

SERVICE MANUAL

TUMBLE DRYER





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ΕN

Condensing tumble dryer with rotary compressor

ENV06 HP

CONTENTS

1	Introduction	5
1.1	Purpose of this manual	5
1.2	Installation	5
2	Technical characteristics	c
2		
2.1	Technical data	
2.2	Circuit board	6
3	Control panel	7
3.1	Styling	
3.2	Programme selector	
3.3	Buttons	
3.4	Symbols on the LCD	
3.4.1	Cycle options	
3.4.2	Cycle	
3.4.3	Alarms	
3.4.4	Timer	
3.5	Wool or silk programme	
3.6	Drying level	
3.7	Extra anti-crease	
3.8	Disabling or enabling the buzzer momentarily	
3.9	Disabling or enabling the buzzer by default	
3.10	Time-controlled programme	
3.10 3.11	Delayed start	
3.11 3.12		
	Start / Pause button	
3.13	Child safety lock	
3.14	Adjusting conductivity	
3.14.1	Adjustment procedure	
3.14.2	Indications displayed	
3.15	LEDs and warnings	
4	How to operate the appliance	.14
4.1	How a cycle works	.14
4.2	Operation in PAUSE mode	
4.3	Power failure	
5	Construction	
	The principle of the heat pump in the drying circuit	
5.1 5.2		
	Components	
5.3	Drum	
5.4	Air seal and drum pin support	
5.5	Water circuit	
5.6	Drum rotation principle	
3	Electrical components	.21
3.1	Electronic control	.21
3.1.1	Main circuit board functions	.22
3.1.2	Electronic control memory: general structure	.23
3.2	Conductivity sensor	.24
3.3	Terminal board with integrated anti-disturbance filter	
6.4	Compressor	
3.5	Heat protection	
3.6	Compressor motor capacitor	
3.7 3.7	Compressor cooling fan	
3. <i>1</i> 3.8	Drum motor	
3.0 3.9	Drum motor capacitor	
3.3 3.10	Tank loading pump	
3.10 3.11	Process power fan	
3.11 3.12	Power fan capacitor	
3.12 3.13	NTC probe	
5.13 5.14	Door switch	
3.1 4 3.15	Door lock	
J. 13	DOOL LOCK	. ∠ C

7	Wiring diagram	.29
8	Diagnostics system	.30
8.1	Accessing diagnostics	.30
8.2	Quitting the diagnostics system	
9	Alarms	
9.1	Displaying the alarms to the user	
9.2	Viewing alarms during normal operation	
9.3	Reading the alarms	
9.3.1	Displaying the alarm	
9.3.2	Viewing any other alarms	
9.3.3	Deleting the last alarm	
9.3.4	Notes on the behaviour of certain alarms	
9.4	Alarm Summary Table	
10	Troubleshooting	
10.1	The diagnostics programme cannot be accessed	
10.1	The LEDs do not light up after the buttons are pressed	
10.2	The drying cycle is long and the washing is still humid.	44
11	Accessing components	
	· ·	
11.1	door	
11.2	Fluff filter	
11.2.1 11.2.2	Door fluff filter	
11.2.2	Evaporator fluff filter	
11.2.3	Evaporator water fluff filter	
11.2.4	Compressor fan motor	
11.4	Door lock	
11.5	Door micro-switch	
11.6	Door fastening latch and door micro-switch latch	
11.7	Drum lamp	
11.8	Tank	
11.9	Worktop	
11.10	Control support and control panel assembly	
11.11	Main circuit board	
11.11.1	Removing the board	.50
11.11.2	Removing the selector pin	.50
11.11.3	Removing the selector dial	
11.11.4	Buttons spring	
11.12	Sides	
	Condensation pump / float switch	
11.14.1	Pump	
11.14.2		
11.15	Drum rotation motor	
11.16	Heat pump circuit NTC	
11.17 11.18	Drum brush	
11.10 11.19	Rear air channel	
11.19	Motor protector	
11.20	Removing the chassis for servicing	
11.22	Air conduit	
11.22	Front air seal	
11.24	Conduit rollers.	
11.25	Rear air seal	
12	Checking the heat pump performance	
12.1 12.1.1	Servicing the heat pump circuit	
12.1.1 12.1.2	Filling	
12.1.2	Door reversibility	
. 4 . 4	DOOL TO VOLOIDINITY	.uJ

1 Introduction

1.1 Purpose of this manual

Purpose of this manual

The purpose of this manual is to provide technicians (who already have the basic skills required to carry out repairs on tumble dryers) with technical information on this condensation tumble dryer with electronic control. The electronic control is made up of a main circuit board with integrated selector - certain models have an LCD display. They are supplied ready-assembled and tested by the manufacturer.

The manual deals with the following topics:

- Technical characteristics
- Control panel
- Description of operation
- Construction
- · Electrical components and wiring diagram
- Guide to diagnostics
- Alarms
- Access

Warnings



Any work on electrical appliances must only be carried out by qualified technicians.

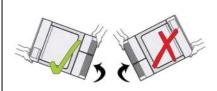
Unplug the appliance before accessing internal components.

1.2 Installation

The appliance must be installed so that it is perfectly level (using a spirit level), to allow for the correct flow of condensation water into the purpose-provided tank.

The feet must never be removed. A gap must always be left between the bottom of the tumble dryer and the floor to prevent the appliance from overheating.





If the appliance has to be placed on its side for maintenance or another reason, lie it on its left side.

When you replace it in its vertical position, wait for two hours before switching it on so that the oil inside the compressor can flow away completely.

Otherwise the compressor could incur some serious damage.

2 Technical characteristics

2.1 Technical data

	1			
	•	Height:	85 cm	
Dimensions of appliance	•	Width:	60 cm	
	•	Depth:	58 cm	
Summly voltage	•	Volts:	220-240	
Supply voltage	•	Hz:	50/60	
No. buttons	•	7		
No. LEDs	•	1 Start / Pause		
Type of display	•	large LCD		
Buzzer	•	buzzer integrated in the circuit board		
Serial port	•	DAAS-EAP communication protocol up to 230400 baud		
Programme selector	•	15 positions with integrated ON/OFF switch		
Drying system	•	damp condensation with heat exchanger		
Humidity control	•	conductivity sensor		
Motor	•	capacitor-run asynchronous monophase motor		
Heating unit	•	Heat pump		
Heat pump gas	•	R134a 300g		
Temperature control	•	 NTC probe 		
Tank capacity	•	Condensation tank approx. 4l		
Tank loading pump	•	with asynchronous motor		

2.2 Circuit board

The electronic control is made up of a main circuit board with integrated selector and on certain models LCD display, which are supplied ready-assembled and tested by the manufacturer.

The pictures of the boards may differ slightly from those actually fitted on the appliance.

Main circuit board





3 Control panel

3.1 Styling



3.2 Programme selector

The 15 position selector dial

All models have an integrated ON / OFF switch and are an integral part of the board.

The symbols represent the various drying options for the various fabric types COTTON, SYNTHETIC, SILK and WOOL. All positions can be configured, depending on the model.



3.3 Buttons



- 1. Configurable button
- **2.** Configurable button
- 3. Configurable button
- 4. Configurable button
- **5.** Configurable button
- 6. Start / Pause button
- 7. Delay start button
- 8. LCD
- 9. Programme selector

3.4 Symbols on the LCD

3.4.1 Cycle options

	Wool and silk not selectable.	☆ MIN	Minimum drying level.
BEE	Silk programme selection.	₩.A.	Medium drying level.
麿	Wool programme selection.	≱ MAX	Maximum drying level.
Dir.	Possibility of selecting the wool or silk programme.	* AUTO	Drying level not selectable.
Ŵ	Extended anti-crease phase.		

3.4.2 Cycle

\$\$\$	Drying phase.	2	Cooling phase.
	Anti-crease phase.		Drying status.

3.4.3 Alarms

闷	Empty out the water collection tank.	#	Clean the filters.
⇛	Clean the heat exchanger.	•	Child Lock.
€	Buzzer.		

3.4.4 Timer

(ن)	Delayed start.	Time remaining / Alarm code.
	20.2,000.0	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

3.5 Wool or silk programme

If the selector dial is set to WOOL/SILK mode, the type of fabric inside the tumble dryer can be selected by using the purpose-provided button.



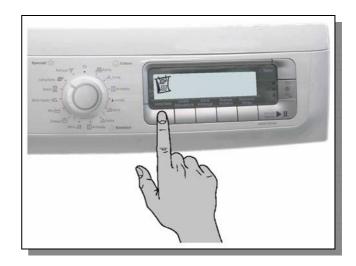
Wool



Silk



This symbol is displayed when this selection cannot be made.



3.6 Drying level

Press this button to select from three different types of drying, MIN, MED and MAX.



Minimum level



Medium level



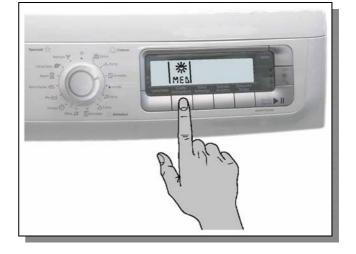
Maximum level



It is displayed when a programme where the selection cannot be made is being used.



3



3.7 Extra anti-crease

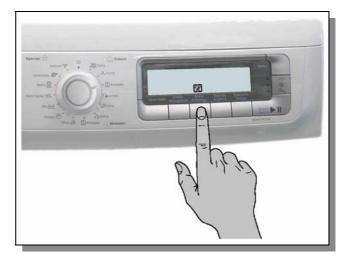
This option extends the normal anti-crease time (30 min.) at the end of the drying time by a further 60 minutes.

During this phase, the drum revolves at intervals. This ensures that the washing remains soft and free from creases.

This phase lasts for a total of 90 minutes.

The washing can be removed from the drum at any time during the anti-crease phase.

When this option is enabled, the corresponding icon is lit.



3.8 Disabling or enabling the buzzer momentarily

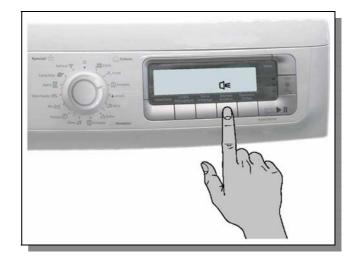
The buzzer emits one beep when:

- The anti-crease phase commences or ends,
- The cycle is suspended,
- At the end of the cycle.

To enable the function, proceed as follows:

- Select the desired drying programme;
- Press the buzzer button the relevant symbol is displayed:

to disable the buzzer, press the same button again.

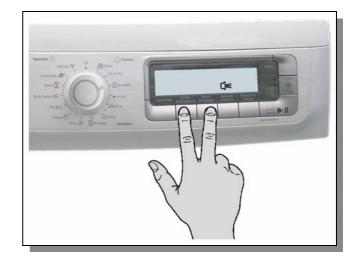


3.9 Disabling or enabling the buzzer by default

To set the alarm by default as always enabled or disabled.

- Set the selector dial onto any programme.
- Press the Drying Level and Extra Anti-crease buttons simultaneously for approximately 5 seconds.

The buzzer will remain enabled or disabled for subsequent cycles also.



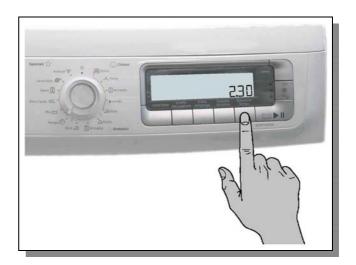
3.10 Time-controlled programme

To perform a time-controlled drying programme:

- Set the programme selector dial onto the Time programme.
- Press the Time Selection button repeatedly until the desired drying time is displayed.

This time varies from a minimum of 20 mins to a maximum of 3 hours in 10-minute steps.

If the length of time is not selected, the programme will automatically be set to 10 minutes.



3.11 Delayed start

Use the Delay button (Delayed start) to postpone the programme start for a period of between 30 minutes and a maximum of 20 hours.

- Select the desired programme and enable any options.
- Press the Delay button (Delayed start) until the desired delay is displayed, for example 3 H (3 hours).

To enable the delayed start, press the Start/Pause button. The time remaining will be displayed.



3.12 Start / Pause button

Start

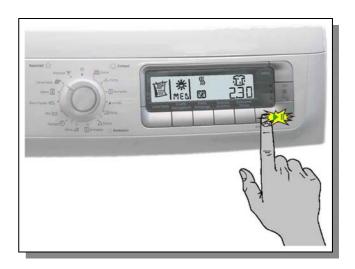
When a drying programme is selected on the dial, the various options and icons for the phases necessary for the programme (drying, cooling, anticrease) light up and the START/PAUSE LED flashes.

Once any options have been selected, press this button to start the cycle. The relevant LED will remain lit.

Pause

If a drying cycle is under way, press the START/PAUSE button and the tumble dryer will suspend the cycle under way and go into PAUSE mode; the relevant LED flashes.

When you press the START/PAUSE button again, the drying cycle will recommence from the point at which it stopped.

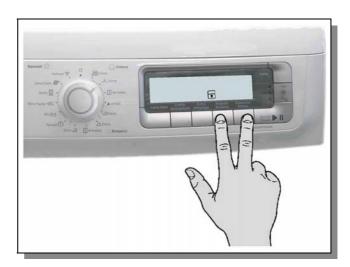


3.13 Child safety lock

Press buttons 4 and 5 simultaneously for 5 seconds to enable the child safety lock. All the buttons will be disabled, the display will show symbol • and no further changes can be made.

The lock remains enabled even if the appliance is switched off.

To disable this protection, press the above two buttons again.



3.14 Adjusting conductivity

The "conductivity" of the water used for washing varies from area to area: the conductivity sensor is set to a standard value; significant variations in conductivity level may have a negative effect on the final results of drying (washing that is too dry or still damp).

These variations can be noted particularly in "slightly damp" and "ready-to-iron" cycles; "wardrobe dry" cycles are practically never influenced by changes in conductivity.

3.14.1 Adjustment procedure

To access adjustment mode:

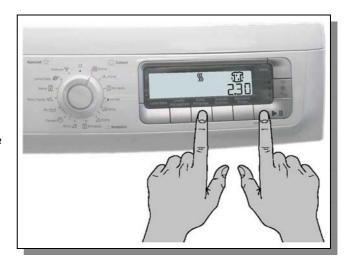
- Turn the appliance on by turning the programme selector to any programme;
- Press buttons 3 and 6 simultaneously;
- Keep pressing them until the buzzer sounds (about 5 seconds).

To change the conductivity value:

 Press the start/pause button repeatedly: the conductivity level changes and is indicated by the lighting up of the horizontal segments in the last digit.

To store the setting:

- press the buttons you pressed before once again, simultaneously;
- keep pressing them until the buzzer sounds (about 5 seconds).



3.14.2 Indications displayed

LCD	Conductivity level	Approximate value (µS/см)
Service Service Servic	LOW	< 300
Septiminal Septimina Septiminal Septimina Septimina Septimina Septimina Septi	MEDIUM	300 – 600
C.D.E. Section Selection According Selection Acc	HIGH	> 600

The normal factory setting is medium level, but some models may have a different configuration.

Ask your local water supplier for details of the conductivity level of your water supply.

3.15 LEDs and warnings



Clean the heat exchanger:

It lights up after 5 drying cycles to remind the user to clean the filters at the bottom and the heat exchanger.





Clean Filter

It lights up at the end of every cycle to advise the user to clean the fluff filter on the door and on the filler opening.





Tank full

It lights up during the drying cycle if the electronic circuit has detected the closure of the float microswitch or at the end of the cycle to advise the user to empty the tank.



Start / Pause

It flashes green when the cycle is on pause; it lights up green without flashing when the cycle is running regularly.

If an alarm is present, three beeps will sound, and will be repeated after a few seconds. The red LED will flash.



4 How to operate the appliance

When the selector is moved from the OFF position to a drying programme, the icons or LEDs for the drying phases light up and the START/PAUSE LED flashes.

The various options can be selected during this phase and the relevant icon will light up.

The Display shows the maximum drying cycle time.

If the user has selected an option that is not compatible with the chosen programme, the Buzzer sounds and the Display shows Err while the LEDs flash.

When one or more options are selected, the Display shows an increase or a decrease in the amount of time. If the position of the selector is changed after the options have been selected, but before the START/PAUSE button has been pressed, the options will be reset.

4.1 How a cycle works

A drying cycle starts after a drying programme has been chosen using the selector, any options (where necessary) have been selected, and the START/PAUSE button has been pressed.

The LED for the START/PAUSE button will remain lit and at the same time the icon relating to the phase in progress will light up, while the Display will show the maximum drying time.

A drying cycle is made up of the phases described below.

DRYING

If the cycle is automatic, the duration is obtained from the time used to remove humidity, up to the final degree of humidity characterising the cycle.

If the cycle is time-controlled, the duration will depend on the time set.

COOLING

This has a maximum duration of 10 minutes for timed cycles, whereas for automatic ones it may be less, according to the temperature inside the drum.

ANTI-CREASE

This has a duration of 30 minutes.

The programme cannot be changed after the drying programme has started.

If the position of the selector is changed, the START/PAUSE button LED will start to flash and the buzzer will indicate that this operation is not possible, and the Display will show the message Err.

If any of the buttons are pressed, the START/PAUSE button LED will start to flash and the buzzer will indicate that this operation is not possible, and the Display will show the message Err.

The options allowed for each cycle can only be entered after a drying programme has been selected and the selector is positioned at the start of the cycle, or during a cycle after first pressing the START/PAUSE button. To reset a drying cycle the selector must be turned to the OFF position.

4.2 Operation in PAUSE mode

If a drying cycle is running, when the START/PAUSE button is pressed the tumble dryer stops the cycle in progress and the START / PAUSE button LED flashes. In models featuring a display panel, the time remaining until the end of the cycle is displayed.

If the selector dial is turned, the buzzer will sound to indicate this operation is not allowed.

In this status, only certain options can be changed. Please see the OPTIONS table in the instruction booklet. If you press the button for an option that is not allowed in the current programme, the buzzer will sound to indicate that the operation is not allowed. The display will show the message Err.

When you press the START/PAUSE button again, the drying cycle will recommence from the point at which it stopped.

4.3 Power failure

The following table shows how the tumble dryer reacts in the event of a power failure during a drying cycle.

Before the power failure	After the power failure
Selection (set-up)	Selection (set-up)
Drying cycle	Pause
Cycle paused	Pause
Anti-crease cycle	End of cycle
Delay start cycle	Delay start cycle paused
Delay start cycle paused	Delay start cycle paused
End of cycle	End of cycle
Tank full alarm	Tank full alarm

5 Construction

5.1 The principle of the heat pump in the drying circuit

The cycle of the tumble dryer heat pump consists in evaporating, compressing, condensing and expanding the refrigerant R134a (fill quantity 270g).

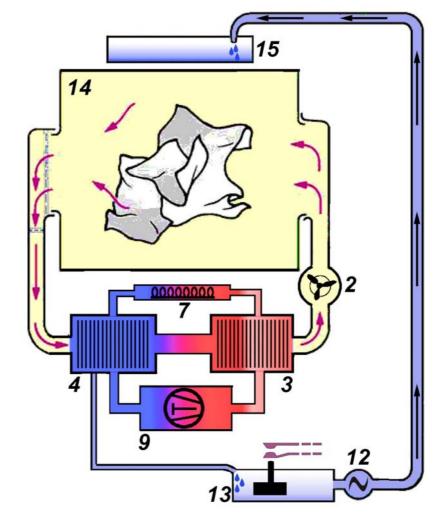
The refrigerant is located in the steamer (4) and is initially in the liquid state, while the temperature of the moist air arriving from the drum (14) is higher than the boiling point of the coolant. In these circumstances, there is a heat transfer from the heat source to the refrigerant, allowing the latter to evaporate. Due to this cooling, the moisture contained in the air condenses and flows into the collection tray (13), and is then pumped into the condensation tank (15).

The compressor (9) continuously suctions the refrigerant steam, which is compressed repeatedly and then heated. The fluid transfers heat to the capacitor (3). The latter thus re-heats the air suctioned through the fan (2), air which is now dry, and which is conveyed along the drum again, absorbing moisture.

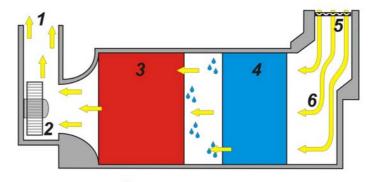
The refrigerant fluid, which is now a liquid again, loses pressure and temperature through the capillary tube (7), enough for the evaporator (13) to absorb heat again from the moist air coming from the drum (14). The equilibrium of the entire system is achieved through the intervention of the NTC situated on the capacitor outlet, which activates the compressor cooling fan (10) through the circuit board. This cycle is repeated incessantly in a closed loop.

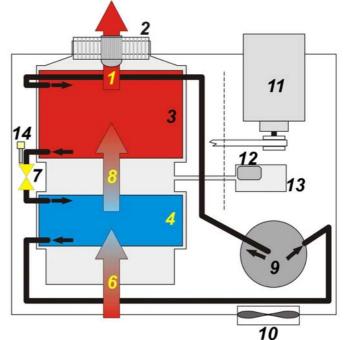
If the collection tray (13) contains water, the micro switch intervenes and activates the condensation pump (12), which conveys the water to the tank (15). If it is full, the water that spills out ends up in the tank and is conveyed back to the collection tray (13) along a flexible hose (not shown in the diagram). This moves the float up and activates the micro switch again. The circuit board recognises according to the time (the pump needs between 15 and 40 seconds to empty the trap) whether the trap has been emptied or whether there is water spilling out of the tank, in which case the electronic control shuts off the power supply to the appliance and lights the LED indicating the tank full alarm.

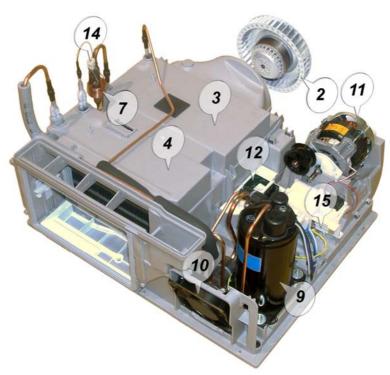
- 2 Power fan
- 3 Capacitor
- 4 Steamer
- 7 Capillary tube
- 9 Compressor
- 12 Condensation pump
- 13 Collection tray
- 14 Drum
- 15 Condensation tank



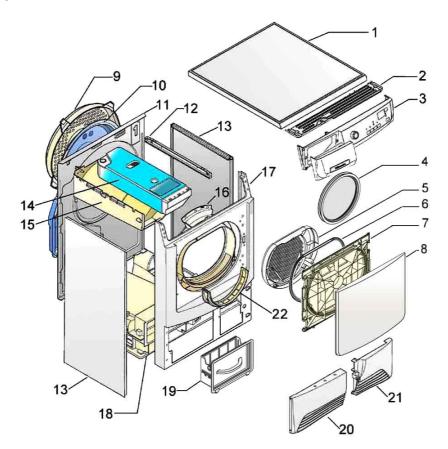
- 1. Drying dry air
- 2. Air recirculation power fan
- 3. Capacitor
- 4. Steamer
- 5. Fluff filter
- 6. Moist air
- 7. Capillary tube
- 8. Cold dry air
- 9. Compressor
- 10. Compressor cooling fan
- 11. Drum rotation motor
- 12. Condensation pump
- 13. Water collection tray
- 14.NTC
- 15. Float micro-switch.







5.2 Components



- Worktop
 Support for controls
 Control panel
 Fluff filter

- 5. Fluff filter support
- 6. Door seal
- 7. Internal door frame
- 8. External door frame
- 9. Back panel cover guard
- 10. Back panel cover
- 11. Back panel

- 12. Crossbar
- 13. Sides
- 14. high tank
- 15. Tank support
- 16. Conduit
- 17. Front
- 18. Base
- 19. Fluff filter
- 20. Hatch
- 21. Kick plate
- 22. Front fluff filter

The front and sides are made of painted sheet metal, whereas the back is in zinc-coated sheet metal. These parts are fastened using self-tapping screws and are connected to the base.

The shaped base, in carboran, supports all the main elements.

5.3 Drum

The drum is made up of two flanges, one front (1), one rear (6), two half-casings, one front (3) and one rear (5) three blades (2) which move the washing around during drum rotation and a pin (7) secured to the rear flange using rivets (6).

There is an insulation strip (4) in the middle, which electrically insulates the two half-casings (3) which (5) are part of the humidity control system.

- 1. Front flange
- 2. Blades
- 3. Front half-casing
- 4. Insulation strip
- 5. Rear half-casing
- 6. Rear flange
- 7. Rear drum pin



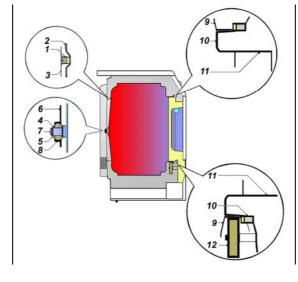
5.4 Air seal and drum pin support

Rear air seal

- 1. Rear gasket (fixed to the back panel)
- 2. Drum
- 3. Back panel

Rear drum support

- 4. Antifriction washer
- 5. Fixing ring (Benzing)
- 6. Back panel
- 7. Drum pin
- 8. Support with bushing (fixed to the back panel)



Front drum support and air seal

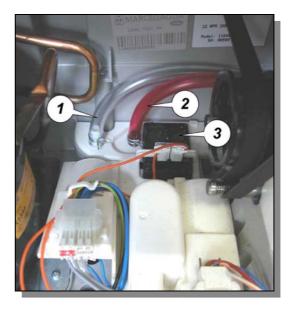
- 9. Drum
- 10. Felt washer with tubular support
- 11. Conduit

Bottom drum support

- 9. Drum
- 10. Felt washer with tubular support
- 11. Conduit
- 12. Support roller for drum movement

5.5 Water circuit

- 1. Water overflow drain tube (transparent)
- 2. Tank water fill tube (red)
- 3. Pump



The condensation water from the trap is conveyed to the tank by the pump (3) immerged in the trap through the tube (2).

When the tank is full, the overflow is collected in the tank and is conveyed back to the trap along the tube (1).

5.6 Drum rotation principle

- 1. Motor
- 2. Belt tensioner spring
- 3. Belt tensioner
- 4. Belt



The drum rotation occurs through a belt (4), which is moved by the motor pulley (1) secured to the base. There is a belt tensioner (3) on the motor casing, which increases the angle at which the belt winds onto the drum and works together with the belt tensioner spring (2).

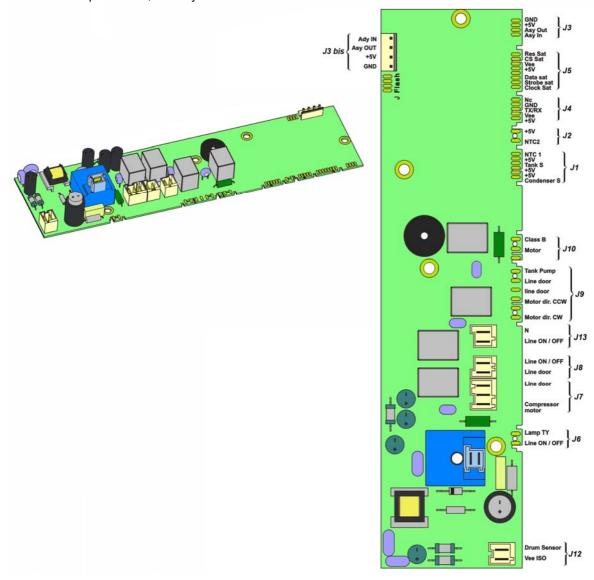
Two-way rotation of the drum is determined by the circuit board, which reverses the direction of power supplied to the motor briefly. The drum rotating in the opposite direction allows the washing to unwind. During these times, the heater unit is cut out.

When the hatch is opened to check the heat exchanger, a micro switch is activated, which cuts off the electricity supply to the tumble dryer.

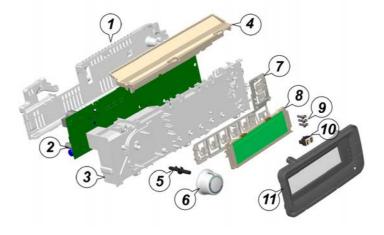
6 Electrical components

6.1 Electronic control

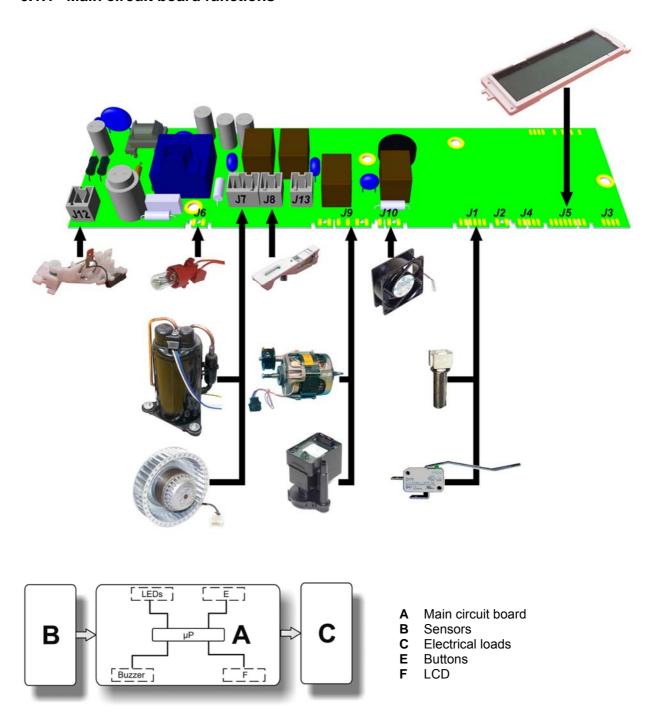
The electronic control is made up of a main circuit board in a plastic box, secured behind the control support on which the LCD is positioned, already assembled and tested.



- 1. Rear board protection.
- 2. Main circuit board.
- 3. Board support.
- 4. Connector protection.
- 5. Programme selector pin.
- 6. Programme selector knob.
- 7. Buttons spring.
- 8. LCD.
- 9. Warning LED diffuser.
- 10. Start/Pause button LED diffuser.
- 11. Buttons viewer assembly.



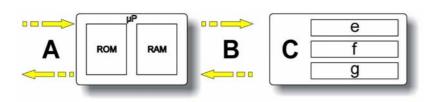
6.1.1 Main circuit board functions



- Acquires the commands for the drying cycle set-up through the buttons and the programme selector.
- Powers up all the main components: drum rotation motor, lamp, compressor motor, pump fan motor and compressor cooling fan motor.
- Controls the state of the door micro switch, the air temperature inside the tumble dryer (by means of an NTC probe), the degree of humidity in the washing (by means of the conductivity sensor) and the level of water in the tank and in the collection tray.
- The buzzer is integrated into the main circuit board.

6.1.2 Electronic control memory: general structure

The main circuit board features an EEPROM memory outside the micro-processor, which allows the recording of the configuration data, the description of the cycle, the status of the appliance in the event of a power failure and the alarms.



- A. Asynchronous external serial port
- B. Synchronous internal serial port
- C. EPROM outside the μP
- e. Power failure and machine status
- f. Board configuration
- g. Cycle description

ROM

This area of the memory contains the "firmware" code comprising appliance functions:

- Management of electrical loads (motor, pump, heating unit);
- Management of sensors (NTC, conductivity sensor, door switch status);
- · Management of the user interface;
- Mmanagement of the serial port;
- · Management of power failures and alarms;
- · Execution of the drying programme.

In normal appliances this area is of the Read Only Memory type, and therefore cannot be modified.

RAM

This memory contains the variables, that is to say all the dynamic information used during running of the programme:

- Machine status
- Cycle selected
- Alarms

The memory is deleted every time the power supply stops (in the event of a power failure or when the appliance is turned off).

The contents of the memory can be read using a computer connected via a DAAS interface.

EEPROM

This memory contains various types of data:

- **Power failure and machine status**, that is to say the information required to start the appliance up again in the event of a power failure;
- **Drying cycle configuration**: this file describes the various steps in the drying cycle for each family of appliances;
- **Machine configuration**: data contained in this section of the memory are those that define the configuration of each individual appliance.

The following are defined in this file:

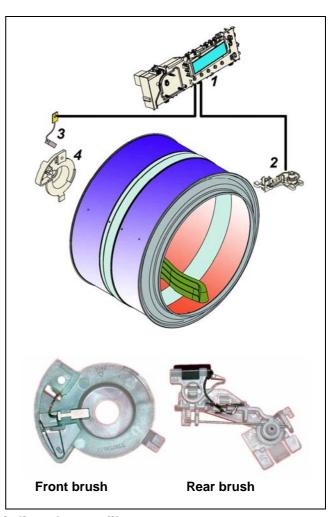
- programmes
- number and functions of buttons
- LED functions
- buzzer operation
- working limits (voltage/frequency)
- machine identification (PNC + ELC + Serial number)
- heating unit power
- preferential direction of rotation of the motor

6.2 Conductivity sensor

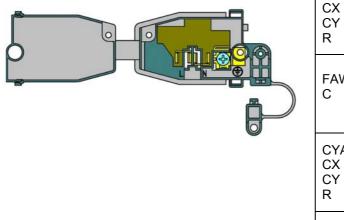
These electronics use a conductivity sensor, comprising an electronic circuit (located inside the main circuit board) and a part outside the board comprising wiring cables, two brushes (2 and 3) and the two half-casings themselves.

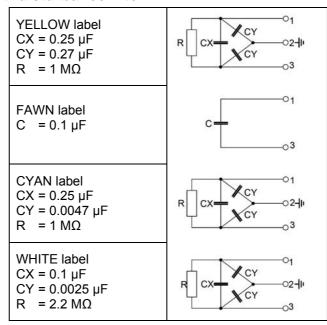
The brush in contact with the front half-casing (2) is fixed in a swinging support to the conduit, and is wired to the circuit board; the other brush is in contact with the drum pin (3) inserted in the drum pin guard (4); connection of this sensor to the circuit board takes place via the unit which acts as the earthing system for the appliance's electronic circuit. As the drum is divided into two parts by an insulation strip, there is an infinite impedance between the front and rear half-casings (to which the sensors are connected) when it is empty; whereas its value is influenced by the load of washing, the type of fabric and the level of humidity in the drum.

The impedance value is approximately $1M\Omega \div 25M\Omega$, This value is transformed into an oscillation of ~ 260Hz \div 0Hz, which when read and processed by the electronic circuit (fuzzy logic) determines the duration and final humidity level for the chosen cycle.



6.3 Terminal board with integrated anti-disturbance filter





The anti-disturbance filter (inserted into the terminal board) has the job of preventing any radio disturbance generated inside the tumble dryer from entering the power supply line.

This device only works correctly if connected to a proper earthing system.

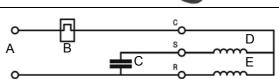
6.4 Compressor

The compressor activates the refrigerant fluid circuit (R134a).

Power absorption 670 Watt. Main coil resistance 6.56 Ω ± 5% Auxiliary coil resistance 5.62 Ω ± 5% Total weight 7.7 kg Oil 180 cm³ NMOC Ze – Gles RB68EP

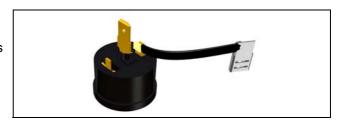


- A Line.
- B Heat protection.
- C Running capacitor.
- D Auxiliary coil.
- E Primary coil.



6.5 Heat protection

The heat protection is formed by a bimetallic which intervenes when the motor - due to excess effort - increases current absorption and consequently rises in temperature.



6.6 Compressor motor capacitor

The capacitor enhances the performance of the compressor motor.

18 µF 400V



6.7 Compressor cooling fan

Axial fan on ball bearings

Power absorption 23 W 2,600 / 3,000 rpm.



6.8 Drum motor

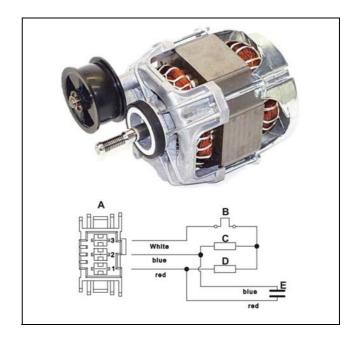
The motor unit is made up of a belt tensioner and the 140W asynchronous, single-phase motor with thermal cut-out.

The motor is powered by the main circuit board through a relay (which determines the rotation direction) and a triac.

It is possible to get an idea of the efficiency of the motor by measuring the resistance of the coils:

Coil A 28.8 $\Omega \pm 7\%$ ~ (contacts 1-3) Coil B 28.8 $\Omega \pm 7\%$ ~ (contacts 2-3)

- A Connector.
- B Heat protection.
- C Primary coil.
- D Auxiliary coil.
- E Running capacitor.



6.9 Drum motor capacitor

The drum rotation motor capacitor is connected to points (1) and (2) of the connector and it has a capacity of 8 μ F.



6.10 Tank loading pump

The pump is activated by a synchronous motor with a power of approximately 17 W.

It is used to pump condensation water from the collection tray to the tank. The pump is powered by a triac.

Resistance measured at the tips of the coil ~ 750 Ω



6.11 Process power fan

The fan which conveys hot dry air inside the drum is activated by a motor fan secured directly to the inside of the rear air channel.

Power absorption 150 W 2,450 rpm





6.12 Power fan capacitor

The power fan capacitor is connected to points (1) and (2) of the terminal board and it has a capacity of $5 \, \mu F$.

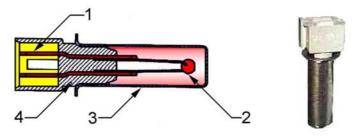


6.13 NTC probe

This probe is secured to the capacitor outlet. It comprises a resistor, inserted in a metal capsule, with a value that decreases as the temperature increases.

The electronic circuit reads the value of the resistor and activates the compressor cooling fan in order to keep the temperature of the refrigerant gas at the capacitor outlet constant.

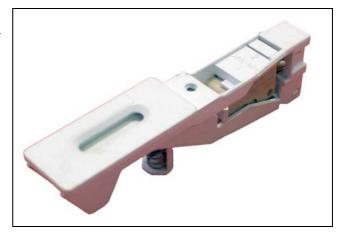
- 1. Terminals.
- 2. NTC resistor.
- 3. Metal capsule.
- 4. Plastic casing.



TEN	(°C)		RESISTOR (Ω)	
I LIV	IFERATURE (C)	Rated value	Maximum value	Minimum value
	20	6050	6335	5765
	60	1250	1278	1222
	80	640	620	660

6.14 Door switch

The door switch powers the electrical components after the door has been closed and after the selector has been turned (ON/OFF closed). The switch is located above the door opening and it is closed, when the door itself is closed, by means of a pin located on the door itself.

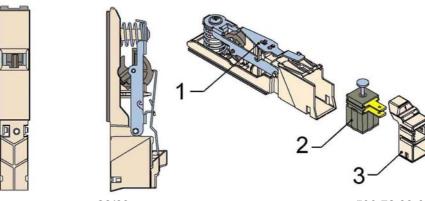


6.15 Door lock

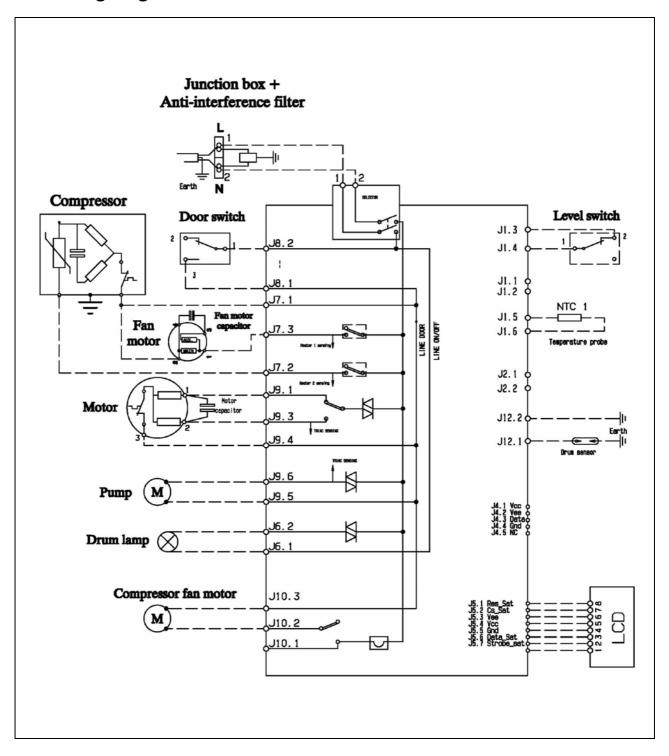
Depending on the version, the door lock may be mechanical with manual door opening or electronic with the door opening when a button is pressed. In the second case the door is opened by an electromagnetic coil which releases the fastening latch by means of a lever.

The door lock is fitted with a child safety device which, in case of need, allows the door to be opened by pushing from the inside.

- 1. Latch lever.
- 2. Coil (present on models with automatic opening).
- 3. Coil guard.



7 Wiring diagram



8 Diagnostics system

This mode allows to check appliance operations and to read alarms.

8.1 Accessing diagnostics

- · The appliance must be turned off.
- Turn the appliance on, turning the programme selector by one position in a clockwise direction.
- Wait until the LEDs light up and the buzzer sounds, then press the START/PAUSE button and the first button to the left of it simultaneously.
- Keep pressing the buttons until the LEDs start to flash and the buzzer sounds.





Selector in the first position clockwise



Warning: this operation must be carried out within 5 seconds!

8.2 Quitting the diagnostics system

To quit the diagnostics system, turn the programme selector to position zero, turn the appliance on so as to reset all the functions, then turn the appliance off again.



- The alarms are active during diagnostic testing of components.
 - If an alarm appears, move the selector to the first position to exit the alarm status and, if necessary, continue the test (if the alarm is not triggered again).
- To check the correct functioning of the float switch and pump, the trap should be filled with approximately 0.7 litres of water.
- In order to test the conductivity sensor properly in case of a short-circuit, create a short-circuit between the blade and the drum.

The time available to create the short-circuit, when in this phase, is just one second; consequently, arrange the short-circuit before moving the selector.

If the short-circuit is not created properly, the circuit board will display alarm E32 (sensor frequency too low). To exit this alarm, move the selector to the first position.

Selector positions for diagnostics on appliances with conductivity sensor



When entering the various functions in diagnostics mode, in those models featuring an LCD, wording is displayed at the bottom right of the screen (such as C7 - C5 etc.). These are merely the coding of the selector and are unimportant for the test in progress.

Position 1

User interface test	Purpose of the test:	To test the correct functioning of all the LEDs and switches.
	Components activated:	All the LEDS and the LCD display.
Refresh & Textra	Behaviour	All the LEDS light up in sequence.
ta 💇 . DA		When a button is pressed, the corresponding icon lights up.
x led		The code is shown on the LCD display and a buzzer sounds.
rempo (P)		All the icons in the LCD display flash.
Stiro 2 MArmadio As	Operating conditions:	There is a control for the test performance (always active).

Position 2

Float micro-switch. Condensation collection tray pump.	Purpose of the test:	To test the pump that conveys condensation water to the tank and the micro-switch of the condensation water collection tray.
Refresh & BExtra	Components activated:	If the condensation water collection tray is full, the float micro-switch recognises this condition and activates the loading pump.
M · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Behaviour:	000 flashes on the LCD until the condensation water collection tray micro-switch trips to the "tray full" position.
Tempo (1) A Extra		When the micro-switch trips to the "tray full" position, the LCD displays III.
Wannes Va	Operating conditions:	Dor closed (timeout 10 sec.)

Anti-clockwise drum rotation.	Purpose of the test:	To test the drum rotation motor in an anti-clockwise direction.
Refresh V Extra	Components activated:	Mtor TRIAC and direction relay. In this position, the pump which conveys condensation water to the tank is also activated (request made by the assembly line).
	Behaviour:	Te LEDS are on and the drum rotates in an anti- clockwise direction.
rempo ②	Operating conditions:	Dor closed (timeout 10 mins.)

Position 4

Reduced clockwise drum rotation.	Purpose of the test:	To test the drum motor in a clockwise direction.
Refresh V BExtra	Components activated:	Drum rotation motor TRIAC. The motor runs at low speed.
M · HA	Behaviour:	The phase LEDs are on, the drum rotates in steps clockwise.
Tempo O Extra	Operating conditions:	Door closed (timeout 10 mins.)

Position 5

Clockwise drum rotation. Power fan	Purpose of the test:	To test the motor in a clockwise direction. The power fan TRIAC. The power fan operation.
Refresh V BExtra	Components activated:	Clockwise drum rotation motor. Power fan.
· [] ·	Behaviour:	The drying time NTC1 is displayed on the LCD.
Tempo O Armadio S	Operating conditions:	Door closed (timeout 10 secs.)

Clockwise drum rotation. Power fan. Compressor.	Purpose of the test:	To test the motor in a clockwise direction. The power fan TRIAC. The power fan operation. The compressor operation. Compressor cooling fan.
Refresh Y O Extra tta	Components activated:	Clockwise drum rotation motor. Power fan. Compressor motor. Compressor cooling fan.
	Behaviour:	The drying temperature NTC1 is displayed on the LCD.
	Operating conditions:	Door closed (timeout 10 secs.)
	\triangle	On completion of the test, the compressor will only Start up again after a 5-minute pause.

Position 7

Conductivity sensor, short-circuited drum.	Purpose of the test:	To check the conductivity sensor in short-circuit conditions.
Refresh & Extra A Fort A Jun A Stir Stiro A Tanadio S	Components activated:	Cnductivity sensor unit (brushes - wiring - board).
	Behaviour:	Te control lasts 4 seconds, during which 000 flashes on the LCD.
		If the result is correct at the end, III flashes on the LCD.
		If it is not correct, 000 continues to flash on the LCD and the alarm E32 is shown.
	Operating conditions:	Door closed.
		Prepare the short-circuit before performing the test.

Position 8

Conductivity sensor, open-circuited drum.	Purpose of the test:	To check the conductivity sensor in open-circuit conditions.
Refresh & BExtra	Components activated:	Conductivity sensor unit (brushes - wiring - board).
eta 💇 🔛 A	Behaviour:	The control lasts 4 seconds, during which 000 flashes on the LCD.
E. J. Dun		If the result is correct at the end, III flashes on the LCD.
x eq a stir		If it is not correct, 000 continues to flash on the LCD
Tempo (2) A Extra	Operating conditions:	Door closed.

Condensation collection tray float micro-switch.	Purpose of the test:	To test the operation of the micro-switch situated above the condensation water collection tray.
Refresh Y Extra 2 Fort 1 A Un 2 Stin Cempo 9 Armadio S	Components activated:	Float micro-switch.
		Water loading pump.
	Behaviour:	If the water collection tray is full of water, the tank switch recognises this condition and the pump starts, the phase LEDs flash until the condensation tank switch trips to the "full" position.
		When the switch trips to the "empty" position, the LEDs and the pump are turned off.
100	Operating conditions:	Door closed.

Display last alarm and reset, if necessary.	Purpose of the test:	To display any alarms and delete them.
Refresh P	Behaviour:	Te LCD displays the alarm while the LED corresponding to the alarm flashes.
	Operating conditions:	Pess the START/PAUSE button to check for any other alarms.
		Press the START/PAUSE buttons and the first button to its left simultaneously until the display shows E00.

9 Alarms

9.1 Displaying the alarms to the user

Alarm management can be configured so that they can be partially or totally visible to the user, depending on the model.

Normally, all alarms except E61, E97 and EB2 are visible to users.

When an alarm occurs, the drying cycle may be stopped or paused; in certain cases a forced cooling cycle is started, for safety, and the drum cooling fan motor is powered. The cycle remains in operation until the user turns the appliance off.

9.2 Viewing alarms during normal operation

In models with LCD the family of the current alarm is displayed for the user.

Let us take alarm E53 (problem with the motor TRIAC) as an example; the following will be displayed:

- first digit: letter "E" (error);
- second and third digit: the number "5 0", i.e. the family of the alarm E53.



In all models, the same number is displayed by a repeated sequence of flashes of the START LED with a cycle (0.4 seconds on, 0.4 seconds off with a 2.5 second pause in between sequences); in the case of E53, the series of five flashes indicates the first of the two digits of the alarm E**5**3 (alarms related to the same function are grouped into families).

9.3 Reading the alarms

To read the last alarm stored in the circuit board EEPROM:

- Start diagnosis mode (see paragraph),
- Turn the programme selector in a clockwise direction to position ten, taking care not to stop at the other positions, as this might trigger error 32.

9.3.1 Displaying the alarm

- First digit: letter "E"
- Second digit: the family of the alarm
- Third digit: the number of the alarm

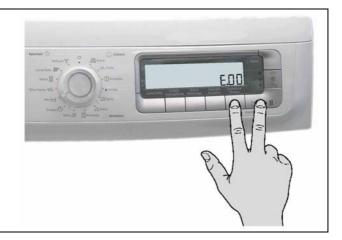
9.3.2 Viewing any other alarms

Press the START button to view all alarms present in the machine in succession.

9.3.3 Deleting the last alarm

It is good practice to delete all the alarms stored:

- after you have read it, to check whether or not it occurs again during diagnostic tests;
- after repairing the appliance, to check whether it re-occurs during testing.
- 1. Start diagnosis mode (see paragraph).
- 2. Turn the programme selector in a clockwise direction to position ten.
- 3. Press the (start/pause) button and the first button to its left simultaneously.
- 4. Keep them pressed for approximately 5 seconds.
- 5. After deleting, *E00* will be displayed.



9.3.4 Notes on the behaviour of certain alarms

- Configuration alarm E93: when these alarms are detected (on start-up) the machine will stop and all the LEDs will light up: it will not be possible to access diagnostics mode and the only available option is to turn the appliance off (selector set to position "0").
- Alarms EH1-EH2-EH3: in the event of problems with the supply voltage, the machine will remain in a state of alarm until the mains frequency or voltage returns to normal values or until the appliance is turned off (programme selector set to "0"). The alarm family "H" is displayed and the diagnostics mode cannot be accessed and the "quick alarm viewing" mode cannot be used: the alarm can only be read in full when the situation has normalised.

9.4 Alarm Summary Table

FAMILY		ALARM CODE	Short name	Full name	Action	Notes and possible causes
Ex20	CONDENSATION WATER LOADING PUMP	Ex21	PUMP_TRIAC_AL	Condensation water loading pump alarm.	 The cycle is suspended. If it is detected before the cycle starts, the cycle start will not be permitted. 	 Water loading pump disconnected (wiring or connector error). Loading pump faulty. Water loading pump control TRIAC error (short-circuit, diode mode, open circuit) (power board error).
	CON	Ex22	PUMP_TRIAC_S_AL	Condensation water loading pump detection alarm.	 The cycle is suspended. If it is detected before the cycle starts, the cycle start will not be permitted. 	 Pump TRIAC detection circuit error (main board error).
	CTIVITY ISOR	Ex31	SENS_F_TOO_HIGH_ AL	Frequency of the conductivity sensor too HIGH.	No action	Only active during diagnostics of the HUMIDITY SENSOR SHORT-CIRCUIT. The oscillation frequency is out of range (main board error).
Ex30	CONDUCT	Ex32	SENS_F_TOO_LOW_ AL	Frequency of the conductivity sensor too LOW.	No action	Only active during diagnostics of the HUMIDITY SENSOR SHORT-CIRCUIT. The drum is not short-circuited. Wiring error. The oscillation frequency is out of range (main board error).
Ex40	DOOR	Ex45	DOOR_CLOSED_S_A L	Door closed detection alarm.	 The cycle is suspended. If it is detected before the cycle starts, the cycle start will not be permitted. 	 Error in the door closed detection circuit. Door micro-switch faulty or disconnected. Main board error.

FAMILY		ALARM CODE	Short name	Full name	Action Notes and possible causes
		Ex51	MOTOR_TRIAC_AL	Drum rotation motor alarm	 The cycle is suspended. If it is detected before the cycle starts, the cycle start will not be permitted. Drum motor disconnected (wiring or connector faulty).
	MOTOR	Ex52	MOTOR_TERM_AL	Drum motor heat protection cut-off alarm.	 It deactivates the motor for a given period of time, while waiting for the temperature to stabilise, if necessary. If normal operating conditions are not restored within approximately 30 minutes, alarm 0x51 is triggered. Drum motor capacitor (disconnected or faulty). Drum rotation motor TRIAC error (short-circuit, diode mode, open circuit) (main board error).
E0x50	TATION	Ex53	MOTOR_TRIAC_S_AL	Drum rotation motor detection alarm	 The cycle is suspended. If it is detected before the cycle starts, the cycle start will not be permitted. Drum rotation motor TRIAC detection circuit error (main board error).
Ш	DRUM ROT	Ex54	MOTOR_JAMMED	Alarm signalling the motor has jammed.	 When the motor is unable to start the rotation within 5 seconds of the activation command, a procedure is triggered to repeat this attempt. The motor is suspended for 10 seconds, and then it is activated again. If rotation still does not start, the procedure continues (180 times), then an alarm is displayed and the cycle is paused. To delete the alarm and the cycle, simply press START.

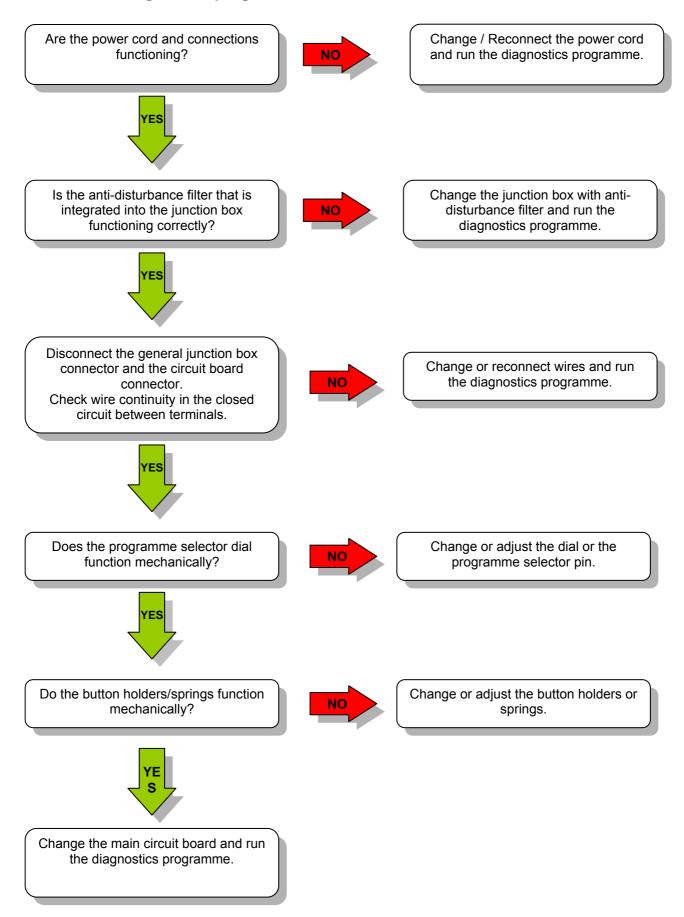
FAMILY		ALARM CODE	Short name	Full name		Action		Notes and possible causes
	COMPRESSOR	Ex62	COMP_RELAY_FAIL	Heat pump compressor alarm.	-	The cycle is suspended. If it is detected before the cycle starts, the cycle start will not be permitted.		Compressor disconnected
		Ex63	COMP_AUT_THERM,	Compressor thermal alarm		It deactivates the compressor for a given period of time, while waiting for the temperature to stabilise, if necessary. If normal operating conditions are not restored within approximately 30 minutes, alarm 0x62 is triggered.		(wiring or connector faulty). Compressor faulty. Motor protector faulty or tripped. Piloting relay error (mother board error).
Ex60		Ex64	COMPRESSOR_S_AL	Compressor detection alarm.	•	The cycle is suspended. If it is detected before the cycle starts, the cycle start will not be permitted.	•	Compressor detection circuit error (mother board error).
Ex		Ex65	MAIN_FAN_TRIAC_AL	Main fan alarm	-	The cycle is suspended. If it is detected before the cycle starts, the cycle start will not be permitted.	•	Main fan motor disconnected (wiring or
		Ex66	MAIN_FAN_AUT_THE RM	Main fan thermal cut- off alarm		It deactivates the main fan and the compressor for a given period of time, while waiting for the temperature to stabilise, if necessary. If normal operating conditions are not restored within approximately 30 minutes, alarm 0x66 is triggered.	•	connector error). Main fan motor error. Main fan motor TRIAC error (short-circuit, diode mode, open circuit) (satellite board error).
		Ex67	MAIN_FAN_TRIAC_S_ AL	Main fan detection alarm	•	The cycle is suspended. If it is detected before the cycle starts, the cycle start will not be permitted.	•	Main fan TRIAC detection circuit error (mother board error).

FAMILY		ALARM CODE	Short name	Full name		Action	Notes and possible causes
0/x0	NTC	Ex71	DRYING_NTC1_AL	Drying NTC alarm	•	The cycle is suspended. If it is detected before the cycle starts, the cycle start will not be permitted.	 NTC1 reading out of range. Wiring faulty. NTC faulty. NTC reading circuit error (main board error).
0x80	⊇	Ex82	WRONG_RESET_PO S_AL	Wrong reset position on selector	•	The cycle is suspended. If it is detected before the cycle starts, the cycle start will not be permitted.	The mother board is also powered in the RESET position (OFF position). Selector pin not in seat or broken. Faulty wiring. Selector faulty (mother board error).
Ô		Ex83	WRONG_SEL_READ_ AL	Wrong selector code		No action.	The code for the selector position is not recognised. Wrong selector configuration. Selector error (mother board error).
Ex90		Ex93	CFG_AL	MCF checksum alarm	•	The appliance does not function correctly unless it is programmed appropriately.	- Incorrect appliance configuration file
	CFG	Ex94	CFG_CYC_AL	CCF checksum alarm	•	The appliance does not function correctly unless it is programmed appropriately.	 Incorrect appliance configuration file.
		Ex97	SCFCTF_MISMATCH_ AL	Missing programme on CTF alarm	•	Only detected when configuration is performed. Does not allow the cycle to start.	Wrong selector configuration (MCF).Cycle missing from the cycle table (CCF).

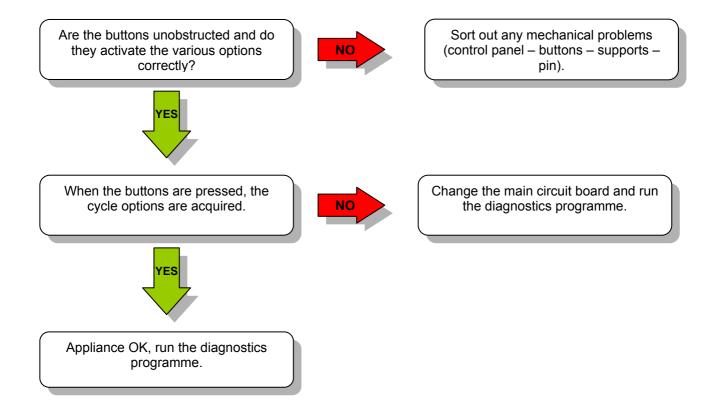
FAMILY		ALARM	Short name	Full name		Action		Notes and possible causes
	LY	ExB1 Exh1	BAD_FREQ_AL	Power supply frequency out of range	•	 If detected during configuration, the cycle start will not be permitted. 	•	Power supply problems. Incorrect MCF. Main board error.
ExB0 (ExH0)	ER SUPPLY	ExB2 Exh2		Power supply voltage out of range (too HIGH)	 If it occurs while the cycle is running, operation is suspended. It is automatically deleted when the normal power supply limits are restored, thus allowing the automatic start-up of the cycle which had been temporarily suspended because of this error. 	•	Power supply problems - VOLTAGE TOO HIGH. Incorrect MCF. Main board error.	
	POWER	ExB3 Exh3		Power supply voltage out of range (too LOW)		automatic start-up of the cycle which had been		Power supply problems - VOLTAGE TOO LOW. Incorrect MCF. Main board error.

10 Troubleshooting

10.1 The diagnostics programme cannot be accessed



10.2 The LEDs do not light up after the buttons are pressed



Important!

You cannot access the diagnostics system if the main circuit board has not been configured correctly: configuration errors E93 E94 are displayed by the flashing of all LEDs.

10.3 The drying cycle is long and the washing is still humid.

Has the washing been through a Spin the washing before placing it sufficient spin cycle, or is the load NO inside the tumble dryer and check the quantity appropriate? load quantity. Are the fluff filters clean and is the Clean all the filters and empty out the condensation water tank empty? NO condensation water tank. **ES** Does the compressor start a few Check for any alarms and remedy minutes after the programme has them according to the alarms table. started without any alarm being Check the compressor performance by comparing the temperature data Replace the complete base or specified in the chapter (Checking the recharge the closed gas circuit. heat pump performance). R134a 270g Are the compressor performance data the same as those specified? ES Appliance OK, run the diagnostics programme.

11 Accessing components

11.1 door

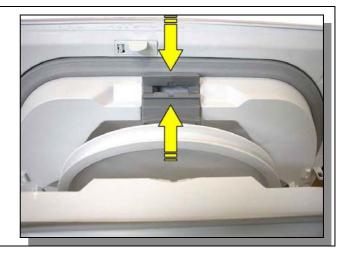
• To remove the door, loosen the screws securing it to the appliance front.



11.2 Fluff filter

11.2.1 Door fluff filter

- Open the filter support by pressing the purposeprovided button.
- Remove the filter upwards and clean it at the end of every cycle.



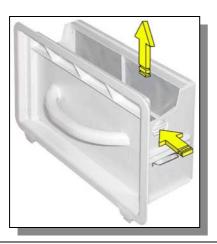
11.2.2 Lower fluff filter

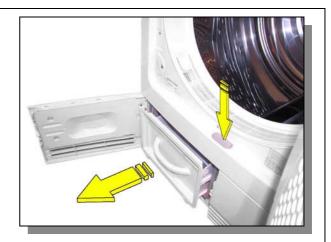
 Remove the filter from its seat upwards and clean it at the end of every cycle.



11.2.3 Evaporator fluff filter

- Open the door by pressing the purpose-provided button.
- Pull out the evaporator fluff filter support.
- Press on the two locking clips on either side of the filter support and remove it by pulling it upwards.

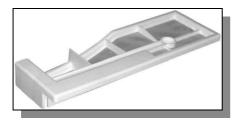




11.2.4 Evaporator water fluff filter

Another filter situated beneath the fluff filter support is used to prevent condensation water soiled with micro fluff reaching the pump and clogging it.

 To remove it, loosen the two fixing screws on either side and pull it out.



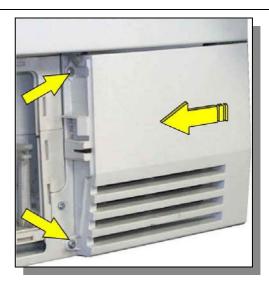


11.3 Compressor fan motor

The compressor cooling fan is situated at the front beneath the right side of the kick plate.

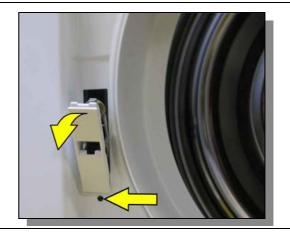
- Loosen the two fixing screws, move the cover slightly towards the left and remove the kick board.
- Move the two clips securing the motor in place upwards, and turn it slightly forward, then remove it.





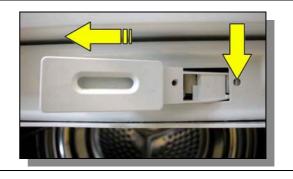
11.4 Door lock

- Unfasten the screw that secures it in place.
- Lower it slightly and pull it out, turning it forwards.



11.5 Door micro-switch

- Loosen the fixing screw, pull it out slightly and move it towards the left to get to the connector.
- Disconnect the connector and fasten it to the front with a piece of cellotape to prevent it from going back into the machine.



11.6 Door fastening latch and door micro-switch latch

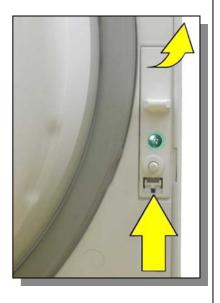
For the door fastening latch:

- unfasten the screw that secures it in place,
- with a screwdriver, press on the retainer hook and turn it in the direction indicated by the arrow

for the door micro-switch latch:

 with a screwdriver, press on the retainer hook and turn it in the direction indicated by the arrow.





11.7 Drum lamp

The drum lamp can be replaced from inside the drum.

- Unscrew the lamp cover and replace the lamp with one of the same type.
- When replacing the lamp cover, make sure that the gasket is properly positioned in the housing.



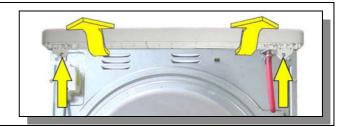
11.8 Tank

• Pull the tank out completely, taking care not to spill any water inside it onto electrical parts.



11.9 Worktop

 Loosen the two screws that secure it to the rear of the tumble dryer and pull it out by pushing it towards the back.



11.10 Control support and control panel assembly

 Remove the tank and loosen the screws that secure the control panel to the tank.



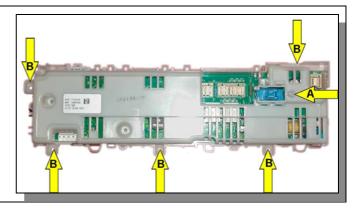
 Loosen the screws that secure the controls crossbar and turn the entire crossbar forwards together with the control panel.



11.11 Main circuit board

11.11.1 Removing the board

- Once you have removed the entire control panel, loosen the screw (A) that secures the selector connector guard and disconnect all the wiring, taking care to make a note of their position for subsequent reassembly.
- Remove the main circuit board by loosening the 5 screws (B) securing it to the control panel.
- Use a screwdriver to lever off the fixing clips without straining them too much, and remove the board.

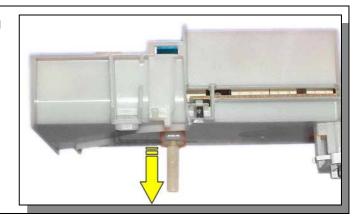


11.11.2 Removing the selector pin

- The selector pin can be removed after removing the main circuit board.
- Set the selector pin to position OFF and pull it out.

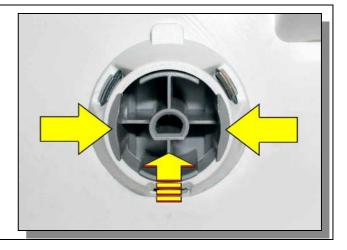


If the pin does not come out, check carefully to ensure that it is in the correct position.



11.11.3 Removing the selector dial

- The selector pin can be removed after removing the main circuit board.
- Press the two long sides towards the centre and at the same time push the knob outwards.



11.11.4 Buttons spring

The buttons spring remains attached to the main board support by lateral clips.

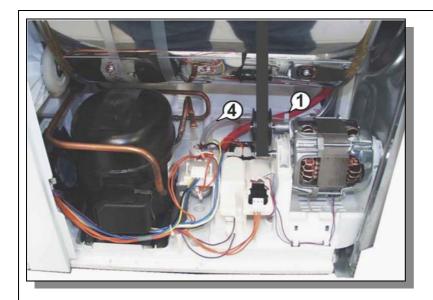
11.12 Sides

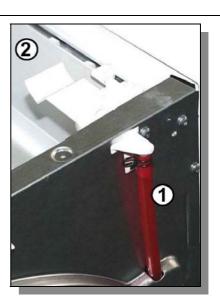
- Loosen the screws that secure the sides to the back panel.
- Loosen the screws that secure the sides to the upper uprights.
- Raise the sides slightly and remove them.





11.13 Water conduits



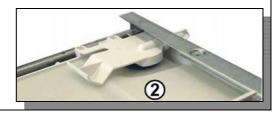


The water conduits can be accessed from the right.

The condensation water is conveyed to the collection tank (2) through the tube (1).

When the tank (2) is full, the water that spills into the tank support (3) returns to the trap through the tube (4).

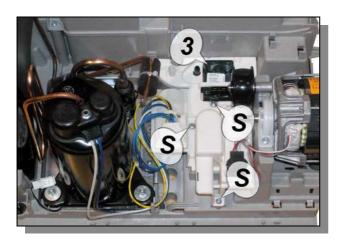


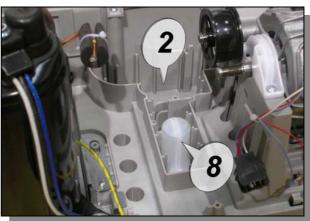


11.14 Condensation pump / float switch

The water that has condensed during the drying cycle is collected in a tray (2) which is communicating with the float chamber (8).

The cover assembly (1) is where the pump (3) is fitted, and it is secured to the base using 3 screws (S).





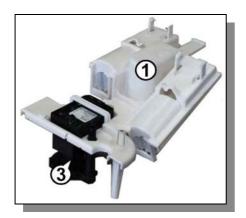
In the cover assembly (1), in addition to the pump (3), the running capacitor (C) of the compressor motor and of the drum rotation motor are secured there. The float micro-switch (5) is also housed there.

11.14.1 Pump

To remove the pump (3), remove the assembly (1), disconnect the pump wiring, and with the aid of a screwdriver, remove the pump which is clicked into place.

11.14.2 Float micro-switch

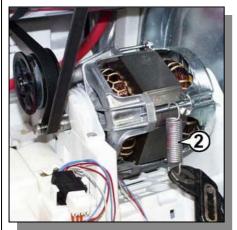
The float micro-switch (5) is secured beneath the cover assembly using screws.

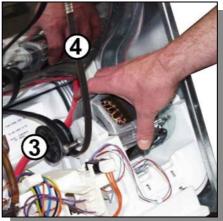


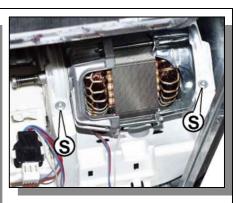


When repositioning the cover assembly, pay special attention to ensuring the float can move correctly.

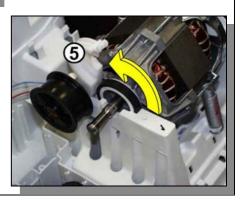
11.15 Drum rotation motor







- Release the belt tensioner spring (2). This loosens the belt tensioning roller (3), which is secured to the motor.
- Turn the motor towards the inside of the dryer. This loosens the belt (4), which can then be removed.
- Loosen the screws (**S**) used to secure the front and rear motor brackets (**5**), rotate them by approximately 90° and remove them.



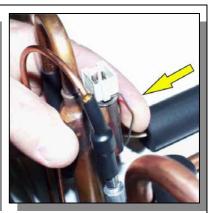


In some models, there may be a plastic spacer between the rear bush and the motor. During assembly, take care you reposition it correctly.

11.16 Heat pump circuit NTC



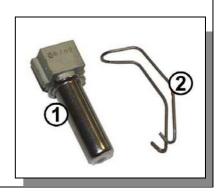




The NTC (1) is housed in a purpose-provided pocket situated beside the dehydrating filter (3) in the heat pump circuit between the capacitor and the evaporator. A purpose-provided spring (2) ensures the NTC is secured in place.

 To remove it, press the spring so that it is released from the bottom, and remove the NTC.

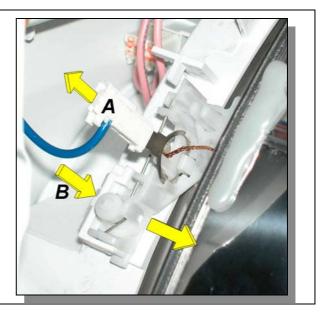




11.17 Drum brush

The carbon drum brush is positioned between the main board and the drum.

- Disconnect the electrical connection (A).
- Lower the clip (B) and pull the entire brush support assembly towards the drum.

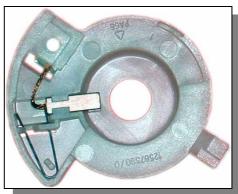


11.18 Rear brush

- Unfasten the screw fixing the drum pin guard.
- Turn the guard until the lower fixing clip is free.

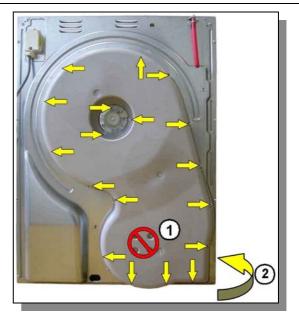


• The brush is housed inside the drum pin guard.



11.19 Rear air channel

- Remove the left hand side panel (see paragraph).
- Disconnect the power fan connector (2) situated inside the tumble dryer.
- Loosen the 18 screws that secure the air channel to the back panel, taking care to to loosen the 4 screws (1) which secure the power fan in place.
- Release it from the back panel, raising it slightly.
- Once the back panel has been removed, loosen the 4 screws (1) to remove the power fan as well (6) and divide the 3 parts which make up the rear air channel.
- (3) External cover.
- (4) Isolating pad.
- (5) Internal air channel.





11.20 Motor protector

 To reach the thermal motor protection, loosen the screw indicated by the arrow which secures the protective cap.

The thermal motor protection is located inside it (indicated by the arrow), kept in contact with the motor by a spring and the motor contacts.



Before disconnecting the electrical wires, make a note of their position.





11.21 Removing the chassis for servicing



- Remove the sides (see paragraph).
- Disconnect all the wiring affected.
- Remove the belt tensioner spring and loosen the belt.
- Remove the 3 fixing screws (**S**) which secure the back panel to the base.
- Loosen the 2 screws (S) which secure the back panel to the 2 upper supports.
- Remove the red condensation tube.

After the back panel and drum have been removed, all the electrical parts fitted to the base can be accessed easily.

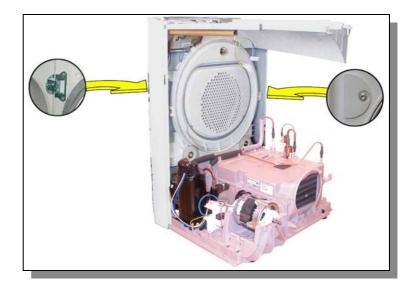






11.22 Air conduit

- Take out the drum (see paragraph).
- Loosen the screws that secure the hinges and covers to the conduit.
- Unhook any wiring.
- · Remove the conduit.



11.23 Front air seal

Once the drum has been removed, the front air seal can be removed.

· Pull out the air seal from its seat.

When repositioning it, make sure the joint marked in red is positioned at the bottom.

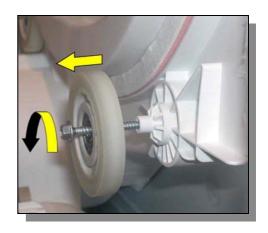
11.24 Conduit rollers

Once the drum has been removed, the conduit rollers can be removed.

• Loosen the screw that secures them and remove them.



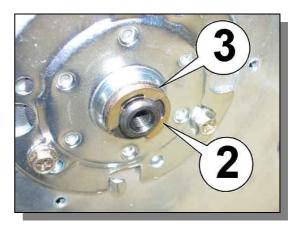
Never take out the rollers without removing the drum first! This could cause irreparable damage to the air conduit.



11.25 Rear air seal



- Remove the worktop (see paragraph).
- Remove the sides (see paragraph).
- · Release the belt tensioner spring.
- Disconnect the connectors from the main terminal board.
- Remove the rear brush (see paragraph).
- Remove the screw (1) that secures the bush.
- Pull out the snap ring (2) from the spacing washer (3).
- Loosen the screws that secure the back panel to the crossbars and to the base and remove the back panel.
- Pull out the seal from its seat.
- When fitting the new seal, take care to ensure that the seam is located in the lower part of the ring.

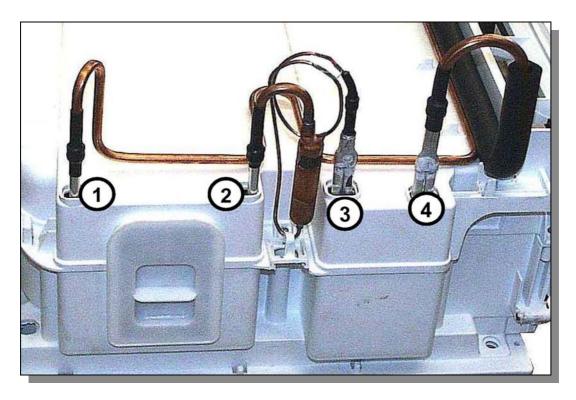




12 Checking the heat pump performance

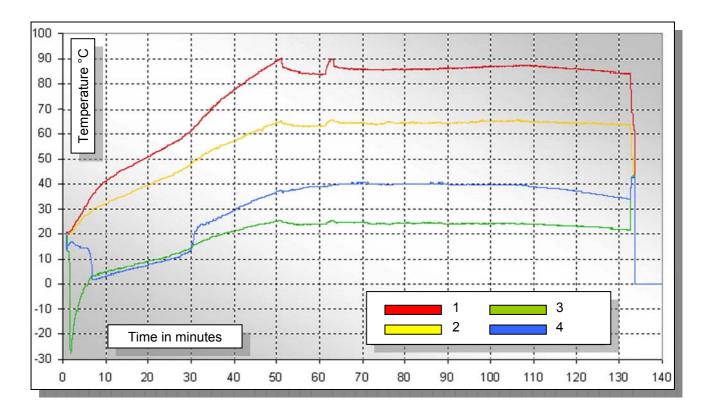
To check the correct functioning of the heat pump, position the sensors in the points indicated and compare the graphs with those provided below.

In the event of significant variations, the presence of a fault is likely.



- 1 Capacitor inlet
- 2 Capacitor outlet

- 3 Evaporator inlet
- 4 Evaporator outlet



12.1 Servicing the heat pump circuit

12.1.1 Gas evacuation and compressor replacement



The circuit is evacuated with the compressor switched off.

- Disconnect the appliance from the power supply.
- Evacuate the gas by inserting the purpose-provided pin valve (1).
- Dispose of the R134a refrigerant fluid in compliance with local provisions.
- Loosen the compressor from its seat to facilitate access.
- Cut the suction and supply conduit using a cutter.
- The compressor can now be replaced.
- Then connect the supply and suction conduit to the circuit using LOCKRING fittings.

A Schrader valve (4) can be fitted to the suction conduit to empty and fill the heat pump circuit.

Alternatively, a separate filling pipe union with valve (6) can be connected to the compressor's existing filling tube.

- Evacuation should take 15 minutes and should only be performed on the suction side.
- During the evacuation cycle, the compressor will need to be shaken at least once to release as much gas as possible still combined with the oil.

By doing so, as much gas and humidity as possible will be removed from the cooling circuit.



12.1.2 Filling

The refrigerant fluid can be topped up directly from the bottle using purpose-provided scales (7).

R134a refrigerant fluid is supplied in disposable bottles.

During filling, the compressors must be switched off and the serviceman must wear appropriate protection devices.

R134a 300g

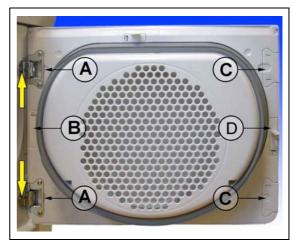


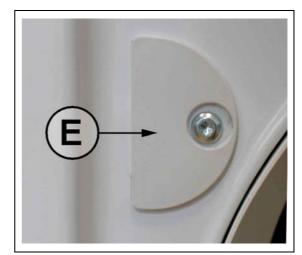
12.2 Door reversibility

- Open the door.
- Remove the door by loosening the two screws situated on the front which secure the hinges (A) to the appliance.
- Remove the covers (B) and (C) prying them off with a thin screwdriver.
- Remove the door fastening latch (D) using a screwdriver to push it and use it on the opposite side, after turning it by 180° (upside down).
- Unscrew the hinges (A) and use it on the opposite side, after turning it by 180°.

Reposition the covers (B) and (C) on the opposite side, after turning them by 180° so as to cover the remaining slots.

 Loosen the 2 covers (E) on the front, turn them by 180° and reposition them on the opposite side.





- Unscrew the door latch (F), push it down slightly and remove it, turning it slightly downwards.
- Press the retainer hook of the cover (G) and at the same time push it down.
- Transfer the door lock (F) to the opposite side and secure it using the screws you previously removed.
- Transfer the cover (F) to the opposite side, making sure the hook is correctly inserted into the slot.
- Reposition the door with the hinges on the opposite side.
 Lock the fixing screws tightly and check that it operates correctly.

