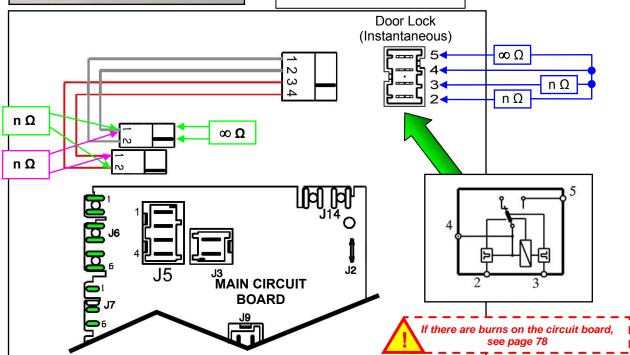
Is the wiring ok?



Replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



E44: Door closed "sensing" circuit faulty

E44

Checks to perform:



Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E45

E45: Problems with the "sensing" circuit of the component (triac) controlling the door delay system

E45

Checks to perform:



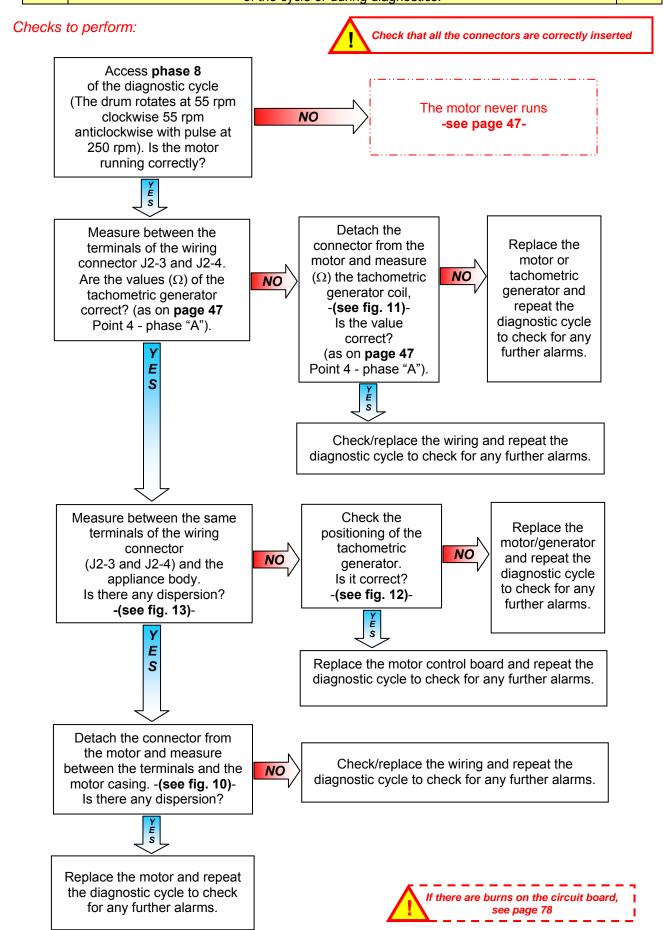
Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

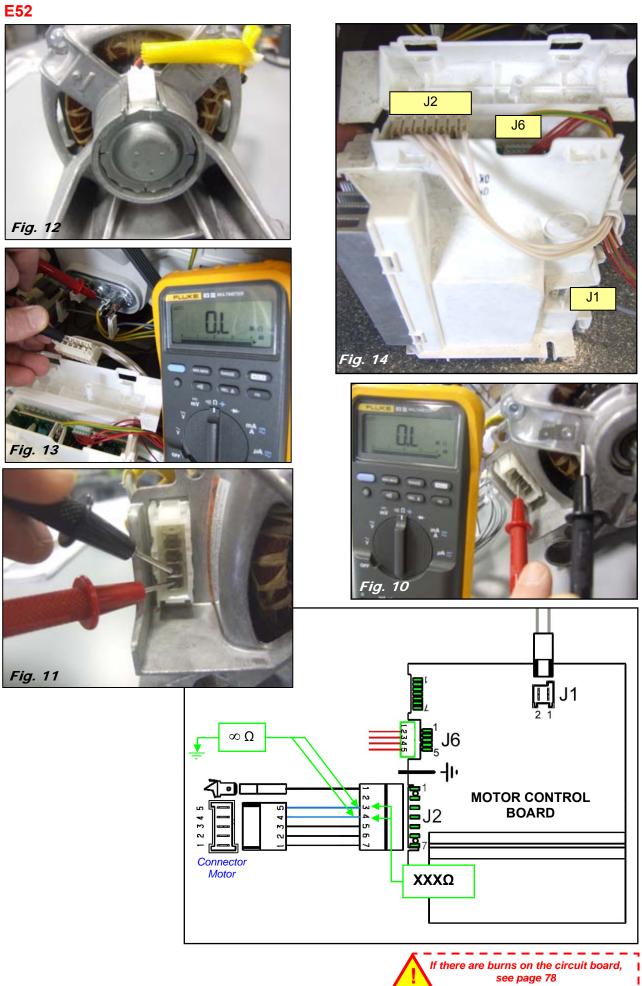


E52: No signal from motor tachometric generator (first part) E52

Cycle interrupted after 5 attempts during the cycle, immediately if recognised at the start of the cycle or during diagnostics.

E52





E52: No signal from motor tachometric generator (second part)

Cycle interrupted after 5 attempts during the cycle, immediately if recognised at the start of the cycle or during diagnostics.

E52

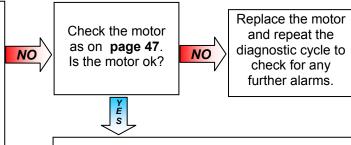
Checks to perform:



The motor never runs

To check the wiring, measure (Ω) between the following wiring connectors of the motor control board **(fig. 14)** and compare the values with the correct values **(see pag. 47**: point 4 - motor parameters)

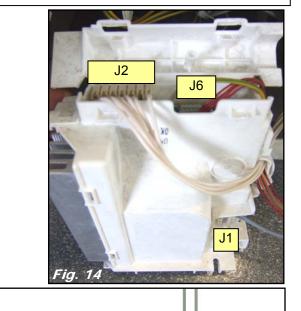
- between J2-6 and J2-7, a value as in point 4 **B** (Stator) must be found.
- between J2-5 and J2-6, a value as in point 4 **C** (Stator) must be found.
- between J2-5 and J2-7, a value as in point 4 - D (Stator) must be found.
 Are the values correct?

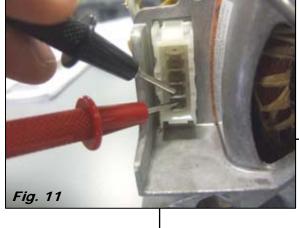


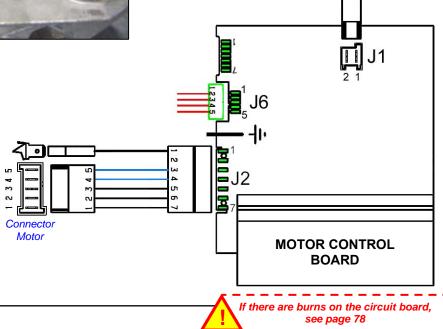
Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

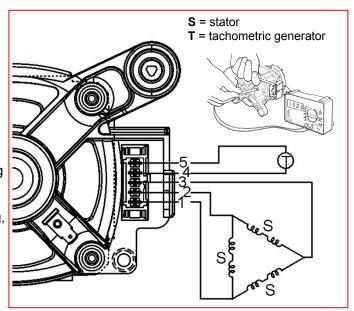






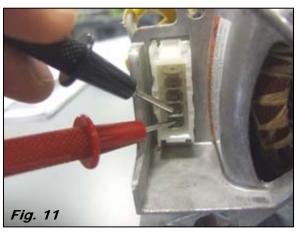
How to check three-phase motors

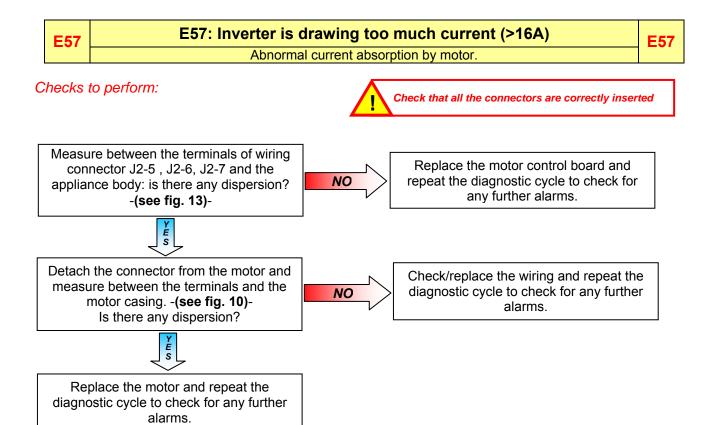
- Check the connection blocks (wiring) and for the presence of any protruding/ kinked terminals.
- 2) Check for the presence of any marks/ residue/water or detergent deposits on the motor and where these come from.
- Proceed by checking for any windings/ earthed parts or parts with poor earthing insulation. Use a tester with a minimum capacity of 40 MΩ: between each individual terminal and the motor casing, read ∞ (fig. 10).
- Proceed by checking each individual winding according to the following table (fig. 11).

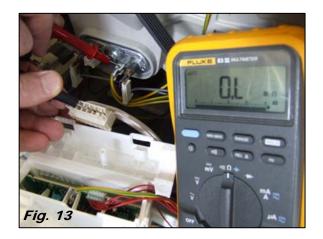


·			MOTORS		
	MOTOR TERMINAL BOARD TERMINALS	CHECK:	C.E.SET.	ACC (SOLE) NIDEC	ECM
A	4-5	Tachometric generator winding	108÷133	169÷207	85 ÷98
В	1-2	Stator winding	5.0÷5.8	5.0÷5.8	5.0÷5.8
С	2-3	Stator winding	5.0÷5.8	5.0÷5.8	5.0÷5.8
D	3-1	Stator winding	5.0÷5.8	5.0÷5.8	5.0÷5.8

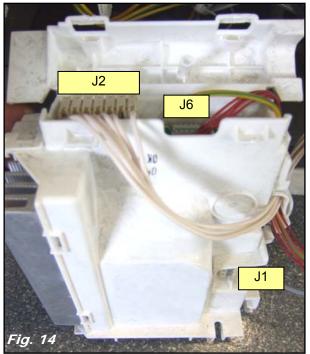


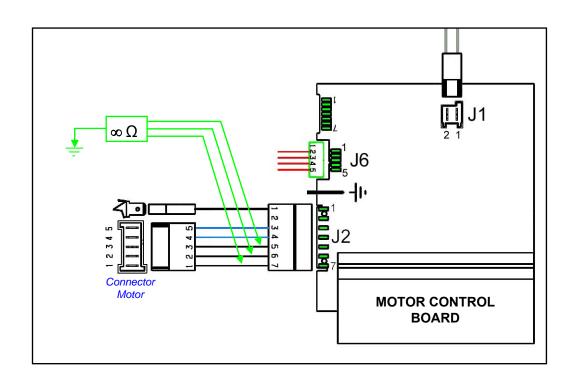














E58: Inverter is drawing too much current (>4A)

Abnormal current absorption by motor.

E58

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Was the wash cycle performed with too large a laundry load?



Reduce the laundry load in the drum and restart the wash cycle.

NO

Check whether the drum turns freely without posing any resistance (see fig. 15).
Is the drum having difficulty rotating?



Check whether the friction is caused by the motor (fig. 17) or by the tub bearings (fig. 16). Replace the defective component. Repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Measure between all the terminals of wiring connector J2-5, J2-6, J2-7 and the appliance body: is there any dispersion?

-(see fig. 13)-



Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



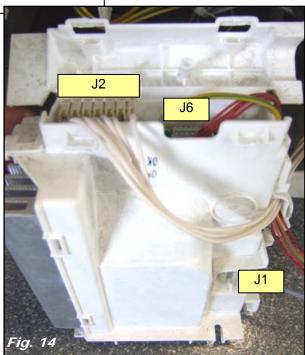
Detach the connector from the motor and measure between the terminals and the motor casing.-(see fig. 10)Is there any dispersion?

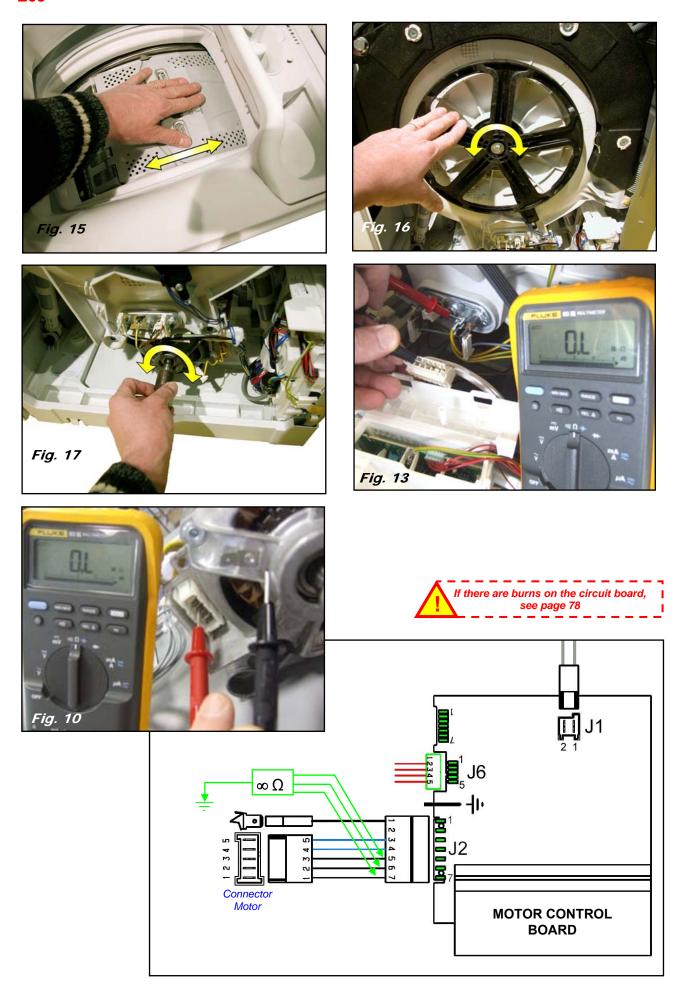


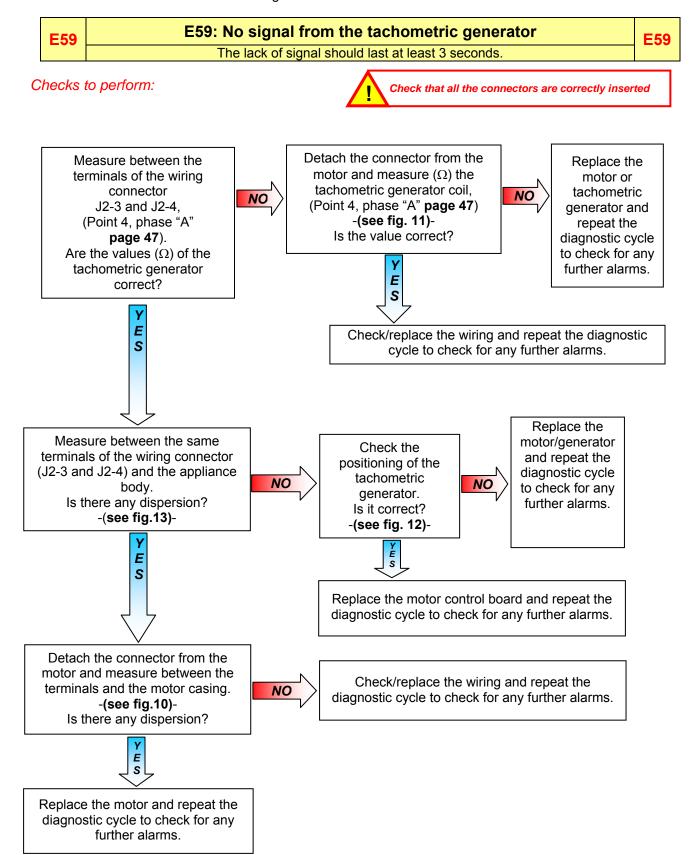
Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



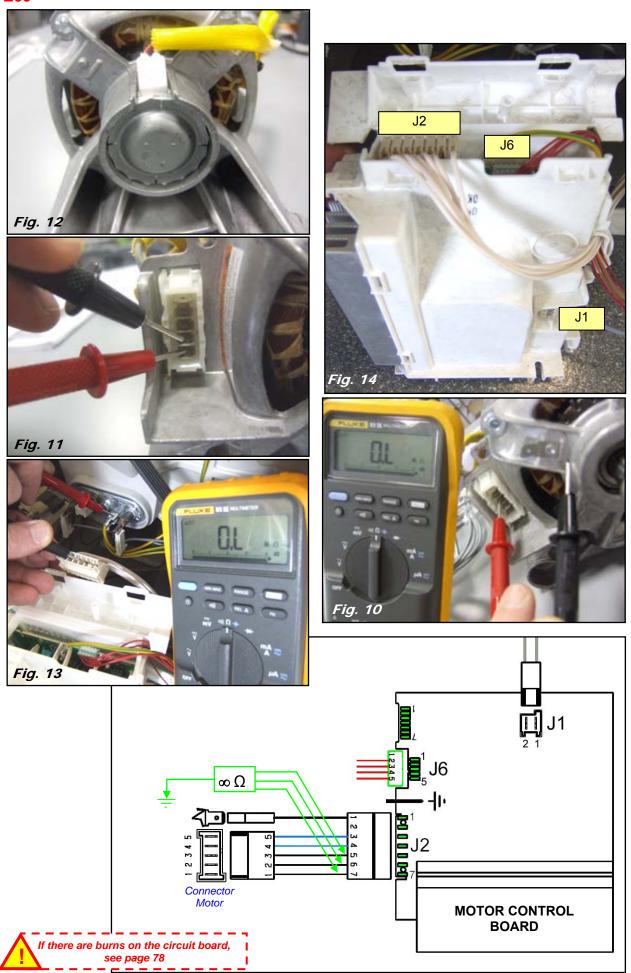
Replace the motor and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.











E5A

E5A: Overheating on heat dissipator for Inverter board

The dissipator exceeds a temperature of 88°C.

E₅A

Checks to perform:



Have continuous wash cycles been performed, or has the wash cycle been performed with too heavy a laundry load?



Leave pauses between one cycle and the next or reduce the laundry load inside the drum.



Check whether the drum turns freely without posing any resistance (see fig. 15).

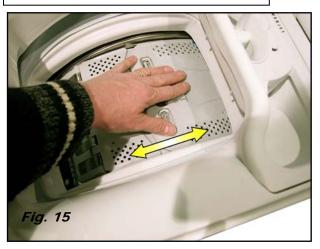
Is the drum having difficulty rotating?

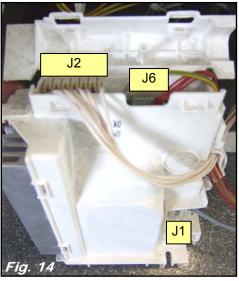


Check whether the friction is caused by the motor (fig. 17) or by the tub bearings (fig. 16). Replace the defective component. Repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.









If there are burns on the circuit board, see page 78

E₅C

E5C: The Inverter board input voltage is too high (greater than 430V)

The voltage should stay above 430V for at least 5 sec.

E₅C

Checks to perform:



Measure the mains voltage and make sure it is within the nominal range.
Is the mains voltage correct?



Wait for the mains voltage to return to nominal conditions and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



E5d

E5d: Data transfer error between Inverter PCB and main PCB

E₅d

The lack of communication must last at least 2 sec.

Checks to perform:



Are connectors J16 (main circuit board) and J6 (motor control board) properly inserted?

Y E S



Repair the connectors and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Measure the continuity between connector J16-1, J16-4 (main circuit board) and connector J6-2, J6-5 (motor control board).

Is the wiring ok?



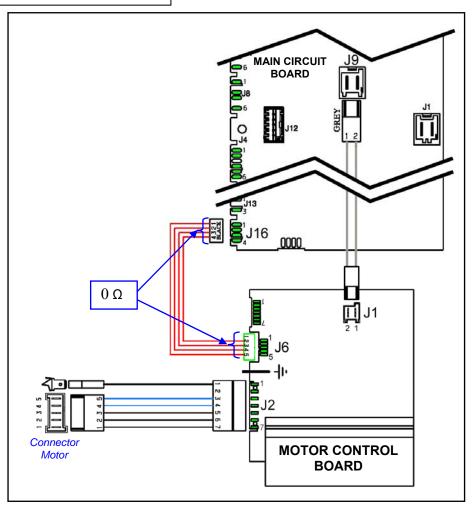
Replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Is the appliance working?



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.





E5E

E5E: Communication error between Inverter PCB and main PCB

E5E

Communication protocol between the two boards not aligned.

Checks to perform:



Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E5F: Inverter PCB fails to start the motor E5F

Checks to perform:



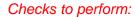
Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E5H

E5H: The Inverter board input voltage is too low (less than 175V)

E5H

The voltage should stay below 175V for at least 5 sec.





Are connectors J9 (main circuit board) and J1 (motor control board) properly inserted?

Y E S



Repair the connectors and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Measure the continuity between connectors J9-1, J9-2 (main circuit board) and J1-1, J1-2 (motor control board).

Is the wiring ok?



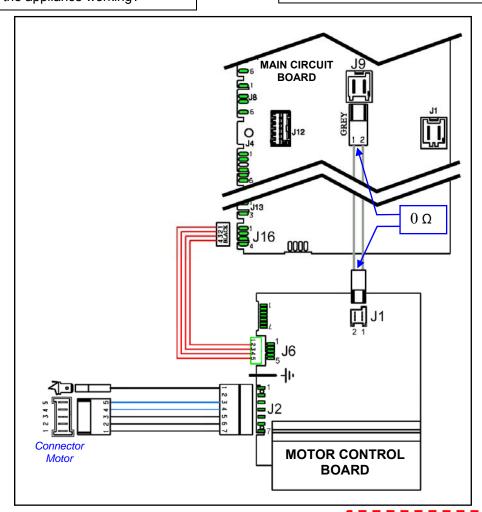
Replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Replace the motor control board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Is the appliance working?



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



If there are burns on the circuit board, see page 78

E62: Overheating during washing

The temperature of the NTC probe exceeds 88°C for more than 5 min.

Checks to perform:



Run the diagnostic cycle and fill with water up to the door level to make sure the heating element is completely submerged.

Measure between the wiring connector J3-1/J3-2 and the appliance body.

-(see fig. 6)-

Detach the connector and measure between the heating element and the earth contact.

-(see fig. 19)Is the circuit open?

NO

NO

Replace the heating element and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



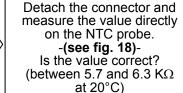
Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

NO



Is the circuit open?

Measure the NTC probe between terminals J10-4 and J10-5 of the main circuit board connector. Is the value correct? (between 5.7 and 6.3 K Ω at 20°C)



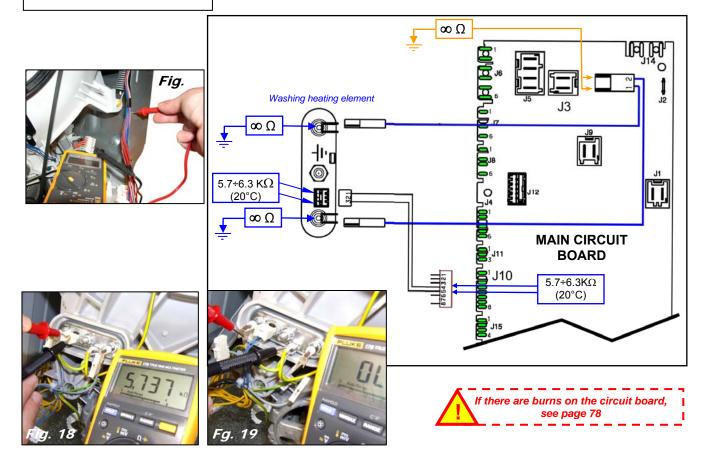
Replace the heating element and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



E66: Heating element power supply relay faulty

E66

Checks to perform:



Measure between the connector J3-1/J3-2 of the main circuit board and the appliance body. **(Fig. 6)** Is there any dispersion?



Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Detach the connectors and measure between the heating element and the earth contact.

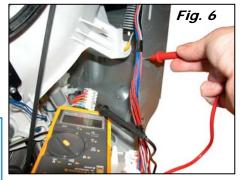
-fig. 19- Is the circuit open?

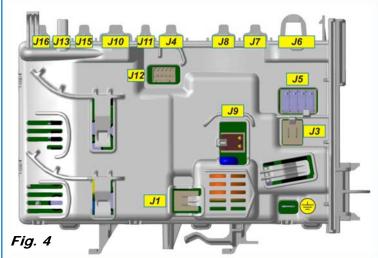


Replace the heating element and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

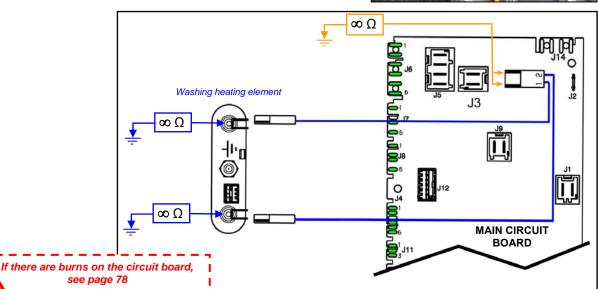


Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.









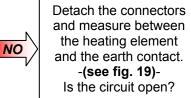
E68: Washing heating element leakage

E68

Checks to perform:

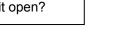


Run the diagnostic cycle and fill with water up to the door level to make sure the heating element is completely submerged. Measure between the wiring connector J3-1/J3-2 and the appliance body. -(see fig. 6)-Is the circuit open?





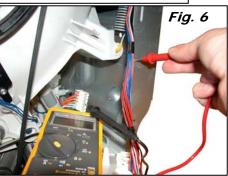
Run phase 9 of the diagnostic cycle, drain water from the tub. Replace the heating element and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



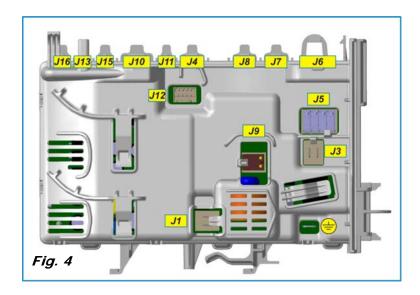


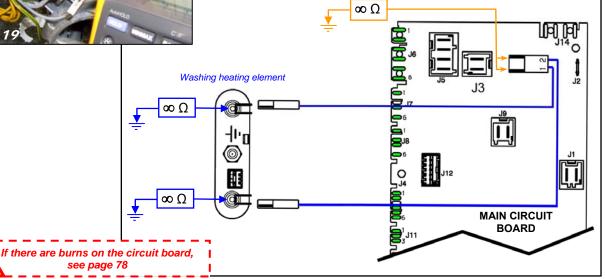
Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.









E69: Washing heating element damaged

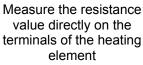
E69

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Measure the resistance value of the heating element (Ω) between terminals J3-1 ÷ J3-2 of the wiring connector -(see fig. 4)- Is the value correct? (28÷31 Ω for 230 V/1,750 W)



NO

(detach the connectors)
-(see fig. 20)Is the value correct?

 $(28 \div 31 \Omega \text{ for } 230 \text{ V/1,750 W})$

NO

Replace the heating element and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

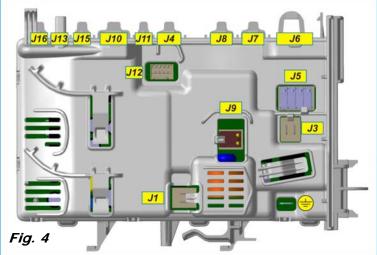


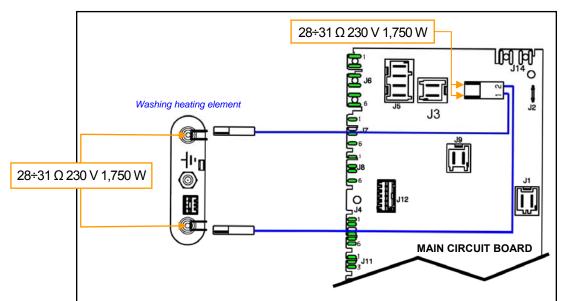
Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.







If there are burns on the circuit board, see page 78

E6A

E6A: Heating relay sensing faulty

E6A

Checks to perform:



Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



E6H

E6H: Heating element power relay faulty (inconsistency between sensing and relay status)

E6H

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Run the diagnostic cycle and fill with water up to the door level to make sure the heating element is completely submerged.

Measure between the wiring connector J3-1/J3-2 and the appliance body.

-(see fig. 6)-



Is the circuit open?



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Detach the connectors and measure between the heating element and the earth contact. -(see fig. 19)-Is the circuit open?

NO



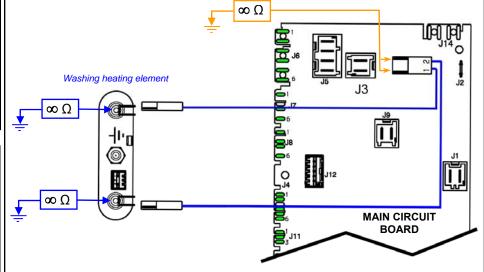
Run phase **9** of the diagnostic cycle, drain water from the tub. Replace the heating element and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.







E71: NTC probe faulty

Voltage value out of range (short-circuit or open circuit)

E71

Checks to perform:



Run **phase 7** of the diagnostic cycle and wait for the water to fill. Switch the appliance off and measure the value of the NTC probe between contacts J10-4 and J10-5 of the wiring connector -see fig. 4-

Is the value correct? (between 5.7 and 6.3 K Ω at 20°C)



Measure between terminals J10-4, J10-5 of the NTC connector and the appliance body - (see fig. 6)-Is there any dispersion?



Detach the connector and measure directly between the terminals of the NTC probe and the appliance body.

There must be water in the tub.
Has the dispersion been measured?

YES

Run phase **9** of the diagnostic cycle, drain water from the tub. Replace the washing heating element and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Detach the connector and measure directly on the NTC probe.
-(see fig. 18)Is the value correct?

NO

NO

 $(5.7 \div 6.3 \text{ K}\Omega \text{ at } 20^{\circ}\text{C})$

É

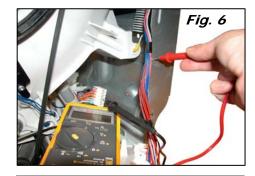


Run phase **9** of the diagnostic cycle, drain water from the tub. Replace the washing heating element and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

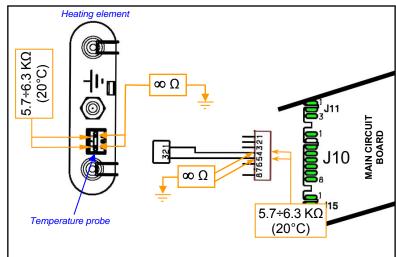
Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Check/replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.







If there are burns on the circuit board, see page 78

E74: NTC probe improperly positioned

NO

NO

NO

E74

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Is the probe visibly positioned correctly in its seat?

-See fig. 21-



Reposition the probe in its seat and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Measure the value of the NTC probe $(5.7 \div 6.3 \text{ K}\Omega \text{ at } 20^{\circ}\text{C})$ between contacts J10-4 and J10-5 of the wiring connector **(fig. 4)**.

Is the value correct?



Run **phase 7** of the diagnostic cycle and wait for the water to fill. Wait in this phase for five minutes. Switch the appliance off and measure the value of the NTC probe between contacts J10-4 and J10-5 of the wiring connector **(fig. 4)**. Is the value below 5 K Ω ?



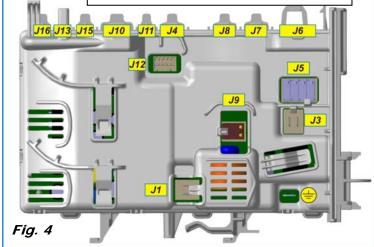
Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

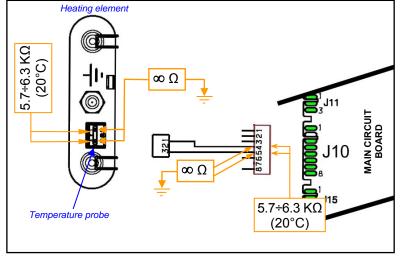
Replace the washing heating element and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Run phase **9** of the diagnostic cycle, drain water from the tub.



Replace the washing heating element and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.







Guide to diagnostics of electronic controls EWM10931 E83: Error reading the programme selector code E83 E83 Selector position code not envisaged by the configuration data or configuration error. Checks to perform: Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted Turn the appliance on, turn the programme selector to Repeat the diagnostic cycle every position and wait at to check for any further NO least 10 seconds before alarms. moving on to the next position. Is alarm E83 shown again? Y E S Replace the display board Check for any friction and repeat the diagnostic between the control panel cycle to check for any NO and the knob. further alarms. Is it difficult to turn the knob? E S Repair the coupling between the control panel/selector knob. If there are burns on the circuit board, see page 78 Repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms. E86: Programme selector configuration error **E86** E86 Checks to perform: Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted Replace the display board and run the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



E87: Display board microprocessor faulty E87

Checks to perform:



Replace the display board and run the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



E91: Communication error between the display board and the main circuit board

E91

Inconsistency between configuration values on starting the appliance.

Checks to perform:



Check the wiring between the main circuit board and the display board:

- ▶ Detach and reconnect the connectors on both boards several times.
- Measure the continuity between connector J4 (main circuit board) and J3 (display board). Is the wiring ok?

NO

Replace/repair the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

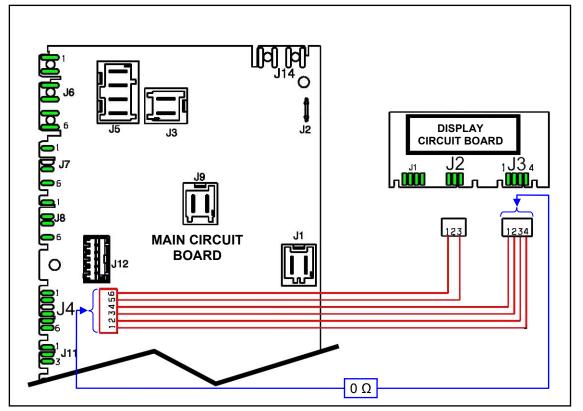
Is the appliance still displaying E91?



Appliance ok.



Replace the display board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



E92 E92: protocol incongruence
Inconsistency between configuration values on starting the appliance.

Checks to perform:



Incorrect configuration possible.

Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E93 E93: Appliance configuration error
Inconsistency between configuration values on starting the appliance.

Checks to perform:



Incorrect configuration possible.

Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E94 E94: Incorrect configuration of washing cycle
Inconsistency between configuration values on starting the appliance.

Checks to perform:



Incorrect configuration possible.

Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E97: Inconsistency between control selector version and configuration data

Discrepancy between programme configuration data and selector recognition data.

Checks to perform:



Incorrect configuration possible.

Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E98 E98: Communication error between main PCB and Inverter board
Incompatibility between the main circuit board and the Inverter board.

Checks to perform:



Incorrect configuration possible.

Replace the main circuit board/Inverter board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



E9C: Display board configuration error

E9C

Checks to perform:



Incorrect configuration possible.

Replace the circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

E9E

E9E: Display board sensor/touch key faulty

E9E

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Display board faulty.

Replace the display board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



EC1: Water fill solenoid valves blocked

EC₁

The flowmeter has to fill water even with the solenoid valve not piloted.

Checks to perform:



Does the appliance fill with water when the appliance is turned off?

Does the solenoid valve start filling with water as soon as the appliance is turned on?

Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Open the drawer to check which solenoid valve is leaking and replace it.
Repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

Open the drawer to check which solenoid valve is leaking and measure between the wiring connector of the respective solenoid valve and the appliance body to see if there is any dispersion (fig. 6 and table 1). Is there any dispersion?

E S

Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Replace the wiring and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.

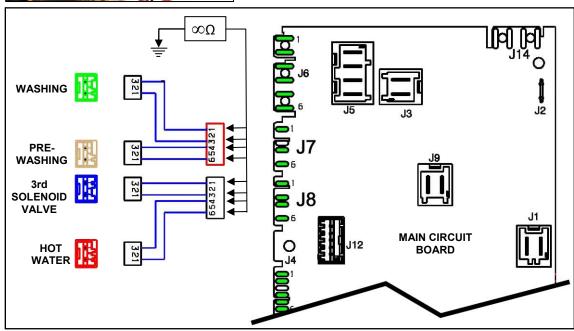
NO

NO



Table 1

Between J7-1 and J7-3 wash solenoid valve Between J7-4 and J7-6 pre-wash solenoid valve Between J8-1 and J8-3 steam solenoid valve Between J8-4 and J8-6 hot water solenoid valve



FF1

EF1: Drain hose blocked/kinked/too high; drain filter clogged/dirty

Checks to perform:



This warning only appears at the end of the cycle. The appliance detected long drainage phases during the cycle. (E.g.: More than 20 seconds when draining after rinses). Check/clean the drain filter.

EF2

EF2: Excessive detergent dosing; Drain hose kinked/blocked; Drain filter clogged/dirty

EF2

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

This is an excessive detergent dosing warning. The system detected too much foam was forming during the drain phases. Advise the Customer to use the correct quantity of detergent and to make sure the filter and drain circuit are clean.

EF3

EF3: Aqua Control device triggered

EF3

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

This warns about the presence of water at the bottom of the appliance. Check for any water leaks and that the Aqua Control device float is positioned correctly.

Or caused by excessive overheating of the drain pump. Check for any items which may obstruct the normal operation of the rotor.

EF4

EF4: Water fill pressure too low and solenoid valve open

EF4

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

It is a warning that the water pressure is too low. If the water pressure is connect, check: the wiring of the flowmeter and the Flowmeter.

EF5

EF5: Unbalanced load, spin phases skipped

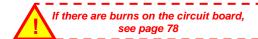
EF₅

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

This is an unbalanced load warning. The appliance detected an extremely unbalanced load during the spin phases. Advise the customer to load more washing into the drum and not just individual garments.



EF6 EF6: Reset appliance. EF6

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

No action to be performed, if continues, replace the main circuit board

EH1 EH1: Mains frequency incorrect

Power supply frequency out of configured range

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Important!



The appliance remains in alarm status until the mains frequency returns to the correct values or the appliance is switched off (programme selector set to "0"). Only the family of the alarm is displayed and the diagnostics mode cannot be accessed. The complete alarm can only be read when the situation has normalised.



Is the supply line disturbed or the mains frequency out of range?



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Have the electrical system of the home checked/repaired by the proper Body.



If there are burns on the circuit board, see page 78

EH2: Supply voltage too high

Supply voltage value higher than the one configured (for more than 10 seconds)

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Important!



The appliance remains in alarm status until the mains frequency returns to the correct values or the appliance is switched off (programme selector set to "0"). Only the family of the alarm is displayed and the diagnostics mode cannot be accessed. The complete alarm can only be read when the situation has normalised.



Is the supply line disturbed or the mains voltage out of range?



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Have the electrical system of the home checked/repaired by the proper Body.



EH3: Supply voltage too low

Supply voltage value higher than the one configured

EH3

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

..._.._.._..



Important!

The appliance remains in alarm status until the mains frequency returns to the correct values or the appliance is switched off (programme selector set to "0"). Only the family of the alarm is displayed and the diagnostics mode cannot be accessed. The complete alarm can only be read when the situation has normalised.



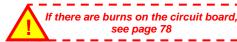
Is the supply line disturbed or the mains voltage out of range?



Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



Have the electrical system of the home checked/repaired by the proper Body.



EH4

EH4: "zero watt" relay not functioning

EH4

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



EHE

EHE: Inconsistency between safety relay (main circuit board) and safety sensing circuit

EHE

Checks to perform:



Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



EHF: Safety sensing circuit faulty

Input voltage microprocessor wrong

EHF

Checks to perform:

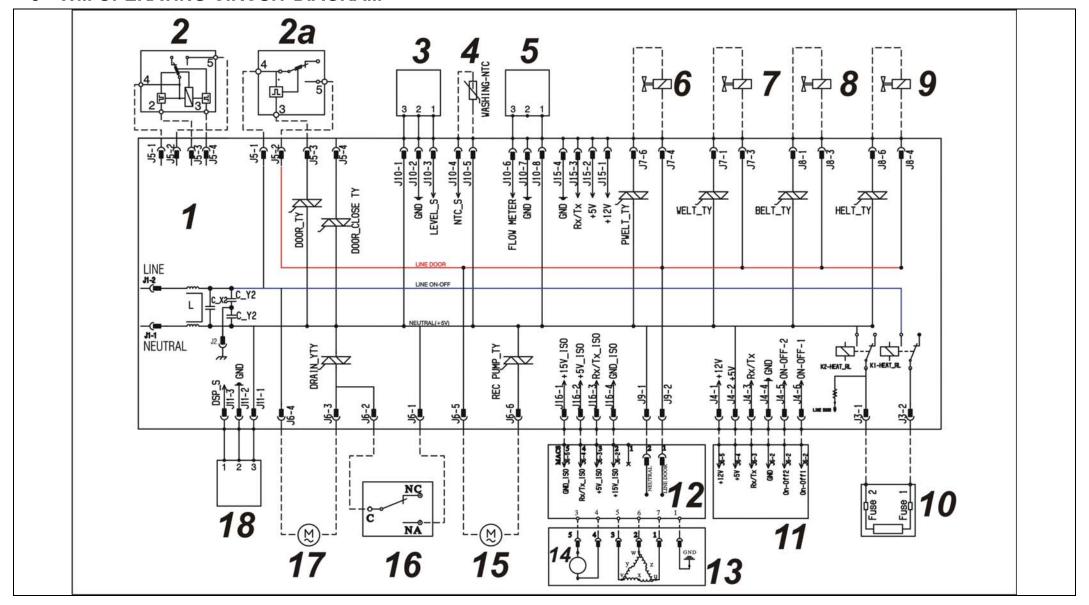


Check that all the connectors are correctly inserted

Replace the main circuit board and repeat the diagnostic cycle to check for any further alarms.



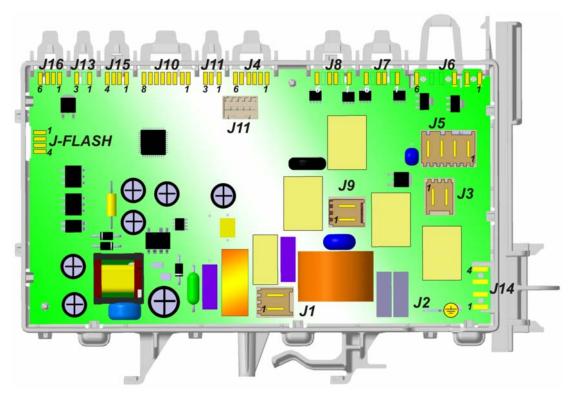
8 WM OPERATING CIRCUIT DIAGRAM



8.1 Key to diagram

Appliance electrical components		PCB components	
1.	Main electronic circuit board.	DRAIN_YTY	Drain pump Triac
2.	Instantaneous door safety interlock	DOOR_TY	Door interlock Triac
2a	Delayed door safety interlock.	DOOR_CLOSE_TY	Door interlock Triac
3.	Electronic pressure switch.	REC PUMP_TY	TCirculation pump Triac
4.	NTC (washing).	PWELT_TY	Pre-wash solenoid Triac
5.	Flow sensor.	WELV_TY	Wash solenoid Triac
6.	Pre-wash solenoid	BELT_TY	Fabric softener solenoid valve Triac
7.	Wash solenoid	HELT_TY	Hot water solenoid Triac
8.	Fabric softener solenoid valve	K1	Heating element relay
9.	Hot water solenoid	K2	Heating element relay
10.	Heating element		
11.	Display board		
12.	Motor control board (Inverter)		
13.	Triple-phase motor		
14.	Tachometric generator (motor)		
15.	Circulation pump		
16.	Aqua control sensor		
17.	Drain pump		
18.	DSP		

8.2 Main circuit board connectors

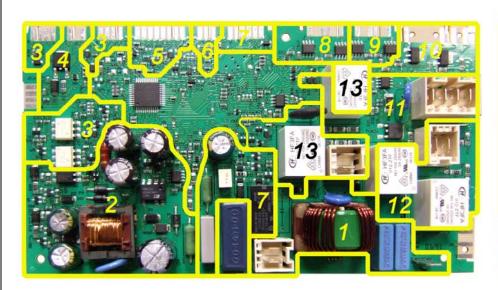


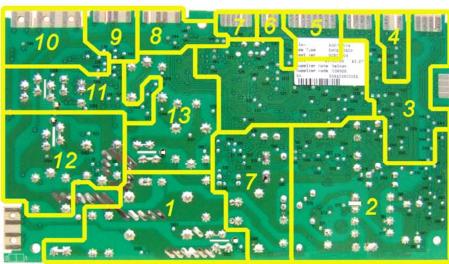
J15	J10			
MACS communication J15-1 Vee 12V J15-2 5V J15-3 Rx/Tx J15-4 GND J16 MACS communication J15-1 Vee 12V J15-2 5V	J10-1 Analogue pressure switch (+5V) J10-2 Analogue pressure switch (GND) J10-3 Analogue pressure switch (signal) J10-4 NTC temperature probe (signal) J10-5 NTC temperature probe (+5V) J10-6 Flowmeter (signal) J10-7 Flowmeter (GND) J10-8 Flowmeter (+5V)			
J15-3 Rx/Tx J15-4 GND J4 J4-1 Vee 12V0	J7 J7-1 Wash solenoid valve (Triac) J7-3 Wash solenoid valve (Line) J7-4Pre-wash solenoid valve (Line) J7-6 Pre-wash solenoid valve (Triac)			
J4-2 5V J4-3 Rx/Tx J4-4 GND J4-5 ON/OFF 2 J4-6 ON/OFF 1	J1 J1-1 line (neutral) J1-2 line			
J8	J5			
J8-1 Steam water solenoid valve (Triac) J8-3 Steam water solenoid valve (Line) J8-4 Hot water solenoid valve (Line) J8-6 Hot water solenoid valve (Triac) J2 J2 Ground	J5-1 Door lock (Line) J5-2 Door lock (Door line) J5-3 Door lock (PTC Triac) J5-4 Door lock (Triac)			
J6	J14			
J6-1 Aqua control device (Neutral) J6-2 Aqua control device (Line) J6-3 Drain pump (Triac) J6-4 Drain pump (Line) J6-5 Circulation pump (Line) J6-6 Circulation pump (Triac)	Serial interface: J9-1 ASY_IN J9-2 ASY_OUT J9-3 +5V J9-4 GND			
J3	J13			
J3-1 heating element (Neutral Relay) J3-2 heating element (Line Relay)	J13-1 Drum light +5V J13-3 Drum light control			
J9	J11			
J9-1 FCV power supply (Neutral) J9-1 FCV power supply (Relay)	J11-1 Drum position DSP (+5V) J11-2 Drum position DSP (GND) J11-1 Drum position DSP (signal)			

8.3 Burns on the main circuit board EWM10931

In the event of burns on the main circuit board, check whether the problem was caused by another electrical component (short-circuits, poor insulation, water leaks). Use the figures that follow to pinpoint the component which may have caused the problem, depending on the area of the burns.

The type of board illustrated is the one with the largest number of components; other boards do not feature some of these components.





- 1. Anti-disturbance filter area
- 2. Power supply area
- 3. Satellite board communication area
- 4. Drum light circuit area
- 5. Analogue level sensor, wash NTC temperature probe, flowmeter and weight sensor area
- 6. Drum positioning sensor area top loading

- 7. Zero watt circuit area
- 8. Water fill solenoid valves area (bleach and 3rd)
- 9. Water fill solenoid valves area (wash and pre-wash)
- 10. Drain pump and circulation pump area
- 11. Door lock area
- 12. Heating element area
- 13. Relay FCV area (motor)

Notes	