

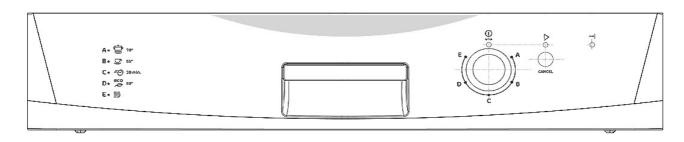
# **SERVICE MANUAL**

# **DISHWASHERS**









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ΕN

Dishwasher with electronic control EDW 500 (Functionalities)

"DIVA" 45-60 cm

"free-standing" and "partially integrated

> Production: ZM - PLV

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# 1 Purpose of this manual

The purpose of this manual is to provide service personnel (who already have the basic knowledge necessary for repairing dishwashers) with information on dishwashers equipped with the EDW500 electronic control system.

The EDW500 control system consists of a main circuit board and a control/display board. Both boards are housed in a single plastic container, with integrated selector. It is used in some "DIVA" models.

This Manual describes:

- General characteristics
- Control panel and programmes
- Technical characteristics
- Guide to diagnostics

For more detailed information regarding the hydraulic circuits and the structural characteristics of the appliances, refer to the Service Manual for presentation of the "DIVA1" structure.

# 2 PRECAUTIONS



- Electrical appliances must be serviced only by qualified Service Engineers.
- Always remove the plug from the power socket before touching internal components.

# 3 GENERAL CHARACTERISTICS

Power supply $\Rightarrow$  230 V / 50 Hz (limits 187÷254 V)Total power absorption $\Rightarrow$  2200 W (Resistance 2000W)Mains water supply $\Rightarrow$  Pressure Min. / Max. 5 ÷ 80 N/cm²Capacity $\Rightarrow$  9/12 place settings (45/60 cm)

Consumption (prog. BIO):

☼ Water ⇒ Lt. 14
 ☼ Energy ⇒ KWh 0,8
 ☼ Duration of cycle ⇒ 162' - 170'

**Controls** 

- ON/OFF ⇒ On/Off function integrated to selector

- Programme start ⇒ By button Start/Reset

Programme selection ⇒ By knob (n°3÷5 programmes)

Option selection ⇒ By 1 button

- Display ⇒ Leds (On/Off, Start, cycle phases and alarms)

Washing system $\Rightarrow$ Continuous (2600-2800 rpm)Water fill level control $\Rightarrow$ Pressure switch + Software

Water heating ⇒ Heating element enclosed in tube (2100 W)

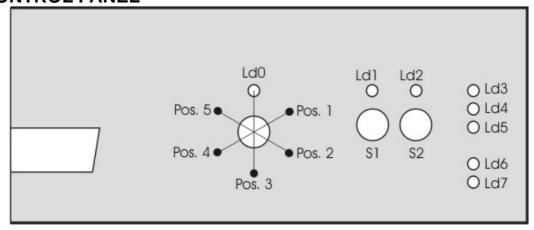
**Temperature control** ⇒ NTC Temperature sensor

**Drying systems** ⇒ Activ

Safety systems / Alarms  $\Rightarrow$  Total protection (hydraulic + Software)

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## 4 CONTROL PANEL



The configuration of the control panel depends on the following:

- styling
- number of buttons from a minimum of 1 (only Start/Reset) to a maximum of 2
- number of LEDs

[S1] - Start/Reset button

[S2] - OPTION SELECTION button (if featured)

[LD0] - On/Off LED

[LD1]- Led which indicates the operation of a cycle. Turning the knob, with door open, it lights up if a programme is has already been selected.

[LD2]- LED "OPTION" activated (if featured)

[LD3] [LD4] [LD5] - Led "Cycle phases" \* and "End of cycle"

[LD6] [LD7] [LD8] - LEDs "SALT / RINSE-AID" (if featured)

\* If the LEDs which indicate the phases of the cycle operation are not, the "End of cycle" Led is in position LD3.

## 4.1 Start/Reset (S1) button

All models feature this button and it is used to start or interrupt a washing cycle; if it is activated during a cycle it does not cause the cancellation of the current programme. It is used to enter the diagnostics mode.

### 4.2 Option (S2) button

The system used for selecting the wash programmes depends on the configuration of the model:

- Delayed start
- Half load

The functions of the various buttons and LEDs depend exclusively on the software configuration of each appliance; for detailed information please refer to the programme table of the specific model.

### 4.3 Options (if present)

#### 4.3.1 "1/2 load"

The 1/2 load option optimizes the washing cycle when only a small load is placed in the appliance.

When this button is pressed, certain parameters of the selected washing cycle are modified:

- Exclusion of Pre-wash (if featured)
- Reduction of the washing temperature
- Reduction of the duration of the programme

To select the ½ load option:

- 1. Select the desired programme turning the knob: **LD0** lights up.
- 2. Press the relative button to select the option.

the LED **LD2** lights up to indicate that the function is active: pressing **again** the relative button, the led **LD2** switches off.

### 4.3.2 Delayed start

This option enables the user to set a fixed start delay of the washing cycle.

to select the delayed-start time:

- 3. Select the desired programme by rotating the knob: LED LD0 lights up
- 4. Press the relative button to select the delayed-start time: the LED **LD2** lights up to show that the selection has been made.
  - The time reset when the relative button is pressed again: the LED LD2 switches off.
- 5. Pressing button **S1** (Start), when the door is closed, the countdown starts.
- 6. When the countdown terminates, the selected cycle starts.

### 4.4 Cancelling a programme

#### 4.4.1 Reset

To cancel a programme that has already started:

- 1. Press button S1 (Start) for at least 3 seconds
- 2. LED LD1 flashes
- 3. Salt/Rinse-aid LEDs light up: the programme is cancelled and the appliance returns to preselection mode
- 4. Select the new programme.

#### 4.4.2 Interruption of a programme (pause)

- # If the knob is turned to position "0", the washing programme interrupts.
  - Turning the knob to the position corresponding to the programme in progress or to any other position, the appliance switches on again and the programme previously chosen starts from the point at which it was interrupted.
- If the door is opened, the appliance remains on (the power loads are deactivated).
  - The Option LED remains on.
  - \$\times\$ Closing the door the programme starts, after a brief delay, from the point at which it was interrupted.

Important! If the appliance is switched off or if the door is opened for more than 30 seconds during the <u>drying phase</u>, the cycle is considered to have been terminated after the regeneration phase; when the appliance is switched on again, it returns to programme selection mode.

#### 4.5 Power failure

The Power Failure function maintains the information relative to the cycle status even in the even of a power outage; when the power supply is restored, the cycle resumes from the point at which it was interrupted.

If the power failure occurs during the drying phase, the cycle is considered to have been terminated after the regeneration phase.

The Power Failure has been defined in the following way:

When a Power Fail occurs, all loads switch off simultaneously to enable to save the data in

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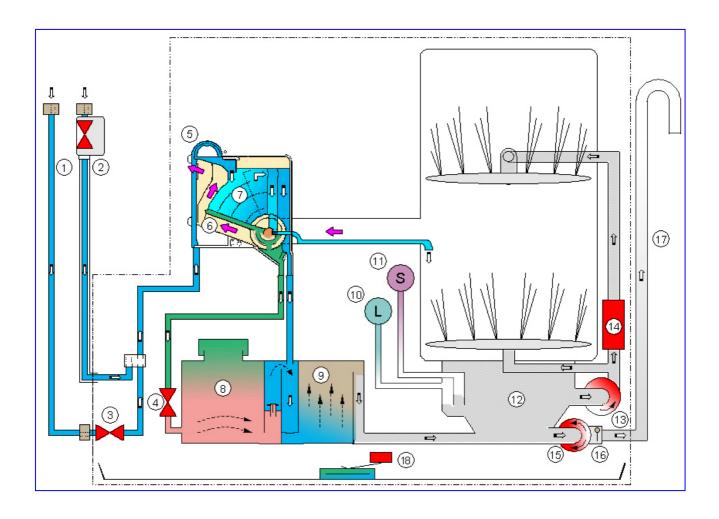
EEPROM, through the energy stored in the supply condenser of the control board, and when the power is restored, the cycle restarts from the point at which it was interrupted.

# **5 SEQUENCE OF OPERATION**

	T	
SELECTING THE CYCLE	<ul> <li>1. Turn the knob to select the desired programme.</li> <li>\$\text{The LD0}\$ placed above the knob lights up.</li> </ul>	Pos. 5 Pos. 2 S1 S2 O Ld6 Pos. 3 Pos. 3 O Ld7
SELECTING	<ul> <li>2. Select the delayed start or the desired option (if featured).</li> <li>The relative LED lights up.</li> </ul>	Pos. 5 • Pos. 2 S1 S2 OLd6 OLd7
START	<ul> <li>3. Close the door.</li> <li>4. Press button S1 to start the washing.</li> <li>\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$}}}\$ The LED LD1 lights up.</li> <li>\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$\text{\$Before starting the programme, it is possible to modify the selections.}}\$</li> </ul>	Pos. 5 Pos. 1 Pos. 2 S1 S2 OLd6 Pos. 3 Pos. 3 Pos. 3
3	<ul> <li>5. During the cycle, the LEDs relative to the current phase and to the selected option are lit.</li> <li>6. Turning the knob to any position, but not "0", the programme continues without any modification.</li> </ul>	Pos. 5 Pos. 2 S1 S2 OLd6 OLd7
EXECUTION OF CYCLE	<ul> <li>7. To interrupt a programme in progress:</li> <li>Open the door carefully or turn the knob to position "0".</li> <li>To restart the cycle, turn the knob to the position corresponding to the cycle previously chosen or to any other position and close the door.</li> </ul>	Pos. 5 Pos. 1
EXE	<ul> <li>8. To cancel a programme in progress:</li> <li>Press button Start S1 for about 3 seconds.</li> <li>The LED LD1 flashes.</li> <li>The Salt/Rinse-aid LEDs light up.</li> </ul>	Pos. 5 Pos. 1 Pos. 2 S1 S2 O Ld6 O Ld7
N.	<ul> <li>9. At the end of the programme:</li> <li>\$\text{The END of CYLE LED LD5 lights up.}\$</li> <li>\$\text{Opening and closing the door, the LED switches off.}\$</li> </ul>	Pos. 5 Pos. 2 S1 S2 O Ld6 O Ld7
EDN	Turn the knob to OFF position to switch the appliance off.	Pos. 3

# **6 HYDRAULIC CIRCUIT**

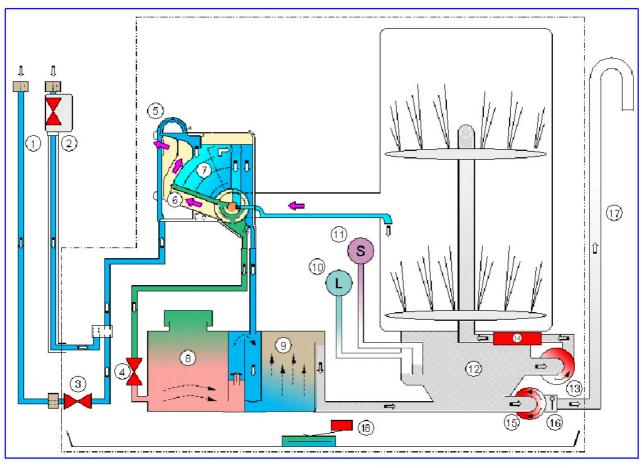
# 6.1 ZM version

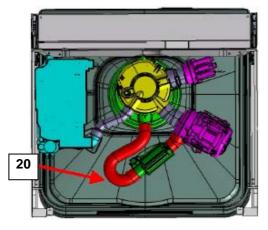


# KEY

1 - Fill hose	10 - Level pressure switch
2 - Fill hose with Acquacontrol	11 - Anti-overflow pressure switch
3 - Fill solenoid	12 - Sump assembly
4 - Regeneration solenoid	13 - Wash pump
5 - Air-Break	14 - Tube-enclosed heating element
6 - Steam condenser	15 - Drain pump
7 - Regeneration chamber	16 - Non-return valve
8 - Salt Reservoir	17 - Drain hose
9 - Resin Reservoir	18 - Anti-flooding device

# 6.2 PLV version







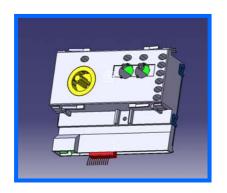
# KEY

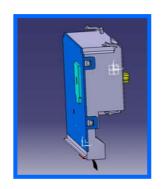
1 - Fill hose	11 - Anti-overflow pressure switch
2 - Fill hose with Acquacontrol	12 - Sump assembly
3 - Fill solenoid	13 - Wash pump
4 - Regeneration solenoid	14 - Tube-enclosed heating element
5 - Air-Break	15 - Drain pump
6 - Steam condenser	16 - Non-return valve
7 - Regeneration chamber	17 - Drain hose
8 - Salt Reservoir	18 – Antiflooding device
9 - Resin Reservoir	19 – Upper spray arm duct
10 - Level pressure switch	20 - Heating element-spray arms column

## 7 ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS AND FUNCTIONS

# 7.1 EDW500 Electronic control system

The EDW500 control system consists of a main circuit board and a control/display board. Both boards are housed in a plastic container (fig. 1). The programme selector is housed in the electronic board; the On/Off function is performed by the selector.





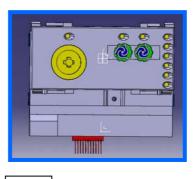
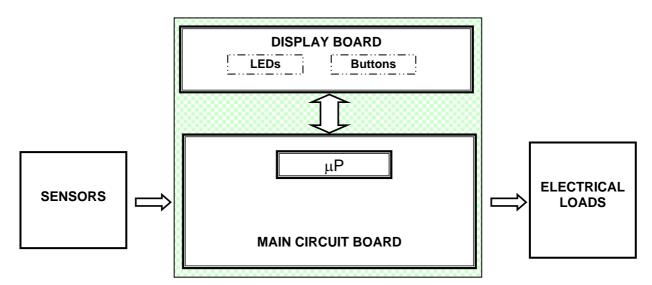


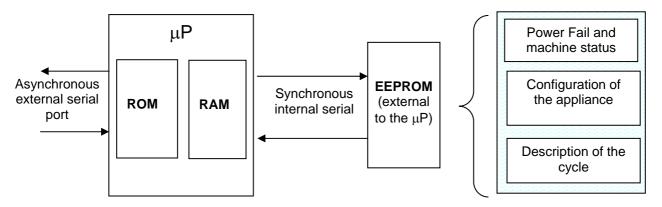
fig.1

#### 7.1.1 Functions of the circuit board



- ⇒ The circuit board receives signals relative to the cycle settings via the control/display board. The buttons and LEDs are also mounted on this board.
- ⇒ The board also powers all the electrical components (solenoid valves, washing pump, detergent/rinseaid dispenser, drain pump, heating element)
- ⇒ The board controls the temperature of the washing water via an NTC sensor
- ⇒ The circuit board monitors the status of the pressure switch and the rinse-aid/salt sensors.

### 7.1.2 Memory in the control system



The main circuit board features an EEPROM memory (external to the microprocessor) which stores in memory data relative to the configuration, description of the cycle, cycle status in case of a power failure, and any alarm conditions.

The configuration data (entered in the factory using a computer with a DAAS interface) determine the functionalities of the appliance (number and type of programmes, options, LEDs etc).

# 7.2 Specifications for actuators and sensors

### 7.2.1 Components

TYPE OF COMPONENT	POWER AVAILABLE	TYPE OF ELECTRONIC CONTROL
Wash pump	Max 250W	Triac
Drain pump	Max 100W	Triac
Heating element	Max 2100W	Relay
Water fill solenoid	Max 10W	Triac
Regeneration solenoid	Max 10W	Triac
Detergent and Rinse-aid solenoid	Max 10W	Triac

## 7.2.2 Sensors

TYPE OF SENSOR	TYPE OF ELECTRONIC SIGNAL	TYPE OF COMPONENT	
Salt sensor	Digital 5 Volt	Reed	
Rinse-aid sensor	Digital 5 Volt	Reed	
Temperature sensor	Analogue 5 Volt	NTC *	
Level sensor	Digital - High voltage	Pressure switch	
Door closure sensor	Digital - High voltage	Switch	
Anti-flooding sensor	Digital - High voltage	Switch	

### \* NTC Temperature sensor

* NTC COMPARATIVE VALUES						
Temperature °C	⇧	Nominal value $\Omega$				
10	$\Rightarrow$	9655				
25	$\Rightarrow$	4850				
60	ightharpoons	1205				
90	$\Rightarrow$	445				

### 7.3 Power supply and programme selection

The main board is powered by the closure of contacts. The connectors used are B2 (neutral) and B1 (line).

The control/display board (user interface) is powered at 220V by the main board.

When the door is closed, the main board detects the closure of the contacts of the switch (IP) across connectors C1-C3 and starts the washing programme.

When the door is opened, the power loads are disconnected from the power supply and the cycle is paused.

#### 7.4 Fill circuit

#### 7.4.1 Level and anti-overflow pressure switch

- The level of water introduced into the appliance is determined by the level pressure switch.
- The <u>anti-overflow</u> pressure switch ensures that the level of water does not exceed the safety threshold (causing overflow from the door).

#### 7.4.2 Fill system

The water fill solenoid valve is powered by the electronic board via the connector D7, by the door switch (IP) and the anti-flooding microswitch (DA).

The level of water in the sump is monitored by the pressure switch (RL). The electronic board constantly monitors the status of the pressure switch via a "sensing" line connected to connector D5:

- ⇒ EMPTY if the contacts are closed on 1-2
- ⇒ FULL if the contacts are closed on 1-3

#### 7.4.3 Anti-flooding device

Intervention of the anti-flooding device causes the contacts of the microswitch (DA) to open, thus disconnecting the solenoid valve from the power supply.

### 7.4.4 Intervention of the anti-overflow system

If the anti-overflow pressure switch (PA) should intervene, the closure of the contact on FULL (1-3) powers the drain pump (PS). The pump remains in operation until the contact returns to EMPTY (1-2).



If the door is opened or the appliance is switched off, the drain pump is deactivated.

### 7.5 Control of water fill phase

The quantity of water necessary to carry out the washing cycle is determined exclusively by the closure of the electrical contact of the pressure switch, which changes from EMPTY to FULL. This system ensures that, if the pressure switch re-opens on EMPTY, further water is introduced until it returns to FULL. The water fill phase consists of the following sub-phases:

#### 7.5.1 Static fill

With the motor switched off, the fill solenoid valve is energized and water is introduced into the appliance until the pressure switch signal switches to FULL.

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### 7.5.2 Dynamic fill

The dynamic fill is obtained by switching on the washing pump whose rotation causes the pressure switch to switch to EMPTY. Subsequently, the fill solenoid valve is energized and water is introduced until the switch returns to FULL.

The speed of rotation of the motor determines the quantity of water introduced, since the electronic control system switches on the washing pump at a rotation speed of **2600-2800 rpm**.

#### 7.5.3 Level stability control

The hydraulic circuit operates with maximum efficiency when the pressure switch signal remains stable on FULL. In practise, the quantity of water circulating in the sump allows the motor to run without speed fluctuations caused by cavitation.

When the pressure switch signals FULL, the fill solenoid valve switches off.

#### 7.6 Water fill time

The opening of the solenoid valve has a pre-set overall duration, which is subdivided into the various subphases of the fill:

#### 7.6.1 Static fill time

**T.S. = max 90 seconds:** This is the maximum time within which the pressure switch must switch to FULL. If the FULL signal is not received from the pressure switch within this time, the electronic control system interrupts the washing cycle and the appliance enters alarm condition [1 0].

#### 7.6.2 Dynamic fill time

**T.D. = T.S. x 3:** This is the maximum time allowed for the entire fill phase within which the pressure switch signal must stabilize on FULL.

- If the pressure switch signal does not stabilize on FULL within this period (T.S. x 3), the electronic control system switches off the fill solenoid (and the heating element, if switched on), and then allows the washing cycle to proceed until it is completed. In this situation, the alarm condition [F 0] is not displayed to the user, but may be accessed by the Service Engineer using a specific procedure.
- If, during a 2600 rpm dynamic fill, the pressure switch never closes on FULL during the initial 60 seconds, the electronic control system interrupts the washing cycle and the appliance enters alarm condition [1 0].

#### 7.6.3 Power supply interruption during water fill

If the water fill phase is interrupted by opening the door or due to a power failure, the contents of the counters are stored in memory; when the door is re-closed or when the power supply is restored, the water fill resumes from the point at which it was interrupted; the new counter values are added to those previously memorized.

#### 7.7 Level stability during washing

Once the fill phase has been completed, the cycle proceeds to the washing phase. The washing phase is carried out using cold or heated water, and the status of the pressure switch is monitored constantly to ensure that the hydraulic system functions correctly. Water replenishment cycles may be performed if necessary.

If the pressure switch returns to EMPTY during the washing phase, the fill solenoid is energized for a maximum time equivalent to **T.S. x 3** (maximum allowable total fill time).

If this time is exceeded, the washing cycle is completed, but no further supplementary fills are performed. In this situation, alarm condition [F 0] is stored in memory. This alarm code is not displayed to the user, but can be accessed by the Service Engineer using a specific procedure.

### 7.8 Washing system

The appliance features the classic washing system in which the mechanical washing action is obtained by the rotation of the washing pump which, by ducting water into the hydraulic circuit, actions the two spray arms simultaneously.

The washing pump is actioned by an asynchronous motor with a start-up capacitor ( $3\mu\text{F}-450\text{VL}$ ). The washing pump rotates in a counter-clockwise direction (seen from the impeller side).

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#### 7.8.1 Control of the washing pump

The washing pump (PL) is powered by the electronic control (connector D3-D11).

## 7.9 Heating

The heating element is enclosed in a protective tube, and is used to heat the washing water (but does not switch on during the drying phase). The heating element is fitted to the outlet of the washing pump and connected to the duct which feeds the upper spray arm.

The heating element (RR) is powered by electronic control (connector A1) and by the level pressure switch (RL), which must be set to "FULL" (contact closed on 1-3).

Two safety thermostats are fitted to the heating element:

- an automatic-reset thermostat which intervenes at 98°C
- a thermostat with a thermal fuse (206°C)

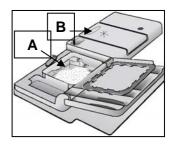
The temperature of the water is controlled by the main circuit board via an NTC sensor (ST) which is connected to connectors H1-H3.

# 7.10 Integrated detergent dispenser

The detergent dispenser is a plastic container consisting of two separate sections. The first (A) contains the detergent; the second (B) contains the Rinse-aid.

The dispenser is of the single-coil type, and uses a single electrical coil, connected to a mechanical system, for both functions.

When the coil is energized, it actions the mechanism via a series of levers to introduce detergent in a determined sequence (first detergent, then rinse-aid).



The coil of the detergent dispenser (DD) is powered by an electronic control via connectors E1-E3 at certain points during the cycle, thus ensuring correct dosage.

Some models feature a rinse-aid sensor whose reed contact (SB) is connected to connectors G3-G4 on the circuit board.

The absence of rinse-aid causes the contact to close, which lights the corresponding LED (on the display board).

#### 7.11 Drain

The drain pump (PS) is powered by connectors C1-D1 and via the contacts of the switch door (IP). At the end of the drain phase, a control procedure is performed to check that the contact of the level pressure switch is open on EMPTY. If this is the case, the appliance proceeds to the subsequent phase.

If, as a result of a problem in the drain phase, the pressure switch contact remains closed on FULL (i.e. if there is water in the hydraulic circuit), the drain phase is repeated.

On completion of this second drain phase, the status of the pressure switch is again checked. If it is still closed on FULL, alarm [i20] is generated (failure to drain). The time-out for each of these two phases is 120 seconds.

N.B. The washing programmes always begin with a drain phase.

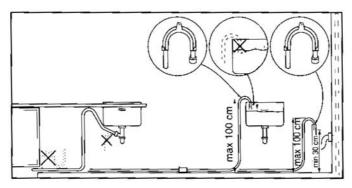
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#### 7.11.1 "Siphon" effect

If the drain tube is incorrectly positioned, the so-called "siphon effect" may occur, in which case an alarm is displayed *iFO* (see 9.1).

The problem is particularly likely to occur during execution of the "declaration cycle": although the drain pump shuts down at the end of the (partial) drain phase, water continues to be expelled from the machine because the drain tube is incorrectly positioned. When this occurs, water loaded by the fill solenoid during the next phase is directly expelled, so the "full contact" on the pressure switch does not close before its "time out".

Thus, if alarm *iF0* occurs, it is a good idea to make sure the drain tube is correctly positioned as shown in the instruction manual.



## 7.12 Regeneration system

Regeneration of the water softening system, which takes around <u>4 min</u>, is usually performed at the start of the drying phase.

Every time regeneration is performed (with activation of regeneration solenoid **4**), the accumulation chamber is completely emptied of its contents (about <u>230 cc</u> of water). Regeneration is controlled by the electronic control system "Ad Hoc", i.e. not at each washing cycle, but rather at intervals determined by the level of regeneration selected:

- If level [1] is selected, regeneration is never performed and the SALT LED (if featured) always remains unlit.
- If level [10] is selected, regeneration is performed twice during each cycle; first at the end of the washing phase, and then at the beginning of the drying phase.

The regeneration solenoid (ER) is powered by connectors D9-C1 on the main board and by the contacts of the door switch (IP).

Some models may feature a salt sensor, whose Reed contact (SS) is connected to G1-G2 connectors of the board.

When there is no salt, the contact closes and the relative LED lights up (on display board).

## 7.13 Resin washing

Washing of the resins contained in the softening system is performed at the beginning of each washing cycle. In practise, the solution of salty water (regeneration water) remains deposited in the resin container from the end of the last completed cycle until the subsequent cycle.

If the regeneration level is set to [10], washing of the resins is performed once at the beginning of the washing cycle and then again immediately after the regeneration process performed at the end of the washing phase:

The regeneration sequence is as follows

- a. Drain (30 seconds)
- b. Water fill to correct level
- c. Drain (10 seconds)
- d. Water fill (15 seconds)
- e. Complete drain

## 7.14 "Blending" function

This function is performed inside the fill tank during the water fill phase which, depending on the position of the selector, automatically blends the softened water with the unsoftened water present in the appliance.

In practice, the softened water is introduced into the appliance through the softening system, while the unsoftened water flows via an open by-pass duct directly through the steam venting ring.

If the level of regeneration is set to between 1 and 4, it is advisable to activate the BLENDING function to mix softened water with unsoftened water.

This function optimizes the consumption of salt thus preventing the possibility of corrosion of glass recipients due to excessively soft water.

When the BLENDING function is activated, the percentage of unsoftened water introduced into the dishwasher is **15%**.

The BLENDING function is activated using the selector knob located inside the tub, on the left side, in the vicinity of the steam venting grille:

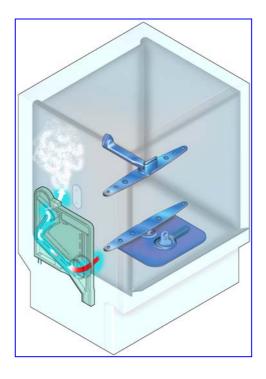
#### Position of selector

- $\Rightarrow$  pos. 1 = blending enabled.
- ⇒ pos. 2 = blending disabled.

# 8 DRYING

In these dishwashers, the dishes are dried by means of a steam condensation process. The drying system is based on the circulation of the hot air produced during the hot rinse, in which the steam circulates inside the condenser of the fill tank.

The steam (humid hot air) produced during the hot rinse, enters from below through the steam venting grille and circulates slowly inside the chamber of the fill tank where it condensates and then exits through the upper part.



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# 9 ALARMS

When an abnormal situation occurs that may interfere with machine functioning, the main board activates a safety system which in most cases interrupts the washing cycle. The last three alarm situations are stored in memory. Using a special procedure, service personnel can display <u>all</u> the alarms stored in memory. The user is only shown <u>four</u> of the alarms in progress.

The END OF CYCLE LED flashes repeatedly.

## 9.1 Table of alarm codes

Type of Alarm	No. flashes of end-of- cycle LED	Displayed to the user	Description of the alarm condition	Machine status	Possible causes
i10	1	yes	Water fill time-out (The pressure switch does not close on FULL after 90 sec. static fill, or never closes on "FULL" during the initial 60 sec of the dynamic fill at 2800 rpm)	The drain pump switches on, then the cycle stops	Tap closed; water mains pressure too low; fill solenoid / wiring faulty; hydraulic circuit of pressure switch obstructed; level pressure switch / wiring faulty; circuit board faulty (solenoid triac short-circuited)
i20	2	yes	Water drain time-out (The pressure switch does not return to EMPTY after two drain phases lasting 120 seconds)	The drain pump switches on, then the cycle stops	Drain circuit obstructed/blocked; drain pump interrupted or jammed (foreign bodies); level pressure switch blocked on FULL (1-3); hydraulic circuit of pressure switch obstructed; wiring faulty; circuit board faulty
i30	3	yes	Intervention of Anti-flooding system (the drain pump switches on)	The cycle is interrupted and the drain pump switches on	Water leakage from the tub - sump and various connections (pump, upper spray arm duct etc.). Floating sensor blocked mechanically. Microswitch faulty. Fill solenoid blocked mechanically. Circuit board faulty (solenoid triac short-circuited). Wiring faulty.
i50	5	yes	Motor triac short-circuited (the washing pump runs uncontrolled at maximum speed)	Water fill to level (if necessary), deactivation of the other actuators, cycle interrupted. The washing motor runs at maximum speed and the alarm is displayed.	Circuit board faulty
i60	6	yes	Overheating Temperature higher than 78°C	The cycle is interrupted and the drain pump switches on	Faulty heating element; Safety thermostats (open); Wiring faulty; NTC-sensor (thermal contact faulty); Scarce circulation of water in the tub; Wash pump faulty (damaged impeller) Faulty main PCB

Type of alarm	No. flashes of end-of- cycle LED and "beeps"	Displayed to the user	Description of the alarm condition	Machine status	Possible causes
i60	6	no	Heating Time-out (the check takes place every 3 minutes: the temperature must increase by a certain amount at each step)	The programme continues to the end without heating (the washing result will probably be unsatisfactory)	Heating element faulty; intervention of safety thermostats (open); wiring faulty; NTC sensor (poor thermal contact); insufficient water circulating in the tub; washing pump faulty (impeller stripped); circuit board faulty.
i70	7	no	NTC sensor short-circuited or open	The programme continues to the end without heating (the washing result will probably be unsatisfactory)	NTC sensor faulty; wiring short-circuited / open; circuit board faulty.
i80	8	no	Communication error between the microprocessor and the EEPROM	Machine inoperative: no selection possible (*)	Circuit board faulty.
i90	9	no	Problems with software configuration	The fault occurs when switching on: no selection possible (*)	Circuit board faulty (configuration software incorrect).
ib0	11	no	Problems with the turbidity meter [if featured] (Calibration Time-out)	The programme continues as if a "heavy soiling" condition had been detected.	Turbidity sensor faulty; sensor wiring faulty; circuit board faulty.
id0	13	no	Problems with the washing motor: no signal from the tachometric generator (washing pump powered, but no signal from the generator)	The heating element is switched off. If the fault persists after the Time-out, the washing pump operates at maximum speed and the alarm code is stored in memory (the cycle continues)	Motor winding interrupted / short-circuited; motor jammed (foreign bodies); wiring to washing motor faulty; motor capacitor faulty; Tachometric generator interrupted / short-circuited; circuit board faulty.
iF0	15	no	Water replenishment Time-out (3 times during the T.S. Time-out)	The cycle continues until the next phase without supplementary fills and without heating. The error is cancelled on completion of a drain phase.	Dishes upside-down; central filter clogged; excessive foam; leaks from the sump-pressure switch coupling; pressure switch faulty / false contacts.

<sup>(\*)</sup> If it is not possible to access diagnostics mode, switch the appliance off and then on again to check that this is not caused by a temporary fault. Before replacing the circuit board, check that it is correctly powered by controlling the following

Continuity of the power cable

Correct operation of the suppressor

Closure of the door switch contacts

<sup>♥</sup> Continuity of the wiring between connectors on the circuit board and the suppressor.

## 10 USER MODE

With this procedure it is possible to:

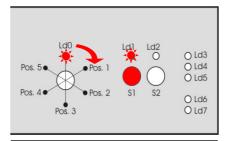
- Modify the regeneration level selection (depending on the water hardness).
- Activate or deactivate the rinse-aid supply.

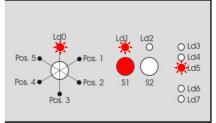
# 10.1 Regeneration selection

To activate the function:

- 1. Press and hold down button S1.
- 2. Turn the knob to Position 1:
- ♦ The LEDs LD0 and LD1 flash
- Release button **S1**
- 3. Press button S1
- The regeneration level is displayed by the **End of cycle** LED which flashes and pauses at intervals: for the decodification, see summary table of alarms.

Press button **S1** to increase the regeneration level according to the following values:





Level	No. of flashes of "End of cycle" LED	Water fill between regeneration procedures	Time regeneration solenoid opens	Position of tank selector	Hardness trea	s of water ated
	nº	Litres	sec	nº	° F (TH)	° D (dH)
1	1		0	1	0 > 7	0 > 4
2	2	130	240	1	8 > 18	4 > 10
3	3	94	240	1	19 > 25	11 > 14
4	4	70	240	1	26 > 32	15 > 18
* 5	5	53	240	2	33 > 39	19 > 22
6	6	37	240	2	40 > 50	23 > 28
7	7	20	240	2	51 > 64	29 > 36
8	8	15	240	2	65 > 75	37 > 42
9	9	10	240	2	76 > 90	43 > 50
10	10	3	2x240	2	91 > 125	51 > 70
	* "5" = Level set by factory Position of tank selector: "2"					

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### 11 SERVICE MODE

With this procedure it is possible to access the Service Diagnostics System. Once this mode is accessed, it is possible to:

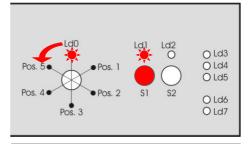
- · read and cancel the alarms
- control the operation of the various components of the appliance
- start the Service diagnostics mode

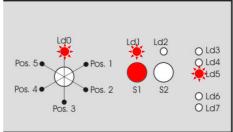
### 11.1 Reading the alarms and activating the individual components

To activate the function:

- 1) Press and hold down the button **S1.** T
- 2) Turn the knob anti-clockwise till Position 5:
- ♦ The LEDs LD0 and LD1 flash.
- Release button **S1**.
- Press button **S1**.
- the first memorised alarm is displayed: the End of cycle LED flashes and pauses: for the decodification, please refer to table of alarm codes.
- 4) Press again button **S1** to display the second alarm.
- 5) Pressing button **S1** again, the third alarm is displayed.
- 6) Pressing button **S1** for the fourth time, the appliance actuators are activated:
  - ♦ 4th actuation: regeneration solenoid
  - ♦ 5th actuation: drain pump
  - ♦ 6th actuation: water fill solenoid (water up to level)
  - ♦ 7th actuation: heating (only if water up to level)
  - ♦ 8th actuation: washing pump
  - ♦ 9th actuation: detergent/rinse-aid dispenser
  - ♦ 10th actuation: drying fan
  - ♦ 11th actuation: it starts again from the first alarm

All positions can be repeated pushing button S1 sequentially.







The components are powered with door closed.

If button S1 is not pressed for 60 seconds, the diagnostics terminate automatically.

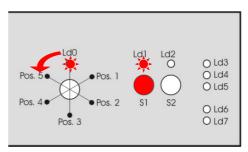
# 11.2 Cancelling alarm codes from memory / test of LEDs

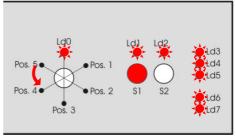
It is good practise to cancel the alarm memorised:

- after reading the alarm code, to check whether it is repeated during the diagnostics test.
- after repairing the appliance, to check whether it is repeated during the testing cycle.

To activate the function:

- 1) Press and hold down button S1.
- 2) Turn the knob anti-clockwise till **Position 5**:
- the LEDs LD0 and LD1 flash.
- velease button S1.
- 3) Turn the knob till Position 4.
- b press button S1.
- all LEDs start to flash for 30 seconds.





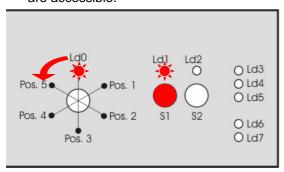
## 11.3 Functional testing cycle

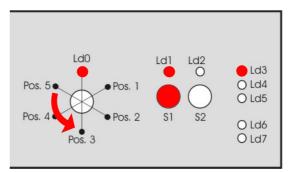
This is an abbreviated washing programme which allows the Service Engineer to test all the functions that comprise a traditional washing cycle; in effect, the system simulates a normal cycle.

### 11.3.1 Selecting the cycle

To activate the function:

- 1. Press and hold down button S1.
- 2. turn the knob anti-clockwise till Position 5.
- ♦ the LEDs LD0 and LD1 flash.
- ♥ release button S1.
- 3. Turn the knob till Position 3
- by press button **S1**.
- the programme starts: the programme behaves as in a normal cycle; the PAUSE and CANCEL options are accessible.





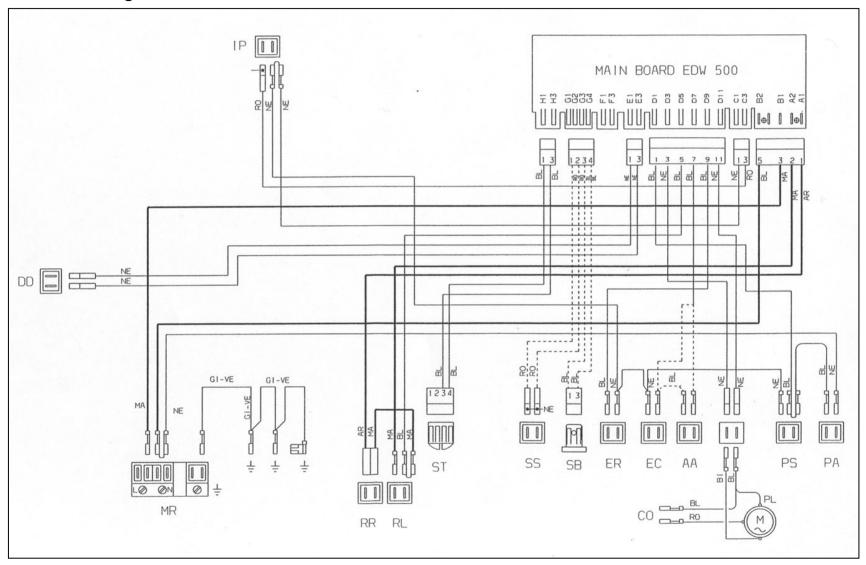
# 11.4 Exiting Service and User modes

To exit these modes, turn the knob to OFF position and switch the appliance off or wait **60 seconds**: the LEDs light up and the appliance returns to selection mode.

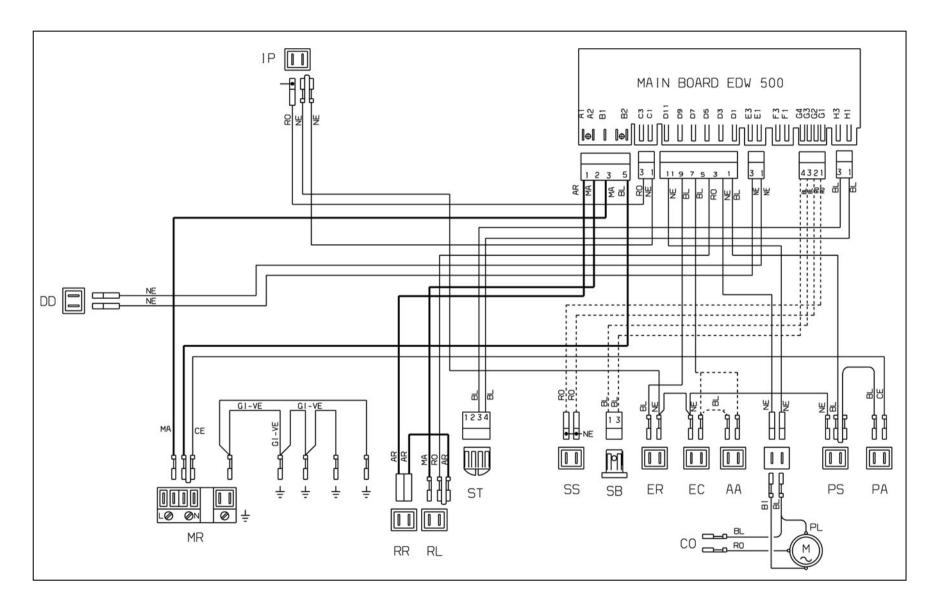
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# 12 ELECTRICAL FUNCTIONS

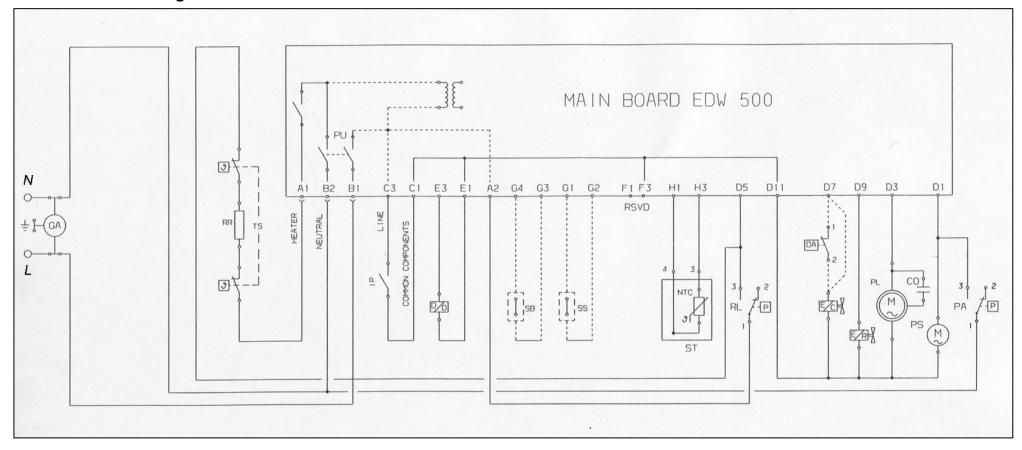
# 12.1 Electrical circuit diagram - ZM Version



# 12.2 Electrical circuit diagram – PLV version



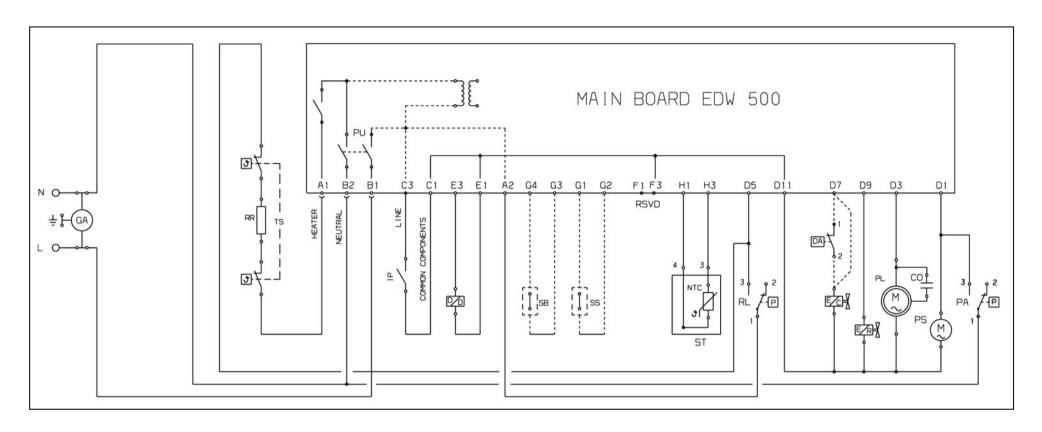
# 12.3 Basic circuit diagram – ZM version



# 12.3.1 Key to circuit diagram

	BI = White BL = Blue CE = Light blue GLVF = Yellow-Green	NE = Black RO = Pink VI = Lilac AA/DA = Anti-flooding device Beamer = Beamer	dispenser  EC = Fill solenoid  ER = Regeneration solenoid  GA = Suppressor	MV = Fan motor PL = Washing pump PS = Drain pump PU = Pushbutton array	switch RR = Heating element SB = Rinse-aid sensor SS = Salt sensor Turbidity = Turbidity sensor	TAC/T = Tachometric generator TS = Safety thermostat Main Board = Main board User Interface = Display board	
IVI	IVIA - DIOWII		IP = Door switch	FMKL = Level pressure switch	ST = Temperature sensor		

# 12.4 Basic circuit diagram – PLV version



# 12.4.1 Key to circuit diagram

BL = Wnite  CE = Light blue  GLVF = Yellow-Green	NE = Black RO = Pink VI = Lilac AA/DA = Anti-flooding device Beamer = Beamer	dispenser  EC = Fill solenoid  ER = Regeneration solenoid  GA = Suppressor	MV = Fan motor PL = Washing pump PS = Drain pump PU = Pushbutton array	switch RR = Heating element SB = Rinse-aid sensor SS = Salt sensor Turbidity = Turbidity sensor	TAC/T = Tachometric generator TS = Safety thermostat Main Board = Main board User Interface = Display board	
IVIA = DIOWII		IP = Door switch	PR/RL = Level pressure switch	ST = Temperature sensor		

# 13 TABLE OF PROGRAMMES

The table below lists the phases of the programmes for this type of appliance. As these can be configured differently, refer to the relative documentation for the specific cycles available for each model.

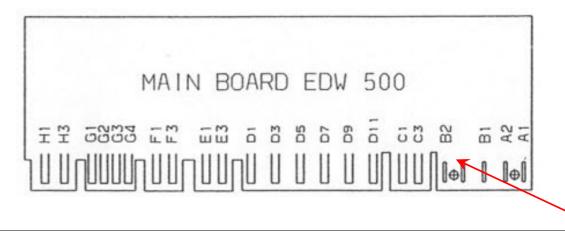
Programmes		Pr	e-was	sh	Wash			1 <sup>st</sup> Colo	2 <sup>nd</sup> C	old R	inse	Hot rinse			<b>(</b>				
Туре	Programme	Heating (Temperature)	Wash time after heating (min.)	Type of wash	1st Heating (Temperature in °C)	Wash time after heating (min.)	2nd Heating (Temperature in °C)	Wash time after heating (min.)	Type of Wash	Wash time (minutes)	Wash time (minutes)	Type of Wash	Wash time (minutes)	Wash time (minutes)	Type of Wash	Heating (Temperature in °C)	Wash time after heating (min.)	Type of Wash	Cycle time (minutes)
12	Intensive (ctrl)	55°C	10'	ctrl	55°C	5'	68°C	14'	ctrl	3' (<65°C)	3'	ctrl	3'	3'	ctrl	68°C		ctrl	120'
13	Short intensive	50°C	2,5	ctrl	50°C	10	68°C		ctrl	2x5' (<68°C)		ctrl				69°C		ctrl	94
14	Intensive	55°C	10	ctrl	55°C	5	68°C	14	ctrl	2x3' (<65°C)		ctrl				69°C		ctrl	130
N2	Normal		6	ctrl	50°C	4	68°C	8	ctrl		T+4'	ctrl				69°C		ctrl	110
N5	Normal 3 rinses		6'	ctrl	50°C	4'	68°C	8'	ctrl	3' (<65°C)	3'	ctrl	3'	3'	ctrl	68°C		ctrl	102'
E1	Energy label xxx		10'	PW1	15,5' <62°C	42'			PW1	5'		PW1				16' <68°C	2'	PW1	162'
<b>E6</b>	Energy label F60		17	ctrl	14 <69°C	29			ctrl		2	3x5s				16' <69°C		ctrl	142
	Energy label F45		17	ctrl	12,25 <69°C	29			ctrl		2	3x5s				12,5 <69°C		ctrl	136
Q4	Soak		8'	PW1															12'
Q5	Short 30 min.				14,5' <65°C				ctrl							9' <67°C		ctrl	31'

**N.B.**: The overall times for the programmes (duration) are approximate, and do not take into consideration the extra rinse, which may be selected as an option. The various phases do not include the times for regeneration/washing of the resins which, being performed "Ad Hoc", are not carried out at every cycle.

## 14 CHECKING THE EFFICIENCY OF THE COMPONENTS

In order to facilitate the control procedure for the components to be tested, a TEST PROCEDURE has been created which indicates the point to which the probes of the tester should be applied and the correct theoretical value for each component tested.

- Remove the door and detach all the connectors from the main board.
- Connect the probes of the tester to the appropriate points on the connector. Compare the ohmic reading with the theoretical value.





Care should be taken relative to the position of connector "**B1**" - "B**2**": if this connector is replaced in the incorrect position (back-to-front), the appliance will <u>not function</u> since the power supply will be disconnected.

# 14.1 Measurement points on the board wiring connectors

LIST OF COMPONENTS	PROBE CONTACTS	COR	RECT VALUES	NOTES			
(RR) - HEATING ELEMENT + (TS) - SAFETY THERMOSTAT	A1 ⇔ D5	$\Rightarrow$	<b>25</b> Ω ± 8%	connected in series (2100W)			
(PR) - LEVEL PRESSURE SWITCH	A1 ⇔ A2	$\Rightarrow$	INFINITE 0 Ω	on "EMPTY" (1-2) on "FULL" (1-3)			
(PA) - ANTI-FLOODING PRESSURE SWITCH	D1 ⇔ B2	$\Rightarrow$	INFINITE 0 Ω	on "EMPTY" (1-2) on "FULL" (1-3)			
(IP) - DOOR MICROSWITCH	C1 ⇔ C3	$\Rightarrow$	0 Ω	Door closed			
(DD/DB) - INTEGRATED DISPENSER	E1 ⇔ E3	$\Rightarrow$	<b>1.500</b> Ω ± 8%	OK			
(SB) - RINSE-AID SENSOR	G3 ⇔ G4	$\Rightarrow$	INFINITE	with Rinse-aid			
(65) 111162 7115 62116611	00 W 04	ľ	0 Ω	without Rinse-aid			
(SS) - SALT SENSOR	G1 ⇔ G2	$\Rightarrow$	INFINITE	with salt			
(CC) CALL CENTOCK	01 17 02		0 Ω	without salt			
(ST) - TEMPERATURE SENSOR	H1 ⇔ H3	⇒	4850 Ω ± 5%	(a 25°C)			
(31) - TEINIFERATURE SENSOR	пі 🕁 пэ	7	1205 $\Omega \pm 5\%$	(a 60°C)			
(ER) - REGENERATION SOLENOID	C1 ⇔ D9	$\Rightarrow$	6 KΩ ±8%	OK			
(EC) - FILL SOLENOID + (AA) - ANTI-FLOODING DEVICE	D7 ⇔ D11	$\Rightarrow$	3.800 Ω ±8%	connected in series			
	D3 ⇔ D11	$\Rightarrow$	<b>50</b> Ω ± 8%	start-up winding			
(PL) - WASH MOTOR	To the 2 motor wires (bl) / (ro)	$\Rightarrow$	<b>180</b> Ω ± 8%	auxiliary winding			
(PS) - DRAIN MOTOR	D1 ⇔ C1	$\Rightarrow$	<b>180</b> Ω ± 8%	OK			

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# 15 QUICK GUIDE TO THE SPECIAL FUNCTIONS

The table below briefly describes how each of the special functions available to the user and to the Service Engineer can be used. To activate the user mode, the selector must be turned clockwise; to activate the Service mode, the selector must be turned anti-clockwise.

	Function	Activation	of the function		Starti	ng t	he function		Short description / Notes		
	Û	Button	Selector position and LED		Selector and/or button		LED(s)		Û		
USER	Select Regeneration	<b>→</b>	Pos. 1 (clockwise) LD0+LD1 flash (release S1)  The LED End of cycle flashes indicating the level	<b>→</b>	Press <b>S1</b>	<b>→</b>	LD0+LD1 flash The LED End of cycle flashes at intervals indicating the new level	_	Level L1		
	Display of alarms and components diagnostic		Pos. 5 (anti-clockwise) LD0+LD1 flash (release S1)	<b>→</b>		<b>→</b>	LD0+LD1 flash  The LED End of cycle flashes if there are alarms memorized		The End of cycle LED flashes according to the memorised alarms.  The last 3 alarms are displayed pressing button F1 repeatedly (see table)  From the fourth actuation of button S1 the single components are activated (see table): The LED End of cycle is on with steady light.		
SERVICE	Cancel alarms stored in memory  Test cycle			<b>→</b>	Pos. 4 and press S1	<b>→</b>	All LEDs flash	<b>→</b>	All LEDs flash for 30 sec.		
				<b>→</b>	Pos. 3 and press S1	<b>→</b>	LD0 steady LD1 flashes	<b>→</b>	The cycle starts automatically signalling the various phases in progress with the lighting of the relative LEDs, if featured.		
1	Exit / Memorize	emorize In order to memorize the functions or exit diagnostics mode, switch the appliance off turning the knob to On/Off position. In most cases the memorization or the exit is automatic after 60 seconds (in this case the appliance goes to pre-selection mode).									

<sup>(\*)</sup> To activate the "user" functions no cycle has to be selected; the appliance must be in pre-selection mode.